CITYOF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2010



Dayne Walling Mayor

Prepared by <u>Department of Finance and Administration</u> Michael A. Townsend, Director of Finance Sekar R. Bawa, Deputy Director

City of Flint, Michigan

Contents

Introductory Section
Letter of Transmittal
Organizational ChartB
List of Elected, Civil Service, and Appointed Officials
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting
Financial Section
Report Letter
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements
Government-wide Financial Statements:
Statement of Net Assets
Statement of Activities
Fund Financial Statements:
Governmental Funds:
Balance Sheet
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Contents (Continued)

Basic Financial Statements (Continued)
Fund Financial Statements (Continued)
Proprietary Funds:
Statement of Net Assets
Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets21-22
Statement of Cash Flows23-26
Fiduciary Funds:
Statement of Net Assets
Statement of Changes in Net Assets
Component Units:
Statement of Net Assets
Statement of Activities
Notes to the Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Pension System Schedules of Funding Progress
Budgetary Comparison Schedule:
General Fund
Special Revenue Fund – Federal Grants93
Other Supplemental Information
Fund Descriptions
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:
Combining Balance Sheet
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Contents (Continued)

Other Supplemental Information (Continued)

Internal Service Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Assets 118-1	19
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets	21
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	25
Fiduciary Funds:	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	27
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Assets	29
Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds)
Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	
Statistical Section	
Listing of Statistical Schedules PresentedS-I	

8		
Schedule I.	Net Assets by Component	S-2
Schedule 2.	Changes in Governmental Net Assets	S-3
Schedule 3.	Changes in Business Type Net Assets	S-4
Schedule 4.	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	S-5
Schedule 5.	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	S-6
Schedule 6.	Taxable Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	S-7
Schedule 7.	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	S-8 - S-9
Schedule 8.	Principal Property Taxpayers	S-10
Schedule 9.	Property Tax Levies and Collections	S-11
Schedule 10.	Ratios of Outstanding Debt	S-12
Schedule 11.	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	S-13
Schedule 12.	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	S-14
Schedule 13.	Legal Debt Margin	S-15
Schedule 14a.	Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Water Fund Revenue Bonds	S-16

Contents (Continued)

Statistical Section (Continued)

Schedule 14b.	Revenue Bond Coverage - Hurley Medical Center	S-17
Schedule 15.	Demographic and Economic Statistics	S-18
Schedule 16.	Principal Employers	S-19
Schedule 17.	Full-time Equivalent Government Employees	S-20 - S-21
Schedule 18.	Operating Indicators by Function/Program	S-22
Schedule 19.	Capital Asset Statistics	S-23
	Comparative Schedule Flint Employees t System - Actuarial Valuations	S-24



CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN Department of Finance

Dayne Walling Mayor Michael A. Townsend Finance Director

December 17, 2010

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and Citizens of the City of Flint:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Flint for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Flint (City). Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Flint has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Flint's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Flint's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Plante & Moran, PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City of Flint's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Flint for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Flint's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Flint was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City of Flint's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Flint's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Flint, incorporated in 1855, is located in the eastern part of the State of Michigan. The City currently occupies a land area of 32.8 square miles and serves a population of 111,475 (2010 Census Estimate). The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries, as well as a 1% income tax for those who live within the City limits (or .5% for those who only work within the City limits).

The City of Flint has operated under the strong mayor – council form of government since November 4, 1975, when the present charter was adopted. Legislative authority is vested in a City Council consisting of nine members elected from each of the nine wards in the City and serving a four-year term. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, approving resolutions and appointing committees. The Mayor is an elected official who serves as the chief executive officer of the City for a four-year term of office (he may be reelected for additional terms). The Mayor appoints a City Administrator to be the chief administrative officer of the City, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government. The Mayor also appoints the principal officials responsible for budget, personnel, planning, legal counsel, and administrative services, appointing up to ten principal staff officials who serve at the pleasure of the Mayor. In addition, the Mayor may appoint up to ten executive department heads over such departments as may be necessary to administer the responsibilities of the City for public safety, public works, utilities, parks and recreation, transportation, finance, community development, and environmental protection. The City Council must approve these appointments. The City Council and the Mayor are elected on a non-partisan basis.

On August 4, 2009, the Citizens of the City of Flint elected Dayne Walling as the Mayor of the City of Flint to fill the unexpired term of former Mayor Donald J. Williamson, who announced his resignation as Mayor in February 2009. Per the Flint City Charter, *Section 2-411, Vacancy in the Office of Mayor*, the City Administrator serves as the Temporary Mayor until such time as an Acting Mayor or Mayor is elected accordingly. The City Administrator possesses all the powers of the Mayor as provided in the Charter, except the power to remove Mayoral appointees and the power of veto. Newly appointed City Administrator Michael K. Brown took on the responsibilities of Temporary Mayor on February 16, 2009. The City Council called a special primary election to be held May 5, 2009 and a general election was called for August 4, 2009, in accordance with the Charter, to fill the remainder of the unexpired term.

The City of Flint provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructures, recreational activities and cultural events, water and sewer services, and sanitation/garbage pickup services. The Board of Hospital Managers has the exclusive authority to manage and operate Hurley Medical Center. The Flint Downtown Development Authority Board promotes the rehabilitation of the downtown area. The City of Flint Economic Development Corporation provides financing and development opportunities for businesses located in the City of Flint. The Flint Area Enterprise Community works with community partners to coordinate the federal enterprise community plan and help leverage resources for the zone.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Flint's financial planning and control. Under the normal governance scenario, as outlined above, all departments and agencies of the City of Flint are required to submit requests for appropriations to the Mayor's appointed Budget Director in March each year. The Budget Director uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Mayor would then present this proposed budget to the City Council on the first Monday in April. The Council would be required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget, by charter, on the first Monday in June. The City's fiscal year ends on June 30. The current appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), department (e.g. police) and line item. The Administration may not make transfers of appropriations within department line items or transfers of appropriations between departments or funds, without the approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each major governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The comparison is presented in the required supplementary information subsection of this report.

Factors Affecting Economic and Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Flint operates.

Local Economy. The Flint metropolitan area unemployment rate (13.7% in 2010) is among the highest in the State. Population has steadily declined to 111,475 (2010 estimate) from 193,317 in 1970. The City of Flint's economy was strongly tied to the automobile industry, but has diversified over the last ten years. Property values for Flint's ten largest employers declined in 2010 to \$140.6 million compared to \$279.7 million in 2009. The total number of employees for the ten largest taxpayers in the City decreased from 38,252 in 2009 to 36,660 in 2010. Overall property values have decreased from \$1.756 billion in 2001 to \$1.393 billion in 2010, which is also a decrease from \$1.648 billion in 2009.

Cash management policies and practices. Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the City of Flint. Each investment transaction shall seek to ensure that capital losses are avoided, whether from institutional default, broker-dealer default, or erosion of market value of securities. The surplus funds of the City of Flint were invested in accordance with Act 20 of the Public Acts of 1943, as amended, and the City's Code of Ordinances. These funds were invested in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and investment pools. The maturity dates of the investments range from one day to 5 years. Additional information on the City of Flint's deposits and investments can be found in Section 3B of the Notes of the June 30, 2010 Audited Financial Statements.

Risk management. The City of Flint has established a comprehensive Risk Management program in order to protect the assets of the City from the risk of loss. This is accomplished through a combination of risk financing and loss control activities, which are designed to avoid, reduce or transfer various risk exposures. The City utilizes a combination of commercial insurance and self-insurance to finance these exposures. The risk of loss is reduced through the use of various control techniques, such as contract review, safety training and site inspections.

The Workers' Compensation function resides in the Risk Management department, which allows for a coordinated effort to minimize accident-related losses. The Risk Management department has a Security/Fraud Manager to complement the already-existing efforts undertaken to control fraudulent exposures. Additional information on the City of Flint's risk management activities can be found in Section 4E of the Notes of the June 30, 2010 Audited Financial Statements.

Pension and other post-employment benefits. The City of Flint sponsors a single-employer defined benefit plan for its public safety and non-public safety employees. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the pension system calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the City of Flint must make to the pension system to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees. The City of Flint makes quarterly contributions to the system in accordance with the contribution rate determined by the independent actuary. As a result of the City of Flint's funding activities, the overall retirement system as of June 30, 2008 (the latest actuarial report) was 60% funded.

The City of Flint also provides post-retirement health and vision care benefits for retirees and their dependents. As of the end of the current fiscal year, there were 2,978 retired employees receiving these benefits. The benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. For fiscal year 2010, the City paid \$22.5 million for post-employment health benefits premiums. The City has an actuarial accrued liability for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) of \$800 million. Additional information on the City of Flint's Retirement Plan can be found in Section 4 B of the Notes of the June 30, 2010 Audited Financial Statements.

Awards and Acknowledgements

We are pleased to report that the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Flint for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The City has now received the award eight years in a row. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

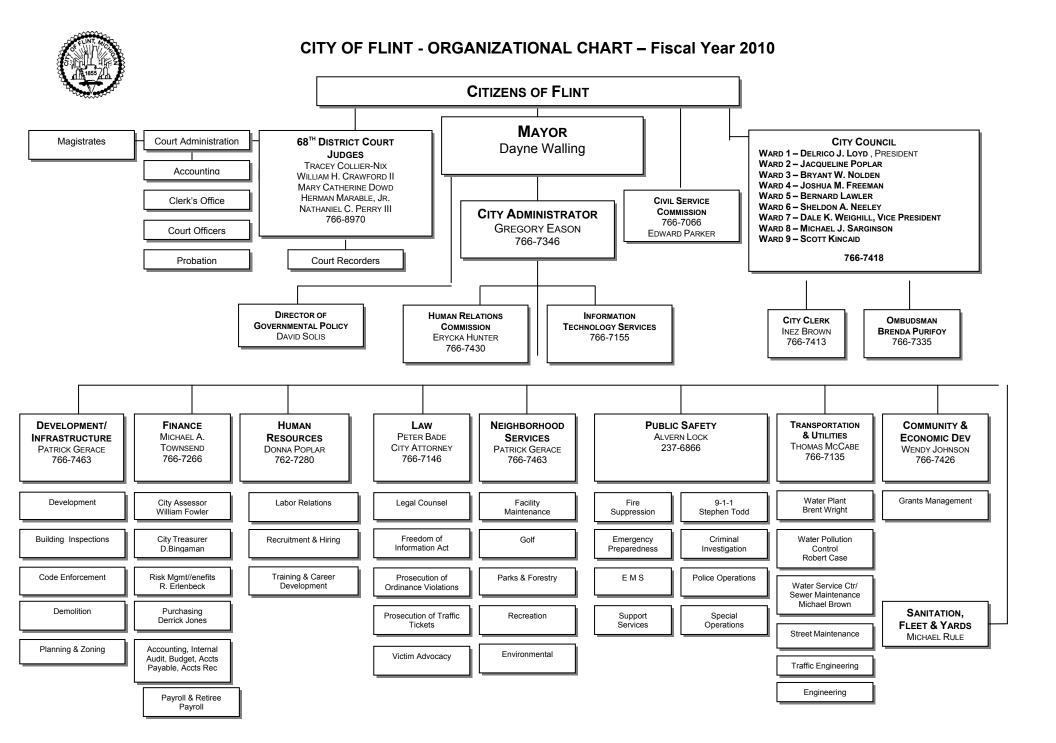
A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting our report to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City has also received recognition by the Michigan Government Finance Officers' Association for exemplary accomplishment in receiving awards from the GFOA for both Excellence in Financial Reporting and Distinguished Budget Presentation. Only 25 governmental units state-wide received this award.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance administration department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Flint's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael A. Townsend Finance Director



CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

As of June 30, 2010 Elected and City Officials

Elected Officials

Dayne Walling	Elected Mayor August 3, 2009
	(for balance of unexpired term ending in November 2011)
City Council (Elected November 3, 2009, for four-y	ear Terms)
Delrico J. Loyd, President	First Ward
Jacqueline Poplar, Chair-Governmental Operatior	ns Second Ward
Bryant W. Nolden, Chair-Grants Committee	Third Ward
Joshua M. Freeman, Chair-Finance Committee	Fourth Ward
Bernard Lawler	Fifth Ward
Sheldon A. Neeley	Sixth Ward
Dale K. Weighill, Vice President & Chair-Special A	ffairs Seventh Ward
Michael J. Sarginson, Chair-Legislative Committee	Eighth Ward
Scott Kincaid	Ninth Ward

Appointed and Other City Officials

	Chief Legal Officer
5 5	
	Utilities Admin/Water Service Center
	Water Pollution Control Supervisor
	Risk & Benefits Administrator
	Acting Chief Operating Officer, Downtown Development Authority
	City Assessor
	Director of Neighborhood Services
	Executive Director, Human Relations Commission
Wendy Johnson	Director, Dept. of Community & Economic Development
Dawn Jones	Communications Director
Derrick Jones	Purchasing Manager
Alvern Lock	Director of Public Safety
Rhoda Matthews	Citizen Services Director
Thomas McCabe	Director of Transportation & Utilities
Paula McGlown	
Steven Montle	Green Cities Coordinator
Kay Muhammad	Transportation and Development Superintendent
	Interim Director, Civil Service Commission
	Director of Human Resources & Labor Relations
	Ombudsman
, Michael Rule	Sanitation, Fleet & Yards Superintendent
•	
	Assistant Fire Chief
	Information Technology Services Administrator

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Flint Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



President

huy K. Ener

Executive Director



Plante & Moran, PLLC Suite 1A 111 E. Court St. Flint, MI 48502 Tel: 810.767.5350 Fax: 810.767.8150 plantemoran.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Flint Flint, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Flint, Michigan (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. The audit of the primary government was conducted in accordance with the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Flint, Michigan as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Flint's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis, pension system schedules of funding progress and employer contributions, and the general fund and major special revenue fund budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The introductory section, other supplemental information, and statistical section, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of



Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Flint

the basic financial statements. The combining balance sheets, combining statements of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance, and non major fund budgetary comparison schedules, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, are fairly presented in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the required supplementary information on it. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report on our consideration of the City of Flint's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide opinions on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

December 17, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Flint, we offer readers of the City of Flint's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Flint for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in millions of dollars.

Financial Highlights

- The City acquired Capital Assets totaling \$11.7 million in governmental activities.
- The assets of the City of Flint exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$263.0 million (net assets).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Flint's basic financial statements. The City of Flint's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Table I summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses: the water and sewer system, and the hospital	Instances in which the City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources, such as the retirement plan for City employees
Required financial statements	 Statement of net assets Statement of activities 	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances 	 Statement of net assets Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets Statement of cash flows 	 Statement of fiduciary net assets Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term, the City's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Table 1. Major Features of the City of Flint's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Flint's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of Flint's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Flint is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Flint that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Flint include general government, police, fire, transportation, public works, parks & recreation and community enrichment and development. The business-type activities of the City of Flint include the hospital, water system, sewer system, and the golf courses.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Flint itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority, Economic Development Corporation, Atwood Stadium Building Authority, and the Flint Area Enterprise Community, for which the City of Flint is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 4-11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Flint, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Flint can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmentwide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Flint maintains 19 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Federal Grants Fund. Data from the other 17 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Flint adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-16 of this report.

Proprietary Funds - The City of Flint maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Flint uses enterprise funds to account for its Hospital, Water, Sewer and Golf Course activities. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Flint's funds. The City of Flint uses internal service funds to account for its Data Processing, Central Maintenance Garage, Fringe Benefits, and Self-Insurance activities. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Hospital, the Water and the Sewer Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Flint. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-26 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Flint's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 and 28 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32-88 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Flint's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 94-98 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 99-131 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net assets may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position (See Table 2). Total assets of the City of Flint are \$651.6 million. Total net assets (total assets less total liabilities) are \$263.0 of which the largest portion \$306.4 million (116.5%), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, streets, sidewalks, machinery, and equipment), less depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Flint uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Flint's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Of the remaining portion of the City of Flint's total net assets, \$19.9 million represents resources of which are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The unrestricted deficit at year end was \$63.3 million. There is no remaining balance of unrestricted net assets that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Net assets are divided between governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities show a \$128.3 million deficit in unrestricted net assets. The \$128.3 million deficit results from the increase in the short term and long term liabilities, mainly \$93.2 million in postemployment healthcare liability.

Table 2-City of Flint's Net Assets (in Millions)						
	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities				Primary rnment	
	<u>2009</u>	2010	<u>2009</u>	2010	<u>2009</u>	2010
Current and other assets	45.0	29.2	215.6	237.4	260.6	266.6
Capital assets	188.9	183.2	199.5	201.9	388.4	385.1
Total assets	233.9	212.4	415.1	439.3	649.0	651.7
Long-term liabilities outstanding	97.8	122.4	134.2	176.5	232.0	298.9
Other liabilities	26.5	28.4	58.1	61.3	84.6	89.7
Total liabilities	124.3	150.8	192.3	237.8	316.6	388.6
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	184.6	180.8	123.2	125.6	307.8	306.4
Restricted	19.7	9.1	11.0	10.8	30.7	19.9
Unrestricted	(94.6)	(128.3)	88.5	65.0	(6.1)	(63.3)
Total net assets	109.7	61.6	222.7	201.4	332.4	263.0

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Business-type activities have \$201.4 million of total net assets. Business type activities do not encumber at year-end and normally do not appropriate net assets as part of the budget process.

Governmental Activities - Changes in Net Assets (Table 3) provide some insight into current year activities as compared to those of the prior year. Total net assets for governmental activities decreased by \$48.1 million. Revenues in 2010 were \$11.7 million lower than in 2009. This decrease in revenue can be equally shared; six of the seven revenue categories experienced losses in 2010. The 2010 expenses were \$4.9 million lower than in 2009.

Business-type Activities - Total net assets decreased by \$21.3 million in business-type activities. The Hurley Medical Center's net assets increased by \$4.3 million.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	25.1	23.0	407.2	410.0	432.3	433.0
Operating grants and contributions	17.2	22.0	0.7	0.0	17.6	22.0
Capital grants and contributions	10.2	4.4	.2	.1	10.4	4.5
General revenues:						
Income taxes	14.3	13.6	0.0	0.0	14.3	13.6
Property taxes	24.3	19.2	0.0	0.0	24.3	19.2
State shared revenues	18.5	16.4	0.0	0.0	18.5	16.4
Other	2.2	1.5	4.5	2.2	6.7	3.7
Total revenues	111.8	100.1	412.3	412.3	524.1	512.4
Expenses						
Legislative	1.7	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.7	1.8
Judicial	6.7	7.5	0.0	0.0	6.7	7.5
General government	26.9	33.5	0.0	0.0	26.9	33.5
Public safety	66.8	64.2	0.0	0.0	66.8	64.2
Public works	31.9	27.2	0.0	0.0	31.9	27.2
Parks and recreation	6.1	5.4	0.0	0.0	6.1	5.4
Community development	6.6	10.8	0.0	0.0	6.6	10.8
Interest on long term debt	1.1	.8	0.0	0.0	1.1	.8
Hospital	0.0	0.0	351.5	358.6	351.5	358.6
Water	0.0	0.0	38.6	39.4	38.6	39.4
Sewer	0.0	0.0	26.1	31.1	26.1	31.1
Golf Course	0.0	0.0	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.5
Total Expenses	147.8	151.2	417.9	430.6	565.7	581.8
Transfers	.7	3.0	(.7)	(3.0)	0.0	0.0
Changes in net assets	(35.3)	(48.1)	(6.3)	(21.3)	(41.6)	(69.4)
Net Assets - Beginning	144.9	109.7	229.1	222.7	374.0	332.4
Net Assets - End	109.7	61.6	222.7	201.4	332.4	263.0

Table 3-City of Flint's Changes in Net Assets (in Millions)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Analysis of Fund Financial Statements

As noted earlier, the City of Flint uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City of Flint's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Flint's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the 2010 fiscal year, the City of Flint's governmental funds reported combined ending fund deficit of \$8.2 million, a decrease of \$15.9 million from the prior year. Approximately \$11.8 million deficit constitutes unreserved fund balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Flint. The City of Flint ended with a \$14.6 million deficit in 2010. This is 22.6% of total revenues. This is the result of the \$10.1 million deficit from 2009, plus an additional deficit of \$4.5 million in 2010. The General Fund operated at a deficiency of revenue over expenditures for the 2010 fiscal year in the amount of \$7.6 million. The General Fund did borrow cash of \$3.0 million from various funds for working capital in 2010. The decline of the General Fund cash is mainly due to a reduction in income tax revenue (\$.7 million), property tax (\$5.1 million), state revenue (\$2.1 million), federal revenue (\$.4 million) and fines and forfeitures (\$.3 million).

The remaining governmental funds have an unreserved fund balance of \$4.6 million, of which \$2.8 million is unreserved and undesignated. The largest fund balances among the governmental funds are the Major and Local Streets, \$2.6 million and Capital Improvements, \$3.4 million. Other special revenue funds are maintained primarily to demonstrate accountability. Federal or local laws restrict the spending of the money in these funds.

