Council-Manager Government: A Perspective

David M. Limardi, Midwest Regional Director, ICMA March 2014





"May you live in interesting times"

Ancient Chinese Curse







Decades of Denial

Financial Stability



Moments of Disruptive Change

- 1. Vast Political, Cultural and Demographic Change
- 2. No Strategy, Just Tactics



Rendezvous with Reality

The New Order of Things

the future

local governments and regions will be on their own

cross-section strategies

will be the norm

performance

will increasingly matter

the future (continued)

citizen trust will be the working capital of innovation

maintain identity but match issues to geography

find and build communities of interest



trust



Council-Manager Government Statistics

- More than 150 million Americans—nearly half the U.S. population—live in communities operating under council-manager government
- 3,677 (49%) of 7,555 U.S. municipalities with populations > 2,500 and known form of government operate under council-manager government





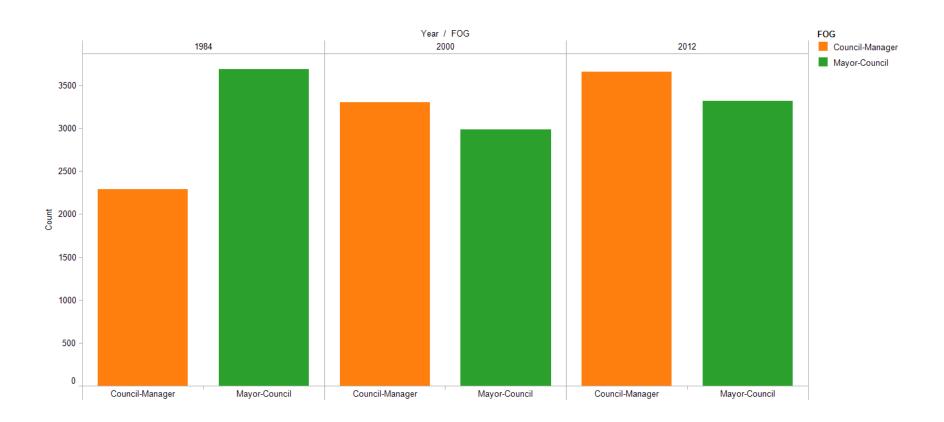
Council-Manager Government Statistics

- 58% of U.S. municipalities with populations > 100,000 operate under council-manager government.
- 61% (144 out of 236) municipalities with populations similar to that of Flint, MI (between 100,000 and 249,999 pop.) operate under council-manager government.





The profession is growing.....







Council-Manager Government Statistics

- February 2011 study by IBM Global
 Business Services found that cities that
 operate under C-M form are nearly 10%
 more efficient than those that operate under
 the mayor-council form.
- Proves that "investing executive authority in professional management shielded from direct political interference should yield more efficiently managed cities."





Council-Manager Government Statistics

- NCL continues to recommend C-M form today through its Model City Charter.
- Form is flexible enough to meet needs of some of the largest U.S. cities, including: Phoenix (1.5 million); San Antonio (1.4 million); Dallas (1.2 million); San José, CA (982,765); Austin (842,592); Fort Worth (777,992); Charlotte(775,202); and Kansas City, MO (464,310).





History of Council-Manager Government

- Born out of progressive reform movement to address corruption rampant among cities in late-19th and early-20th century U.S.
- National Municipal League [now National Civic League (NCL)] led charge for reforms.
- Reforms engaged business sector for change and spawned many structural experiments, including the council-manager (C-M) system, which paved way for professionalization of local government management.



No, none of the traditional players appears appropriate to run the country after these three demented weeks. There is no guarantee any of them would have behaved any better than Gore or Bush, given the chance.

So . . . what to do?

The answer is to do what many American cities have done — cities that have become sick of petty political infighting:

Get rid of the mayor — or at least strip the

mayor of any genuine power.

Instead, hire a city manager.

City managers — when the system works as it should — are non-political. They have no politics-driven agendas: They are hired to get a job done:

Make the city work — and make it work

efficiently.

So, for the next four years, perhaps that is

what we as a democracy should do.

While Gore and Bush are quietly sitting in a corner observing their timeout — thinking about what they have put us all through — a city manager, on the national level, can run the country.