The City of Flint filed a deficit elimination plan in April 2009 with the State to eliminate the deficits for 2008 in the General Fund, the Building Inspections Fund and the Golf Fund. This plan was for the next five years starting with the fiscal year 2010. The plan was created by administration and approved unanimously by City Council and submitted according to State law. A revised plan was submitted in June 2009 to the State combining the deficits (\$10.5 million) of the 2008 and projected 2009 deficit (\$3.4 million) outlining the elimination starting with the FY2010 budget and ending in FY2014. In August 2009 the State of Michigan evaluated and certified the City of Flint's deficit elimination plan.

Proprietary Funds - The City of Flint's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Total net assets of the Hurley Medical Center amounted to \$94.3 million, an increase of \$4.3 million. The increase is primarily a result of an increase in net income from operations. The Hurley Medical Center issued a \$35 million bond in 2010 to finance its Emergency Room modernization project scheduled to be completed in 2012.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Total net assets in the Water Fund are \$24.9 million, a decrease of \$8.4 million from the previous year attributable mostly to operating income. The Water Fund has a bond reserve account of \$2.8 million and an equipment reserve account of \$2.9 million. Water operating revenues decreased by \$2.1 million while cost of water purchased decreased by \$0.3 million. Water operating revenues, plus interest income, exceeded total operating costs, less depreciation, less OPEB, by \$.1 million. The combined interest and principal payments were \$2.8 million, providing a legal debt margin below the required 125%.

Net assets of the Sewer Fund decreased by \$16.3 million to \$79.5 million. Sewer operating revenues decreased slightly by \$1.9 million, while sewer operating costs increased by \$5.0 million.

Net assets of the Golf Fund decreased by \$1.0 million to \$2.7 million. Golf operating revenue decreased by \$.5 million and operating expenses decreased by \$0.2 million.

Budgetary Highlights

Original to Amended - The General Fund amended expenditures budget of \$63.5 million was \$.7 million greater than the original budget.

Amended to Actual - General Fund expenditures totaled \$64.7 million, \$1.2 million less than the final amended budget. General Fund revenues of \$57.2 million were \$6.1 million below the amended budget. The largest difference between budget and actual expenditures is the result of massive layoffs and the reorganization of Public Safety. The biggest losses in revenue came from property taxes (\$1.7 million), income taxes (\$1.0 million), fines and forfeits (\$.7 million) and local grant revenue (\$1.3 million).

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - The City of Flint's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities, as of June 30, 2010 amounts to \$306.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation), a net decrease of \$1.4 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges (see Table 4). Additional information on the City of Flint's capital assets can be found in Note 3 D.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

		Governmental Activities				Total Primary Government	
	2009	2010	2009	2009 2010		<u>2010</u>	
Land	13.4	13.4	6.2	6.1	19.6	19.5	
Construction in progress	0.0	0.0	4.3	13.6	4.3	13.6	
Building and System	5.2	4.8	72.1	71.4	77.3	76.2	
Improvements other than							
buildings	5.0	4.3	5.8	5.6	10.8	9.9	
Machinery and Equipment	9.4	7.8	111.2	105.2	120.6	113.0	
Infrastructure	155.6	152.8	0.0	0.0	155.6	152.8	
Total	188.6	183.1	199.6	201.9	388.2	385.0	

Table 4-City of Flint's Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation (in Millions)

The City governmental activities made major capital improvements during 2010:

•	Curb and Gutter	\$ I.I million
•	Streets and Enhancement	4.9 million
•	Sidewalks	0.3 million
•	Signs and Signals	2.6 million
•	Vehicles and Equipment	0.3 million
•	Trails	1.5 million

Total capital improvements, as a result of governmental activities, were \$11.7 million. Depreciation was \$14.9 million.

The City business-type activities also made capital improvements during 2010:

•	Building Improvements	\$6.1 million
•	Equipment	8.0 million

Total capital improvements as a result of business-type activities were \$20.8 million, with most of the improvements being made at Hurley Medical Center. Depreciation was \$20.4 million.

Debt Administration - Debt is administered through three debt service funds and the public improvement fund. In addition, the Water Fund services debt for bonds issued for plant improvements (see Table 5).

General Obligation Bonds – The City issued \$10 million in General Obligation Bonds in fiscal year 2008 on behalf of the Flint Downtown Development Authority for construction of the new Rutherford Parking Structure. The City has pledged a portion of State Shared Revenue as security for the Bond. The DDA has pledged net revenue from the parking operations for the repayment of the Bond. This project is complete and is featured inside the front cover of this report. The City did not issue any additional bonds in 2010. However, Hurley Medical Center did issue bonds for \$35,215,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Long-term Debt - At year-end the City had \$33.1 million in bonds and notes and compensated absences outstanding for governmental activities and \$122.7 million in bonds and notes outstanding for business-type activities. Total long-term debt increased by \$25.8 million to \$155.8 million at year-end. Additional information on the City of Flint's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 G.

Table 5-City of Flint's Long-term Debt

	(in millions)					
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
General Obligation Bonds	12.8	11.3	0.1	0.0	12.9	11.3
Revenue Bonds and Notes	0.0	0.0	92.5	122.7	92.5	122.7
Other Notes	15.2	14.0	0.1	0.0	15.3	14.0
Capital Leases	0.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.4
Accrue Annual & Sick Pay	8.4	7.4	0.0	0.0	8.4	7.4
Total	37.3	33.1	92.7	122.7	130.0	155.8

Limitations on Debt - The State limits the amount of general obligation debt the City can issue to 7% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the City's corporate limits. The City's legal debt limit is \$115.4 million. The amount of debt available to the City (unused portion of the debt limitation) is \$102.6 million. The City can issue bonds through the Michigan Municipal Bonding Authority's state shared revenue program. The program pledges the City's future state shared revenues.

Bond Ratings - Moody's Investors' Service last rated the City of Flint's general obligation unlimited bonds at Ba1, with a stable outlook, in February 2006.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Economic Factors – Like most cities throughout the State of Michigan, the City of Flint in the year 2010 continued to take its share of hits in this struggling economy. However, like a true champion, Flint took those hits in 2010, is still standing and has landed a few hits itself.

The revitalization of Downtown Flint continues to be the bright spot for the City. Downtown has had a complete makeover and is flooded with people due to new businesses, jobs, restaurants, dormitories, apartment lofts and structures. Many of the long-talked-about projects in the downtown are completed, and have resulted in flocks of residents heading downtown for entertainment, shelter, food, to take in the collegian atmosphere and even to take senior pictures alongside the new buildings or on the bricks with the "Flint Vehicle City" arches above.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The new Rowe Engineering Building is open and is a wonderful thing for Flint. An investment of over \$22.7 million, this beautiful facility is home to the Regional Rowe Engineering Group. The Rowe engineering team occupies over 30,000 square feet of office space and is home to 100 employees from across Southeastern Michigan. Plans for the ground floor space are still being finalized to create Genesee County's most exciting entertainment complex. The engineering team will be an excellent technical asset to the downtown area and the entire community-at-large. The beautifully designed building also houses eight residential lofts that are all rented.

The once grand Durant Hotel, abandoned in 1973 and an eyesore since, is now renovated, open for residency and grand once again. The eight story hotel, named after General Motors founder Billy Durant, was built in 1920 and was the City's largest and most upscale hotel. It was featured in our 2007 CAFR, at the start of these renovations, in its "hey day." The City of Flint proudly features the renewed Durant on the cover of our 2010 CAFR. Today, the Durant, a \$30 million project, has 93 modern apartments with high ceilings, wide spaces, stainless steel appliances and dark wood cabinets. It also features gated parking, a renovated lobby and a ballroom that still has the original gray and white checkered floor. The revival of this long vacant landmark tells a riches-to-rags-to-riches story that gives hope to the City of Flint. It is the symbol of what we think can happen with perseverance.

In 2010, the Charles Stewart Mott Foundation continued to make a difference in the City of Flint, by awarding a \$1.1M grant to fund a 21st Century Community Policing initiative. This grant enabled Flint to bring back neighborhood foot patrols. More than 18 community police officers were deployed across all nine of the city's wards, including a foot patrol officer in every ward during second shift.

The City of Flint has approximately 30,000 University students that attend school at the four higher education institutions here, namely, Kettering University, the University of Michigan-Flint campus, Mott Community College and Baker College.

Kettering University continues to be one of the top-rated engineering schools in the country. Kettering also houses a Business Incubator for the development of start-up companies in the City of Flint and the surrounding community. Governor Granholm visited Kettering several times during 2010 to recognize local entrepreneurs and the advances being made with the Swedish Biogas partnership. Yes, Kettering is truly a global leader of technology and innovation. The newly formed Swedish Biogas LLC will soon reside at the Kettering Business Incubator. One of the university's specialties is Fuel Cells. The University's Fuel Cell Systems and Powertrain Integration are taking the lead in preparing the current and future workforce for what President Obama called the new energy economy. Dr. Joel Berry is Head of the Department of Mechanical Engineering at Kettering University and director of the school's Fuel Cell Center. He is also President and Chief Technical Officer for Global Energy Innovations, Inc. and considered to be one of the foremost authorities on Fuel Cell Technology in the world.

The University of Michigan-Flint set new records for enrollment in 2010 with approximately 7,773 students at its beautiful downtown Flint campus. With a very widely-recognized academic, competitive curriculum and state-of-the-art residence hall, the President's Council of Michigan tabbed UM-Flint as the fastest growing university in Michigan. One of the largest areas of increased enrollment comes from international students, with over 230 students from 30 countries. For three years in a row the residence hall is full; however, the opening of the Riverfront Residence Hall (formerly the Character Inn) and the Durant Hotel provide excellent off-campus living accommodations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Mott Community College is one of the country's leading community colleges and now can boast having the best president in North America. Recently the Washington-based Association of Community College Trustees (ACCT) named Dr. M. Richard Shaink, President of Mott Community College in Flint, as the best community college president/CEO in North America. MCC can also boast about the Regional Technology Center. The Center's purpose is to offer students a chance to develop workplace skills to ensure a competitive advantage, as jobs in the marketplace become more and more complex. This facility is a partnership between the Michigan Economic Development Corporation and the Local Workforce Board. Mott Community College offers 100 different programs, with technical aspects second-to-none, especially in medical-related fields of study. A tour through the medical classes and laboratory demonstrates leading-edge technology designed to stimulate exact medical conditions that students will experience once out in the "real world."

Baker College, the largest independent college in the State of Michigan, has the most forward approach to education and job training available. Baker's comparative pass rate of nursing students is 98%, compared to the 75% national average. 98% of all of Baker's thousands of students are employed at this time. This is certainly a very important performance metric for the school and the community of Flint.

The universities' governmental relations and outreach efforts have been a driving force in bringing community leadership together to enable the improvement process. Academically, all four of the City's universities and colleges continue to grow more competitive each year and are valued for their leadership in the educational arena.

Part of the City of Flint continuous effort to support our universities and colleges is shown in the completion of our Kettering Gateway project. This \$3 million project was designed to ease the entryway from I-69 to Kettering University. Kettering is among the greatest research universities in the country and this will give people a much easier way to navigate to their campus, with a new road open and a new direct route to the university.

A second stimulus-funded project, the Kettering extension of the Flint River Trail connects campus walkers and bikers to the University of Michigan Flint campus, downtown Flint, the Cultural Center and the Farmers' Market.

The City realized a tremendous boost in its financial arm through citizen participation in various community activities in Downtown Flint. The Crim Festival of Races, which continues to expand year after year, the "Back to the Bricks" Cruise and Car Show, and "Bike on the Bricks " attract over 250,000 people to Downtown Flint. The many community-based activities draw our citizens together, as well as thousands from around the country, and help fuel the City's economy.

The new General Motors is continuing to gain ground on its total transformation of the company in 2009. The "New GM" is still critical to the City in several areas. The City is host to approximately 5,000 GM/UAW jobs, while the surrounding area has about 7,000 GM/UAW jobs. The viability of the GM enterprise is critical to the City and surrounding community.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The City of Flint was hit hard with a property tax settlement with GM for the 2008, 2009 and 2010 tax years, that cost the City over \$2 million. On the other hand, the Federal Government has promised \$836 million to help clean up old GM sites, including some located in Flint. In addition, the City was recently awarded the new GM Chevrolet Cruze and Volt Engine Plant. This \$230 million engine plant will play a vital role in retaining 500 GM/UAW jobs. The Volt was recently named Green Car of the Year and proposes to take the country by storm. The production of the two heavy-duty trucks also started in the spring.

The biggest announcement of the year is medicine for what ails Flint: the Diplomat Pharmacy announced the move of its Corporate Headquarters to the Great Lakes Technology Centre located in south Flint. The sixthlargest specialty pharmacy company in the nation, and the only one in Michigan, secured a \$61.5 million tax credit over 18 years from the Michigan Economic Growth Authority Board. The president of Diplomat, Phil Hagermean, says "this is an opportunity to reinvent and revitalize a community."

The move will bring hundreds of good-paying jobs to the City of Flint. Diplomat currently has about 400 employees, but expects to grow by 50% this year, with plans to hire over 1,000 in the next five years and 4,000 by 2028. This will bring a new industry to Flint that provides expensive medications and patient support to people across the country who suffer from serious ailments such as cancer and multiple sclerosis. This is a new industry that will bring medicine to an ailing economy in Flint.

Medicine may be the cure: the founders of the Insight Institute of Neurosurgery and Neuroscience, also in the Great Lakes Technology Centre, announced plans to invest \$18 million over the next 10 years. The institute's founders, Doctors Jawad Shah and Amer Iqbal, want to renovate a portion of the center to create a research incubator for the development, testing and manufacture of new technologies for neurosurgery and patient treatment. Up to 120 jobs could be created over the next five years. The jobs created would be what he described as "higher level" positions, such as engineers, researchers, PhDs and biochemists.

Bishop Airport continues to grow and is expected to fly one million passengers this year with potential to reach two million next year. The airport was able to pay off a million dollar debt early due to increased profits. Bishop also recently announced a \$4.6 million project to improve its facilities inside and out to prepare for its, and the City of Flint's, anticipated growth for the new intermodal focus.

In summary, 2010 was a year of ongoing battles with economic challenges; however, there was tremendous optimism, particularly in the City's downtown area within its institutions of higher learning and with the development of Diplomat Pharmacy and the new medical move. Flint's citizens have always been known for their hard work, dedication and innovation, and they are rising to meet the challenges of this new era.

Budgets - The financial issues the City faced in years past continued in 2010 with the announcement of the State of Michigan revenue cuts, property tax losses, and income tax losses totaling \$6.1 million. After the midyear review, the City was looking at an \$8 million projected shortfall. Many cost-cutting strategies such as furlough days, increasing payments for healthcare for employees, layoffs, biweekly waste collection and negotiating 15% concessions with all bargaining units are just some of the attempts to cover the shortfall. Revenues were also heavily pursued, both locally and nationally, and resulted in receiving grants for public safety of over \$7.8 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The late start, due to the change in administration in November 2009, and the failure to agree to concessions with the bargaining units, proved to be a little too much to totally cure the projection and left a deficit of \$4.5 million in the General Fund. The 2010 budget also set aside \$2.4 million toward the deficit of 2009 to adhere to the Deficit Elimination Plan on file with the State of Michigan. A revised plan is currently in the works to correct the deficit.

The City still faces a number of issues that will impact the 2011 budget. The City of Flint continues to face a loss of City Income Tax Revenues, resulting from high unemployment, and the decline of its property tax base, along with increases in pension expenditures. After the First Quarter review, the projection of an additional shortfall is being incorporated into the new deficit plan.

Water Rates - Although a City ordinance specifies a method to be used to set water rates, the resolution approved by City Council when authorizing the sale of Drinking Water Revolving Fund bonds established the current method of fixing and revising water rates. Per the resolution, the rates are set to provide for the payment of the expenses of the administration and operation of the water system so as to maintain the system in good repair. The rates must also be sufficient to pay an amount equal to 125% of the principal and interest on the bonds, as well as any other obligations required by law. The City of Flint was unable to meet that requirement for 2010.

The City has set rates each year to meet the requirements of the resolution. In June of 2009 the annual water and sewer rates were increased for the first time in several years. The City of Detroit again raised water rates charged to Flint by 10.7% for 2010. The Flint City Water Department has successfully processed water from the Flint River system as a backup to our current supplier. The City, in conjunction with the Michigan Department of Natural Resources, tests the new water plant at a minimum of four times annually. The water plant currently has the ability to produce 36 million gallons of water per month, and has storage capacity of another 56 million gallons. The water plant is capable of supplying all of the City of Flint's water demands at a cost that is substantially lower than the cost of purchasing water from the City of Detroit. The City of Flint just recently announced the increase of water and sewer rates by 25% and 22% respectively.

Requests for Information - This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Flint's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, City of Flint, 1101 South Saginaw Street, Room #203, Flint, Michigan 48502.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

City of Flint, Michigan

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

Primary Government

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	4,378,207	\$	-
Cash and equivalents		1,033,487		81,090,976
Cash with agent		-		-
Investments		775,703		13,675,035
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of				
allowances for estimated uncollectible				
accounts of \$35,970,862)				
Taxes		1,301,873		-
Accounts		2,248,689		38,655,834
Notes and leases receivable		11,501,187		-
Due from component units		10,634,238		-
Due from other governments		9,553,662		-
Internal balances		(15,724,824)		15,724,824
Inventories		243,803		5,292,403
Real estate held for resale - seized property		-		-
Prepaid items		295,560		2,839,755
Restricted assets:				
Pooled cash and investments		1,059,914		5,760,000
Cash and equivalents		294,038		36,033,723
Investments		-		26,583,684
Accrued interest receivable		-		223,730
Long term notes and leases receivable		1,564,100		-
Other assets		-		3,821,116
Investment in joint ventures		-		7,704,459
Capital assets (not depreciated)		13,444,873		19,659,837
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		169,719,377		182,230,075
Total assets		212,323,887		439,295,451

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total		Component Units		
\$	4,378,207 82,124,463 - 14,450,738	\$- ,666,319 211,731 -		
	1,301,873	_		
	40,904,523 11,501,187	584,838 863,701		
	10,634,238	-		
	9,553,662 -	-		
	5,536,206	-		
	- 3,135,315	69,800 48,943		
	6,819,914 36,327,761	- 166,977		
	26,583,684	-		
	223,730 1,564,100	-		
	3,821,116	-		
	7,704,459 33,104,710	- 5,930,372		
	351,949,452	10,020,898		
	651,619,338	19,563,579		

City of Flint, Michigan

Statement of Net Assets (Continued) June 30, 2010

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
Liabilities	¢ (077.7/0	¢	
Accounts payable	\$ 6,077,768	\$ 22,956,208 24,429,049	
Accrued liabilities	12,811,226	26,428,848	
Deposits and advances	482,672	568,621	
Due to other governments	397,665	-	
Due to primary government	-	-	
Unearned revenue	2,067,682	-	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Accrued expenses	-	2,524,949	
Debt payable	6,199,641	5,366,055	
Claims payable	541,750	3,478,002	
Due in more than one year:			
Net pension obligation	-	8,896,382	
Other post employment benefit obligation	93,209,078	20,406,663	
Debt payable	26,941,848	117,326,259	
Claims payable	2,010,835	29,896,043	
Total liabilities	150,740,165	237,848,030	
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	180,811,443	125,632,814	
Streets	2,568,635	_	
Public Improvement	3,443,411	-	
Police	947,416	-	
Parks and Recreation	56,723	-	
Debt Service	-	2,810,531	
Economic Development	1,060,678	-	
Community Development	969,364	-	
Capital Improvements	-	2,949,469	
Other	-	5,001,281	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(128,273,948)	65,053,326	
Total net assets	\$ 61,583,722	\$ 201,447,421	

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total	Component Units
\$ 29,033,976 39,240,074 1,051,293 397,665 - 2,067,682	\$ 83,379 15,568 30,500 - 10,634,238 21,658
2,524,949 11,565,696 4,019,752 8,896,382 113,615,741 144,268,107	- - - -
31,906,878	
388,588,195	10,785,343
306,444,257 2,568,635 3,443,411 947,416 56,723 2,810,531 1,060,678 969,364 2,949,469 5,001,281 (63,220,622)	5,832,026 - - - - - 146,475 - 2,420,607 379,128
\$ 263,031,143	\$ 8,778,236

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2010

Program Revenues

		Expenses		Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions
Functions\Programs						
Primary Government						
Governmental Activities:						
Legislative	\$	1,767,485	\$	-	\$	-
Judicial		7,549,727		2,094,107		241,507
General government		33,519,084		15,083,436		757,632
Police		34,609,275		1,521,841		1,703,762
Fire		19,287,771		81,785		119,614
Emergency dispatch		3,887,450		1,687,957		-
Building inspection		6,332,983		1,728,460		2,774,443
Transportation		20,648,964		264,024		9,615,989
Public works		6,575,687		3,688		130,556
Parks and recreation		5,431,010		30,193		389,122
Community enrichment and						
development		10,835,034		564,698		6,252,269
Interest on long-term debt		806,637		-		-
Total governmental activities		151,251,107		23,060,189		21,984,894
Pusiness trung Activities						
Business-type Activities:		358,546,181		261 457 512		
Hospital Water		39,387,487		361,457,513 31,948,479		-
Sewer		31,136,245		15,957,087		-
Golf courses		1,539,987		582,898		-
Gon courses		1,557,767		302,070		-
Total business-type activities		430,609,900		409,945,977		-
Total primary government	\$	581,861,007	\$	433,006,166	\$	21,984,894
Component Units	ſ		æ		ſ	4 500
Downtown Development Authority	\$	1,676,537	\$	823,477	\$	4,500
Atwood Stadium Building Authority		90 (FR 030		-		-
Flint Area Enterprise Community		658,030		-		356,934
Economic Development Authority		220,431		145,254		22,983
Total component units	\$	2,555,088	\$	968,731	\$	384,417