The Congress can still make laws and set policy. The courts can keep everything legal.

The city manager — all right, the national manager — can, without a whiff of politics, run the United States.

Chicago Tribune

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 2000 - SECTION 5

Bob Greene



Send Bush and Gore to their rooms bring in the pros

Four years from now, if we want to, we can go back to the old way of presidential campaigns and presidential inaugurations.

But we may not want to. The national manager system may turn out to be the way we decide to live happily ever after.



Benefits of Council-Manager Government

- Flexible enough to adapt to local needs and demands.
- Draws clear distinction between administrative role of the professional local government manager and policy role of the elected body.
- Policy making concentrated in entire governing body, which focuses on strategic planning and policy development for the community.





Benefits of Council-Manager Government

- Organization is led by highly trained, nonpartisan, experienced local government professional.
- Increasingly, professional managers
 possess a master's degree or higher (nearly
 69% in 2012), most often in public
 administration.
- Continuous learning and innovation lead to continuous improvement of community services.



Benefits of Council-Manager Government

- Professional local government manager appointed by majority vote of elected body for a definite or indefinite term.
- Subject to termination by a majority vote of elected body at any time.
- Implements vision and policies established by elected body with emphasis on effective, efficient, equitable, and ethical service delivery.

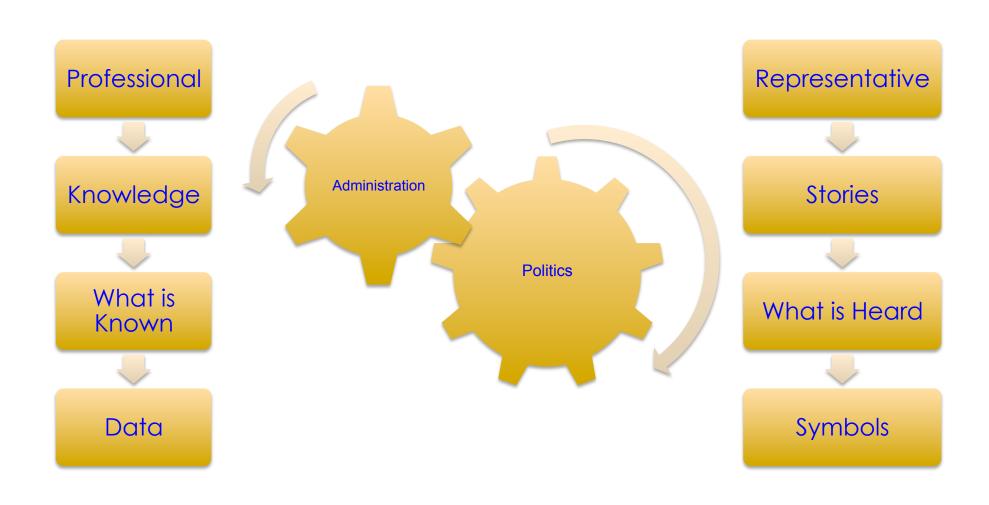




- To be successful, every community needs strong:
 - Political leadership
 - Policy development
 - Focus on execution and results
 - Commitment to transparent and ethical government
 - Representation and engagement of all segments of community



There is an inherent tension between building an efficient, effective organization and the realities of politics and between the immediate present and a sustainable future.





The Working Alliance

- Goals mutually endorse and value
- Tasks reflect the behaviors of both parties and are perceived as relevant and each accept responsibility
- Bonds positive attachments including trust, acceptance and confidence
- A spirit of collaboration

Bordin, 1969





Value Proposition of Council-Manager Government

- Adds value to quality of public policy and via experience and expertise
- ✓ Takes long-term, community-wide perspective.
- Committed to a set of ethical practices (i.e., ICMA Code of Ethics).
- Builds consensus among diverse interests.
- Promotes equity and fairness.
- Develops and sustains organizational excellence and innovation.



professional managers



facilitators of vision



voice in policy



community builders



ethics + values



designers



reformers + reformed



For more information:

David M. Limardi

Midwest Regional Director

ICMA

dlimardi@icma.org

847-533-0402

http://icma.org/formofgovt.