Program Revenues	Net (E	Expense) Revenue ar	nd Changes in Net A	ssets						
	Primary Government									
Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units						
\$ - -	\$ (1,767,485) (5,214,113)	\$ - -	\$ (1,767,485) (5,214,113)	\$ - -						
- 182,622 100,000	(17,678,016) (31,201,050) (18,986,372)	-	(17,678,016) (31,201,050) (18,986,372)	-						
-	(1,830,080)		(2,199,493) (1,830,080)	-						
231,105 - 66,853	(10,537,846) (6,441,443) (4,944,842)		(10,537,846) (6,441,443) (4,944,842)	-						
3,855,947	(162,120) (806,637)	-	(162,120) (806,637)	-						
4,436,527	(101,769,497)	_	(101,769,497)	-						
		2,911,332	2,911,332							
34,425 94,430	-	(7,404,583) (15,084,728) (957,089)	(7,404,583) (15,084,728) (957,089)	-						
128,855	-	(20,535,068)	(20,535,068)	_						
\$ 4,565,382	(101,769,497)	(20,535,068)	(122,304,565)							
\$-	-	-	-	(848,560)						
-	-	-	-	(90) (301,096) (52,194)						
\$-		-	-	(1,201,940)						

Statement of Activities (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2010

Program Revenues

		Operating
	Charges for	Grants and
Expenses	Services	Contributions

General Revenues: Income taxes Property taxes Unrestricted state shared revenue Unrestriced franchise taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Loss on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous revenue

Total general revenues

Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses

Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

Program Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets								
	Primary Government								
Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units					
	3,55 ,247 9,224,393 6,424,09 , 39, 47 624,699 (327,55) 54,549	- - - 2,186,379 - 29,898	3,55 ,247 9,224,393 6,424,09 , 39, 47 2,8 ,078 (327,55) 84,447	72,440 - 57,078 18,391					
	50,690,575 (51,078,922) 2,983,177	2,216,277 (18,318,791) (2,983,177)	52,906,852 (69,397,713)	147,909 (1,054,031)					
	(48,095,745)	(21,301,968)	(69,397,713) 332,428,856	(1,054,031) 9,832,267					
	<u>·</u>		\$ 263,031,143	\$ 8,778,236					

Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2010

	General Fund		Federal Grants Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Ģ	Total Governmental Funds
Assets							
Pooled cash and investments	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,257,466	\$	1,257,466
Cash and cash equivalents		15,064	681,813		204,125		901,002
Investments		-	775,703		-		775,703
Receivable (net of allowance for							
estimated uncollectible accounts of \$5,763,962)							
Property taxes receivable		785,079	-		516,794		1,301,873
Notes and leases receivable		-	10,515,000		2,160,287		12,675,287
Other receivables		2,019,726	157		214,738		2,234,621
Due from other funds		-	-		4,129,318		4,129,318
Due from other governments		5,189,446	2,392,729		1,971,487		9,553,662
Due from component units		14,615	-		771,722		786,337
Inventories		-	-		63,786		63,786
Restricted pooled cash and investments		1,059,914	-		-		1,059,914
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-	294,038		-		294,038
Total assets	\$	9,083,844	\$ 14,659,440	\$	11,289,723	\$	35,033,007

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds (Continued) June 30, 2010

	General Fund		Federal Grants Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total Governmental Funds	
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	2,418,572	\$	815,233	\$	1,069,944	\$	4,303,749
Accrued liabilities		1,045,000		-		1,006,000		2,051,000
Due to other funds		18,002,907		1,384,997		1,603,549		20,991,453
Due to other governments		397,665		-		-		397,665
Deposits payable		-		-		482,672		482,672
Deferred revenue		1,841,246		11,489,846		1,705,905		15,036,997
Total liabilities		23,705,390		13,690,076		5,868,070		43,263,536
Fund Balances								
Reserved for encumbrances		-		-		381,356		381,356
Reserved for long-term lease receivable		-		-		1,304,100		1,304,100
Reserved for inventory		-		-		63,786		63,786
Unreserved, designated for:								
Subsequent years' expenditures:								
Special revenue funds		-		-		1,571,387		1,571,387
Capital project funds		-		-		300,810		300,810
Unreserved and undesignated, reported in:								
General fund (deficit)		(14,621,546)		-		-		(14,621,546)
Special revenue funds (deficit)		-		969,364		(38,287)		931,077
Debt service funds		-		-		7,163		7,163
Capital project funds		-		-		1,831,338		1,831,338
Total fund balances		(14,621,546)		969,364		5,421,653		(8,230,529)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,083,844	\$	14,659,440	\$	11,289,723	\$	35,033,007

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

Fund balances reported in the governmental funds	\$ (8,230,529)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	178,380,299
Other long term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds	22,817,216
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities	2,856,653
Bonds payable and capital lease obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(25,310,756)
Employee compensated absences are payable over a long period of years, and do not represent a claim on current resources: therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities	(7,432,645)
Net post employment benefit obligation are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(93,209,078)
Genesee Towers settlement to be paid with judgement levy collected in fiscal year 2011 is recorded as a liability in the period in which	(0.207.420)
the claim is known	 (8,287,438)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 61,583,722

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	 General Fund	Federal Grants Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenue					
Property taxes	\$ 9,474,168	\$ -	\$ 9,695,572	\$	19,169,740
Income taxes	13,551,247	-	-		13,551,247
Special assessments	41,479	-	-		41,479
Federal revenue	443,089	10,002,184	1,969,656		12,414,929
State revenue	17,446,231	4,829	10,319,243		27,770,303
Licenses and permits	1,265,092	-	1,175,556		2,440,648
Fines and forfeits	2,418,849	-	51,735		2,470,584
Charges for services	10,609,716	100,162	520,422		11,230,300
Local grants	I,460,656	3,000	497,933		1,961,589
Interest	89,128	70,590	210,913		370,631
Other	 389,799	41,115	2,024,046		2,454,960
Total revenue	 57,189,454	10,221,880	26,465,076		93,876,410
Expenditures					
Current:					
Legislative	1,176,953	-	-		1,176,953
Judicial	5,468,994	-	-		5,468,994
General government	10,839,590	-	137,306		10,976,896
Public safety:	24/// 174	225.00/	2 952 414		27 054 (0/
Police	24,666,174	335,896	2,852,616		27,854,686
Emergency dispatch	2,794,102	-	-		2,794,102
Fire	13,850,036	324,885	- 		14,174,921
Building inspection Public works:	116,641	1,398,175	5,089,245		6,604,061
Transportation	2,643,009	_	13,041,676		15,684,685
Public works	_,_ ,_ ,_ ,_ ,	-	4,694,814		4,694,814
Parks and recreation	2,758,896	-	1,581,582		4,340,478
Community development	427,056	14,452,724	19,927		14,899,707
Debt Service:		, ,	,		
Principal retirement	-	171,000	2,121,187		2,292,187
Interest and fiscal charges	 -	50,999	624,148		675,147
Total expenditures	64,741,451	16,733,679	30,162,501		111,637,631
Excess (deficiency)of revenue under					
expenditures	 (7,551,997)	(6,511,799)	(3,697,425)		(17,761,221)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	54,195	-			54,195
Transfers in	2,990,000	-	591,463		3,581,463
Transfers out	 -	-	(1,835,652)		(1,835,652)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 3,044,195	-	(1,244,189)		1,800,006
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,507,802)	(6,511,799)	(4,941,614)		(15,961,215)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	 (10,113,744)	7,481,163	10,363,267		7,730,686
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	\$ (14,621,546)	\$ 969,364	\$ 5,421,653	\$	(8,230,529)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(15,961,215)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however in the statement of activities these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives and as depreciation :		
Capital outlay		10,797,721
Depreciation expense		(14,933,785)
Net book value of assets disposed of		(386,318)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	3	3,251,663
Decreases in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay and other similar expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current resources, and therefore are not reported in the fund statements until they come due		
for payment		974,780
Increase in net post employment benefit obligation		(30,136,872)
Revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when earned; they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 90 days of year end		5,993,374
Internal service funds are also included as governmental activities		592,345
Genesee Towers settlement is recorded as an expense in the period it is known		(8,287,438)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(48,095,745)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2010

	Enterprise Funds			
	Hurley Medical Center	Water Supply Division		
Assets				
Current assets:				
Pooled cash and investments	\$ -	\$ -		
Cash and cash equivalents	80,481,367	607,084		
Investments	13,675,035	-		
Receivables:				
Customer receivables (net of uncollectible				
allowance of \$30,206,900)	25,729,919	8,071,528		
Due from other funds	-	-		
Inventories	4,128,568	414,134		
Prepaid items	2,769,130	-		
Advances to other funds - current portion	-	-		
Note receivable - current portion	-	-		
Total current assets	126,784,019	9,092,746		
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Pooled cash and investments	-	5,760,000		
Cash and equivalents	36,033,723	-		
Investments	26,583,684	-		
Accrued interest receivable	223,730	-		
Advances to other funds - long term portion	-	-		
Note receivable - long term portion	-	-		
Capital assets - not depreciated	18,027,238	724,317		
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	55,513,742	54,419,070		
Investment in joint ventures	7,704,459	-		
Other	3,743,624	-		
Total noncurrent assets	147,830,200	60,903,387		
Total assets	274,614,219	69,996,133		
		. ,		

	Enterprise F	unds			
	Nonmajor				
Sewage	Enterprise		Total		
Disposal	Fund		Enterprise	Inte	ernal Service
Division	Golf Course	-	Funds		Funds
\$-	\$-	\$	-	\$	3,120,741
-	2,525	-	81,090,976	Ŧ	132,485
-	_,=_=		13,675,035		-
			13,073,033		
4,854,387	, <u> </u>		38,655,834		14,068
15,532,804			15,536,390		3,716,329
734,637			5,292,403		180,017
-	70,625		2,839,755		295,560
1,078,131			1,078,131		
-	-		-		130,000
22,199,959	91,800		158,168,524		7,589,200
-	-		5,760,000		-
-	-		36,033,723		-
-	-		26,583,684		-
-	-		223,730		-
1,348,618	-		1,348,618		-
-	-		-		260,000
38,077	870,205		19,659,837		-
70,200,627	2,096,636		182,230,075		4,783,951
-	-		7,704,459		-
77,492	-		3,821,116		-
71,664,814	2,966,841		283,365,242		5,043,951
93,864,773	3,058,641		441,533,766		12,633,151
,					

Statement of Net Assets (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2010

	Enterpris	e Funds
Liablities and Net Assets	Hurley Medical Center	Water Supply Division
Liabilities		
Current liabilities (payable from current assets): Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits and advances Retainage payable Due to other funds Advances from other funds - current portion Capital lease obligation - current portion Note payable - current portion Revenue bonds - current portion	17,664,573 28,850,565 - - - - - - - - 3,285,000	3,987,470 552,355 568,621 114,449 1,021,923 - - 2,591 2,040,000
Total current liabilities	49,800,138	8,287,409
Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued expenses - long term Claims payable Net pension obligation Other post employment benefit liability Advances from other funds - long term portion Capital lease obligation - long term portion Note payable - long term portion Revenue bonds - long term portion Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	2,524,949 29,896,043 8,896,382 - - - - 89,210,000 130,527,374 180,327,512	- - 8,643,901 - - 28,116,259 36,760,160 45,047,569
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital replacement Restricted for donor restrictions and other Unrestricted (deficit)	27,481,195 - - 5,001,281 61,804,231	24,984,537 2,810,531 2,949,469 - (5,795,973)
Total net assets	\$ 94,286,707	\$ 24,948,564

	Enterprise Funds		
Sewage Disposal Division	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund Golf Course	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
	0.270	22 7/2 004	1 774 010
1,101,483	9,278	22,762,804	1,774,019
503,930	-	29,906,850	2,764,538
-	-	568,621 193,404	-
78,955 851,200	- 365,192	2,238,315	- 152,269
031,200	303,172	2,230,313	1,078,131
-	-	-	1,078,131
- 35,142	3,322	- 41,055	-
-	-	5,325,000	-
2,570,710	377,792	61,036,049	5,884,100
-	-	2,524,949	-
-	-	29,896,043	2,260,835
-	-	8,896,382	-
11,762,762	-	20,406,663	-
-	-	-	1,348,618
-	-	-	282,945
-	-	-	-
-	-	117,326,259	-
11,762,762	-	179,050,296	3,892,398
14,333,472	377,792	240,086,345	9,776,498
70,203,563	2,963,519	125,632,814	4,385,863
-	-	2,810,531	-
-	-	2,949,469	-
-	-	5,001,281	-
9,327,738	(282,670)	65,053,326	(1,529,210)
\$ 79,531,301	\$ 2,680,849	\$ 201,447,421	\$ 2,856,653

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in

Net Assets - Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

Upperating Revenue Charges for services Other miscellaneous revenue Water Medical Supply Center Water Supply Division Coperating Revenue Charges for services Total operating revenue 360,903,987 \$ 31,948,479 Costs of Materials or Services Rendered Operating Expenses - 17,103,752 Costs of Materials or Services Rendered Operating Expenses - 17,103,752 Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits Utilities 246,634,464 11,977,013 Supplies 246,634,464 11,977,013 Supplies 3,571,330 926,721 Supplies 44,073,218 905,981 Insurance 9,014,059 - Depreciation and amortization 11,159,359 3,649,992 Professional services 20,051,399 977,719 Claims and settlements - - Administrative costs 1,076,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) (3,713,227) (80,41,23)		Enterpr	ise Funds
Charges for services \$ 360,903,987 \$ 31,948,479 Other miscellaneous revenue 360,903,987 \$ 31,948,479 Total operating revenue 360,903,987 \$ 31,956,754 Costs of Materials or Services Rendered - 17,103,752 Operating Expenses 5alaries, wages, and fringe benefits 246,634,464 11,977,013 Utilities 5,529,899 713,113 246,634,464 11,977,013 Supplies 4,073,218 905,981 905,981 Insurance 9,014,059 - - Depreciation and amortization 11,159,359 3,649,892 Professional services 20,051,399 977,719 Claims and settlements - - - Administrative costs - 1,076,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) - - - Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 - Interest expense (23,273)		Medical	Supply
Other miscellaneous revenue - 8,275 Total operating revenue 360,903,987 31,956,754 Costs of Materials or Services Rendered - 17,103,752 Operating Expenses 246,634,464 11,977,013 Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits 246,634,464 11,977,013 Utilities 246,634,464 11,977,013 Supplies 3,571,330 926,721 Supplies 4,073,218 905,981 Insurance 9,014,959 - Depreciation and amortization 11,159,359 3,649,892 Professional services 20,051,399 977,719 Claims and settlements - - Administrative costs - 1,076,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Revenue (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) - - Interest and divided income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest and dividend income 1,429,7	• •		
Total operating revenue360,903,98731,956,754Costs of Materials or Services RenderedOperating ExpensesSalaries, wages, and fringe benefitsUtilities <td>5</td> <td>\$ 360,903,987</td> <td></td>	5	\$ 360,903,987	
Costs of Materials or Services Rendered-17,103,752Operating ExpensesSalaries, wages, and fringe benefits246,634,46411,977,013Utilities246,634,46411,977,013Equipment operation3,571,330926,721Supplies44,073,218905,981Insurance9,014,059-Depreciation and amortization11,159,3593,649,892Professional services20,051,399977,719Claims and settlementsAdministrative costs-1,076,070Miscellaneous14,758,909925,656Total operating expenses354,792,63721,479,612Total materials, services, and operating expenses354,792,63738,583,364Operating Income (Loss)6,111,350(6,626,610)Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)1,429,768160,315Interest and dividend income1,429,768160,315Interest expense(3,713,227)(804,123)Net income from joint ventures742,126-Restricted contributions net of expenses(165,327)-Loss on sale of capital assets(165,327)-Usicallaneous expense(40,317)-Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100(7,270,418)Capital ContributionsGrants for capital improvements-34,425Transfers from other fundsChange in Net AssetsAgaiton (1,130,000)Transfer		-	
Operating Expenses $246,634,464$ $11,977,013$ Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits $246,634,464$ $11,977,013$ Utilities $5,529,899$ $713,113$ Equipment operation $ 327,447$ Repairs and maintenance $3,571,330$ $926,721$ Supplies $41,073,218$ $905,981$ Insurance $9,014,059$ $-$ Depreciation and amortization $11,159,359$ $3,649,892$ Professional services $20,051,399$ $977,719$ Claims and settlements $ -$ Administrative costs $ 1,076,070$ Miscellaneous $14,758,909$ $925,656$ Total operating expenses $354,792,637$ $38,583,364$ Operating Income (Loss) $6,111,350$ $(6,626,610)$ Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) $1,429,768$ $160,315$ Interest and dividend income $1,429,768$ $160,315$ Interest expense $(3,713,227)$ $(804,123)$ Net income from joint ventures $742,126$ $-$ Restricted contributions net of expenses $(23,273)$ $-$ Loss on sale of capital assets $(165,327)$ $-$ Miscellaneous expense $(40,317)$ $-$ Income (Loss) - Before contributions $ (40,317)$ Grants for capital improvements $ 34,425$ Transfers to other funds $ -$ Change in Net Assets $4,341,100$ $(8,365,993)$ Net Assets - Beginning of year $89,945,607$ $33,314,557$	Total operating revenue	360,903,987	31,956,754
Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits 246,634,464 11,977,013 Utilities 5,529,899 713,113 Equipment operation - 327,447 Repairs and maintenance 3,571,330 926,721 Supplies 44,073,218 905,981 Insurance 9,014,059 - Depreciation and amortization 11,159,359 3,649,892 Professional services 20,051,399 977,719 Claims and settlements - - Administrative costs - 1,076,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 21,479,612 Total materials, services, and - - operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) - - - Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 742,126 - Restricted contributions net of expenses <t< td=""><td>Costs of Materials or Services Rendered</td><td>-</td><td>17,103,752</td></t<>	Costs of Materials or Services Rendered	-	17,103,752
Utilities 5,529,899 713,113 Equipment operation - 327,447 Repairs and maintenance 3,571,330 926,721 Supplies 44,073,218 905,981 Insurance 9,014,059 - Depreciation and amortization 11,159,359 3,649,892 Professional services 20,051,399 977,719 Claims and settlements - - Administrative costs - 1,076,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 21,479,612 Total materials, services, and operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) 1 - - Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (23,273) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense (40,3			
Equipment operation 3,571,330 926,721 Supplies 44,073,218 905,981 Insurance 9,014,059 - Depreciation and amortization 11,159,359 3,649,892 Professional services 20,051,399 977,719 Claims and settlements - - Administrative costs - 1,076,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 21,479,612 Total materials, services, and operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) 1,429,768 160,315 Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 74,126 - Restricted contributions net of expenses (165,327) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense - 34,425 Grants for capital			
Repairs and maintenance 3,571,330 926,721 Supplies 44,073,218 905,981 Insurance 9,014,059 - Depreciation and amortization 11,159,359 3,649,892 Professional services 20,051,399 977,719 Claims and settlements - - Administrative costs - 10,76,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 21,479,612 Total materials, services, and operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) 1 - - Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 742,126 - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense (40,317) - Income (Loss) - Before contributions 4,341,100 (7,270,418) C		5,529,899	
Supplies Insurance 44,073,218 905,981 Insurance 9,014,059 - Depreciation and amortization 11,159,359 3,649,892 Professional services 20,051,399 977,719 Claims and settlements - - Administrative costs - 1,076,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 21,479,612 Total materials, services, and operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) 1,429,768 160,315 Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 742,126 - Restricted contributions net of expenses (23,273) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense - 34,425 Grants for capital improvements - 34,425 Transf		- 2 571 330	
Insurance 9,014,059 - Depreciation and amortization 11,159,359 3,649,892 Professional services 20,051,399 977,719 Claims and settlements - - Administrative costs - 1,076,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 21,479,612 Total materials, services, and operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) 1,429,768 160,315 Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 742,126 - Restricted contributions net of expenses (165,327) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense (40,317) - Income (Loss) - Before contributions 4,341,100 (7,270,418) Capital Contributions - - -	•		-
Depreciation and amortization 11,159,359 3,649,892 Professional services 20,051,399 977,719 Claims and settlements - - Administrative costs - 1,076,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 21,479,612 Total materials, services, and operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) (3,713,227) (804,123) Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 742,126 - Restricted contributions net of expenses (165,327) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense (40,317) - Grants for capital improvements - 34,425 Transfers to other funds - - Grants for capital improvements - -			-
Claims and settlementsAdministrative costs-Administrative costs-Interest and dividend income14,758,909Pestricted contributions ret of expenses354,792,63721,479,61238,583,364Operating nocme (Loss)6,111,350Interest and dividend income1,429,768Interest and dividend income1,429,768Interest expense(3,713,227)Restricted contributions net of expenses(23,273)Loss on sale of capital assets(165,327)Miscellaneous expense(40,317)Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100Grants for capital improvements-Transfers to other funds-Change in Net Assets4,341,100Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,607Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,607			3,649,892
Administrative costs - 1,076,070 Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 21,479,612 Total materials, services, and operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) 1,429,768 160,315 Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 742,126 - Restricted contributions net of expenses (165,327) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense (40,317) - Income (Loss) - Before contributions 4,341,100 (7,270,418) Capital Contributions - 34,425 Transfers to other funds - - Transfers from o	Professional services	20,051,399	977,719
Miscellaneous 14,758,909 925,656 Total operating expenses 354,792,637 21,479,612 Total materials, services, and 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) 1,429,768 160,315 Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 742,126 - Restricted contributions net of expenses (23,273) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense (40,317) - Income (Loss) - Before contributions 4,341,100 (7,270,418) Capital Contributions - - - Grants for capital improvements - 34,425 - Transfers to other funds - - - - - - - - Change in Net Assets 4,341,100 (8,365,993) - Net Assets - Beginning of year 89,945,607 33,314,557		-	-
Total operating expenses 354,792,637 21,479,612 Total materials, services, and operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) 1,429,768 160,315 Interest and dividend income Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 742,126 - Restricted contributions net of expenses (23,273) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense (40,317) - Income (Loss) Before contributions 4,341,100 (7,270,418) Capital Contributions - 34,425 - Transfers to other funds - - - Transfers from other funds - - - Change in Net Assets 4,341,100 (8,365,993) 3,314,557		-	
Total materials, services, and operating expenses354,792,63738,583,364Operating Income (Loss)6,111,350(6,626,610)Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)1,429,768160,315Interest and dividend income Interest expense1,429,768160,315Net income from joint ventures Restricted contributions net of expenses742,126-Loss on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous expense(165,327)-Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100(7,270,418)Capital Contributions-34,425Transfers to other funds Transfers from other fundsChange in Net Assets4,341,100(8,365,993)Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,60733,314,557	Miscellaneous	14,758,909	925,656
operating expenses 354,792,637 38,583,364 Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) 1 429,768 160,315 Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 742,126 - Restricted contributions net of expenses (23,273) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense (40,317) - Income (Loss) - Before contributions 4,341,100 (7,270,418) Capital Contributions - 34,425 Transfers to other funds - - Transfers from other funds - - Change in Net Assets 4,341,100 (8,365,993) Net Assets - Beginning of year 89,945,607 33,314,557	Total operating expenses	354,792,637	21,479,612
Operating Income (Loss) 6,111,350 (6,626,610) Non-operating Revenue (Expenses) 1,429,768 160,315 Interest and dividend income 1,429,768 160,315 Interest expense (3,713,227) (804,123) Net income from joint ventures 742,126 - Restricted contributions net of expenses (23,273) - Loss on sale of capital assets (165,327) - Miscellaneous expense (40,317) - Income (Loss) - Before contributions 4,341,100 (7,270,418) Capital Contributions - 34,425 Transfers to other funds - - Transfers from other funds - - Change in Net Assets 4,341,100 (8,365,993) Net Assets - Beginning of year 89,945,607 33,314,557	Total materials, services, and		
Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)Interest and dividend income1,429,768160,315Interest expense(3,713,227)(804,123)Net income from joint ventures742,126-Restricted contributions net of expenses(23,273)-Loss on sale of capital assets(165,327)-Miscellaneous expense(40,317)-Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100(7,270,418)Capital Contributions-34,425Transfers to other fundsTransfers from other fundsChange in Net Assets4,341,100(8,365,993)Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,60733,314,557	operating expenses	354,792,637	38,583,364
Interest and dividend income1,429,768160,315Interest expense(3,713,227)(804,123)Net income from joint ventures742,126-Restricted contributions net of expenses(23,273)-Loss on sale of capital assets(165,327)-Miscellaneous expense(40,317)-Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100(7,270,418)Capital Contributions-34,425Transfers to other fundsTransfers from other fundsChange in Net Assets4,341,100(8,365,993)Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,60733,314,557	Operating Income (Loss)	6,111,350	(6,626,610)
Interest expense(3,713,227)(804,123)Net income from joint ventures742,126-Restricted contributions net of expenses(23,273)-Loss on sale of capital assets(165,327)-Miscellaneous expense(40,317)-Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100(7,270,418)Capital Contributions-34,425Transfers to other fundsTransfers from other fundsChange in Net Assets4,341,100(8,365,993)Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,60733,314,557	Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)		
Interest expense(3,713,227)(804,123)Net income from joint ventures742,126-Restricted contributions net of expenses(23,273)-Loss on sale of capital assets(165,327)-Miscellaneous expense(40,317)-Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100(7,270,418)Capital Contributions-34,425Transfers to other fundsTransfers from other fundsChange in Net Assets4,341,100(8,365,993)Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,60733,314,557	Interest and dividend income	1.429.768	160.315
Net income from joint ventures742,126Restricted contributions net of expenses(23,273)Loss on sale of capital assets(165,327)Miscellaneous expense(40,317)Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100Capital Contributions4,341,100Grants for capital improvements-Transfers to other funds-Insers from other funds-Change in Net Assets4,341,100Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,607Assets - Beginning of year89,945,607			-
Loss on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous expense(165,327) (40,317)-Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100(7,270,418)Capital Contributions-34,425Grants for capital improvements-34,425Transfers to other funds Transfers from other fundsChange in Net Assets4,341,100(8,365,993)Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,60733,314,557			-
Miscellaneous expense(40,317)Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100Capital Contributions4,341,100Grants for capital improvements-Transfers to other funds-Transfers from other funds-Change in Net Assets4,341,100Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,607Miscellaneous expense33,314,557			-
Income (Loss) - Before contributions4,341,100(7,270,418)Capital Contributions4,341,100(7,270,418)Grants for capital improvements-34,425Transfers to other funds-(1,130,000)Transfers from other fundsChange in Net Assets4,341,100(8,365,993)Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,60733,314,557			-
Capital ContributionsGrants for capital improvements-34,425Transfers to other funds-Change in Net AssetsNet Assets - Beginning of year89,945,60733,314,557	Miscellaneous expense	(40,317)	-
Grants for capital improvements-34,425Transfers to other funds-(1,130,000)Transfers from other fundsChange in Net Assets4,341,100(8,365,993)Net Assets - Beginning of year89,945,60733,314,557	Income (Loss) - Before contributions	4,341,100	(7,270,418)
Transfers to other funds - (1,130,000) Transfers from other funds - - Change in Net Assets 4,341,100 (8,365,993) Net Assets - Beginning of year 89,945,607 33,314,557	Capital Contributions		
Transfers from other funds - - Change in Net Assets 4,341,100 (8,365,993) Net Assets - Beginning of year 89,945,607 33,314,557	Grants for capital improvements	-	34,425
Net Assets - Beginning of year 89,945,607 33,314,557			(1,130,000)
	Change in Net Assets	4,341,100	(8,365,993)
Net Assets - End of year \$ 94,286,707 \$ 24,948,564	Net Assets - Beginning of year	89,945,607	33,314,557
	Net Assets - End of year	\$ 94,286,707	\$ 24,948,564

	E	nterprise Fund	S	<u> </u>		
 Sewage Disposal Division		Nonmajor Enterprise Fund Golf Course		Total Enterprise Funds	Int	ernal Service Funds
\$ 15,978,110	\$	582,898 600	\$	409,413,474 8,875	\$	35,715,255
 15,978,110		583,498		409,422,349		35,715,255
 -		8,299		17,112,051		26,167,438
 16,172,933 2,337,131 433,754 1,122,038 1,509,060 - 5,204,997 2,035,609 - 751,341 1,561,235 31,128,098 31,128,098		631,230 42,523 27,475 28,252 96,670 - - 380,296 35,385 - 286,566 - 1,528,397 1,536,696		275,415,640 8,622,666 788,676 5,648,341 46,584,929 9,014,059 20,394,544 23,100,112 - 2,113,977 17,245,800 408,928,744 426,040,795		3,133,297 14,992 1,123 358,951 1,932,817 373,105 2,131,446 2,368,065 331,697 - 5,936 10,651,429 36,818,867
 (15,149,988) 596,296 (8,147) - - - - - (14,561,839)		(953,198) - (3,291) - - - - - - (956,489)		(16,618,446) 2,186,379 (4,528,788) 742,126 (23,273) (165,327) (40,317) (18,447,646)		(1,103,612) (10,490 (203,594) - - - (1,196,716)
 		(756,467)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<u>`</u>
94,430 (1,860,000) -		- - 6,823		128,855 (2,990,000) 6,823		551,695 - 1,237,366
 (16,327,409)		(949,666)		(21,301,968)		592,345
 95,858,710		3,630,515		222,749,389		2,264,308
\$ 79,531,301	\$	2,680,849	\$	201,447,421	\$	2,856,653

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Enterprise Funds				
		Hurley Medical Center	Water Supply Division		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Payments to vendors Payments for interfund services Payments to employees Claims paid Other receipts	\$	373,020,647 (173,878,296) - (161,953,661) - -	5 33,685,408 (21,412,177) (910,000) (8,912,652) - -		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		37,188,690	2,450,579		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Distributions from joint ventures Purchase of investments Interest on investments		950,000 (4,427,523) 950,062	- - 160,315		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(2,527,461)	160,315		
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities Contributions for restricted purposes Pooled cash advances made to other funds Pooled cash advances from other funds Transfer from (to) other funds Payments received on long term note receivable Repayment on advances from other funds Interest paid		669,332 - - - - - - -	- 652,383 (1,130,000) - - -		
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital		((0 0 0 0 0			
financing activities Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Capital contributions		- 669,332	(477,617) 34,425		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Principal payments on long term debt Repayment on long term advances Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of assets Interest payments		33,990,219 (3,105,000) - (20,873,860) 661,594 (3,131,485)	(1,999,979) - (2,091,160) - (804,123)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		7,541,468	(4,860,837)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		42,872,029	(2,727,560)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		73,643,061	9,094,644		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	116,515,090	6,367,084		

		Ente	rprise Funds			
			lonmajor			
	Sewage	E	nterprise	Total		
	Disposal		Fund	Enterprise	Int	ternal Service
	Division	G	olf Course	Funds		Funds
\$	16,595,439	\$	585,901	\$ 423,887,395	\$	35,720,980
	(18,470,733)		(559,717)	(214,320,923)		(31,465,049)
	(1,500,000)		365,192	(2,044,808)		-
	(12,153,839)		(578,730)	(183,598,882)		(3,053,000)
	-		-	-		(4,475,908)
	-		600	600		-
	(15,529,133)		(186,754)	23,923,382		(3,272,977)
	-		-	950,000		-
	-		-	(4,427,523)		-
	596,296		-	1,706,673		110,490
	596,296		-	(1,770,850)		110,490
	-		-	669,332		-
	4,544,147 1,054,595		-	4,544,147 1,706,978		-
	(1,860,000)		6,823	(2,983,177)		- 1,237,366
	-		-	-		130,000
	-		-	-		85,734
	-		(2,853)	(2,853)		(7,405)
	3,738,742		3,970	3,934,427		I,445,695
	94,430		-	I 28,855		551,695
						8,423
	81,980		-	34,072,199		
	(192,911)		(6,384)	(5,304,274)		(105,677)
	- (657,071)		-	- (23,622,091)		(1,054,595) (911,800)
	-		-	661,594		-
	(8,147)		(438)	(3,944,193)		(196,189)
	(681,719)		(6,822)	1,992,090		(1,708,143)
	(11,875,814)		(189,606)	28,079,049		(3,424,935)
_	11,875,814		192,131	 94,805,650		6,678,161
\$	- 0 -	\$	2,525	\$ 122,884,699	\$	3,253,226

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Enterprise Funds				
	Hurley Medical Center			Water Supply Division	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$	6,111,350	\$	(6,626,610)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	Ŧ	-,,	Ŧ	(0,020,010)	
net cash provided by (used in) operations:					
Depreciation and amortization		, 59,359		3,649,892	
Provision for bad debt		35,723,170		-	
Amortization of deferred defeasance and					
bond issuance costs		(215,633)		-	
(Gain) loss on disposal of assets		267,945			
Contributions released from restrictions		(692,605)			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		(23,052,906)		1,728,652	
Inventories		168,759		(18,336)	
Prepaid items and other assets		657,145		-	
Accounts payable		2,421,246		744,247	
Due to other funds		-		-	
Customer deposits		-		(91,627)	
Estimated claims liability		-		-	
Net post employment benefit obligation		-		2,920,745	
Accrued liabilities		4,640,860		143,616	
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	\$	37,188,690	\$	2,450,579	

	Enterprise Funds			
	Nonmajor			
Sewage	Enterprise	Total		
Disposal	Fund	Enterprise	Inter	rnal Service
 Division	Golf Course	Funds		Funds
\$ (15,149,988)	\$ (953,198)	\$ (16,618,446)	\$	(1,103,612)
5,204,997	380,296	20,394,544		2,131,446
-	-	35,723,170		-
_	_	(215,633)		-
		267,945		
		(692,605)		
617,329	3,003	(20,703,922)		5,725
86,241	(740)	235,924		11,693
-	52,500	709,645		137,624
375,244	331,385	3,872,122		8,117,797
(10,682,050)	-	(10,682,050)		-
-	-	(91,627)		-
-	-	-	(12,653,947)
3,912,497	-	6,833,242		-
 106,597	-	4,891,073		80,297
\$ (15,529,133)	\$ (186,754)	\$ 23,923,382	\$ ((3,272,977)

Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2010

	Pension and Benefit Trust Funds	Agency Funds			
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,479,771	\$ 2,277,112			
Cash and cash equivalents	25,735,714	1,244,141			
Investments:					
U.S. government obligations	48,131,332	-			
Corporate stocks	255,266,209	-			
Corporate bonds	109,835,305	-			
Partnerships	20,764,348	-			
Foreign stocks	28,256,299	-			
Asset backed securities	3,737,653	-			
Cash and securities held as collateral					
for securities lending	73,409,189	-			
Taxes receivable	-	3,072,053			
Accrued interest	684,701	-			
Prepaid items	614,690	-			
Loans receivables	-	24,291			
Total assets	567,915,211	\$ 6,617,597			
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	645,235	405,650			
Accrued salaries and wages	5,130,935	-			
Deposits and advances	-	936,166			
Due to other governments	-	5,275,781			
Obligations under securities lending agreements	75,002,704				
Total liabilities	80,778,874	\$ 6,617,597			
Net Assets					
Held in trust for pension benefits					
and other employee benefits	\$ 487,136,337				

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Pension and Benefit Trust Funds
Additions	
Investment income:	
Interest	\$ 2,898,167
Dividends	2,942,491
Other investment income	207,122
Less investment expense	(2,981,570)
Net increase in fair value of investments	52,338,579
Net investment income	55,404,789
Contributions:	
Employer	41,823,027
Employee	5,346,654
Total contributions	47,169,681
Securities lending income:	
Interest and fees	221,258
Less borrower rebates and bank fees	(109,150)
Net securities lending income	112,108
Total additions	102,686,578
Deductions	
Benefits payments	89,628,711
Refunds of contributions	524,862
Administrative expenses	210,681
Total deductions	90,364,254
Net Increase in Net Assets Held in Trust	12,322,324
Net Assets	
Beginning of year	474,814,053
End of year	\$ 487,136,377

Component Units Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

				Atwood				Flint		
	D	owntown	Stadium Eco		conomic	conomic Area				
	De	velopment		Building	Dev	velopment	Е	Enterprise		
	A	uthority		Authority	Co	orporation	Community			Totals
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	700,490	\$	-	\$	49,421	\$	916,408	\$	1,666,319
Cash held with agent		-		9,252		202,479		-		211,731
Receivables:										
Accounts (net of allowance \$419,368)		10,114		-		556,774		17,950		584,838
Notes and leases receivable		-		-		-		863,701		863,701
Assets held for resale - seized property		-		-		-		69,800		69,800
Prepaid and other current assets		32,891		-		15,840		212		48,943
Restricted assets		166,977		-		-		-		166,977
Capital assets (not depreciated)		5,498,512		-		431,860		-		5,930,372
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		9,728,866		-		249,000		43,032		10,020,898
Total assets		16,137,850		9,252		1,505,374		1,911,103		19,563,579

Component Units Statement of Net Assets (Continued) June 30, 2010

	Downtown Developmen Authority	Atwood Stadium Building Authority	Economic Development Corporation	Flint Area Enterprise Community	Totals
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	69,3	43 -	11,853	2,183	83,379
Due to primary government	10,619,6	- 23	14,615	-	10,634,238
Accrued liabilities	4,4	57 -	-	,	15,568
Unearned revenue	13,6	- 06	275	7,777	21,658
Deposits payable	25,0	60 -	5,440	-	30,500
Total liabilities	10,732,0	89 -	32,183	21,071	10,785,343
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets- Net of related debt	5,108,1	34 -	680,860	43,032	5,832,026
Restricted for:					
Community development	-	-	-	146,475	146,475
Revolving loan program	-	-	799,735	1,620,872	2,420,607
Unrestricted (deficit)	297,6	27 9,25	62 (7,404)	79,653	379,128
Total net assets	\$ 5,405,7	61 \$ 9,25	2 \$ 1,473,191	\$ 1,890,032	\$ 8,778,236

Component Units Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2010

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets							
		-			,	s Flint						
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Downtown S Development I	Atwood Stadium Building Authority	Economic Development Corporation	Area Enterprise Community	Total			
Functions/Programs Downtown Development Authority: Governmental activities: Development administration	\$ 141,156	\$-	\$ 4,500	\$-	\$ (136,656) \$	-	\$-	\$-\$	(136,656)			
Business-type activities: Parking	1,535,381	823,477	-	-	(711,904)	-	-	-	(711,904)			
Total Downtown Development Authority	1,676,537	823,477	4,500	-	(848,560)	-	-	-	(848,560)			
Atwood Stadium Building Authority: Business-type activities: Building authority	90	-	-	-	-	(90)	-	-	(90)			
Flint Area Enterprise Community: Governmental activities: Community development	658,030	-	356,934		-	_	-	(301,096)	(301,096)			
Economic Development Corporation: Governmental activities: Economic development Business-type activities:	53,419	35,788	22,983	-	-	-	5,352	-	5,352			
Rental operations	167,012	109,466	-	-	-	-	(57,546)	-	(57,546)			
Total Economic Development Corporation	220,431	145,254	22,983	-	-	-	(52,194)	-	(52,194)			
Total component units	\$ 2,554,998	\$ 968,731	\$ 384,417	\$ -	(848,560)	(90)	(52,194)	(301,096)	(1,201,940)			
General Revenues: Property taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Unrestricted other revenues					72,440 4,666 15,417	- - -	17,775 2,974	34,637 -	72,440 57,078 18,391			
Total general revenues					92,523	-	20,749	34,637	147,909			
Change in Net Assets					(756,037)	(90)	(31,445)	(266,459)	(1,054,031)			
Net Assets - Beginning of year					6,161,798	9,342	1,504,636	2,156,491	9,832,267			
Net Assets - Ending of year					\$ 5,405,761 \$	9,252	\$ 1,473,191	\$ 1,890,032 \$	8,778,236			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Flint (City) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Flint.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Flint is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a nine member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legally separate entities, in substance they are part of the government's operations. The aggregate discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Units

The Flint Employees Retirement System (FERS) is a defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to certain City retirees. The FERS was established and is governed by City ordinance, with the Board of Trustees comprising of City officials and retirees. The FERS is reported as a Pension Trust Fiduciary Fund.

The City of Flint Retirees Health Care Plan and Trust is a defined contribution plan that provides retiree health care benefits to certain City retirees. The Health Benefits Plan and Trust was established and is governed by City ordinance with the Board of Trustees comprised of City officials and two members from each participating collective bargaining unit. The Plan is reported as a Benefit Trust Fiduciary Fund.

The Hurley Medical Center Retiree Health Benefits Trust Fund is a defined contribution plan that provides retiree health care benefits to certain Hurley Medical retirees.

The City of Flint Hospital Building Authority (the "Building Authority") is a blended component unit of the Medical Center and the City of Flint. The Building Authority only serves the Medical Center by facilitating the issuance of debt for certain capital improvements and equipment via a lease contract. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the lease transactions between the Medical Center and the Building Authority have been eliminated and all debt and related assets have been recorded in the Medical Center's financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Atwood Stadium Building Authority (Stadium Authority) serves all citizens and is responsible for major capital improvements to Atwood Stadium, a recreational facility serving the citizens of the City. The City appoints a majority of the governing board and all surplus funds existing at the termination of the Stadium Authority vest to the City. The Authority is presented as a governmental activity.

The Flint Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was created under State law to promote and rehabilitate the downtown area. The DDA sponsors downtown events and manages parking facilities. State law provides for a specific tax levy for the operations of the DDA. The City appoints the Board and has to approve the annual budget and the issuance of any debt. Any surplus funds remaining at the termination of the DDA vest to the City. The DDA has both governmental and business-type activities.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units (Continued)

The City of Flint Economic Development Corporation (Corporation) was created under State law to provide financing and development opportunities for businesses located within the City. The City appoints the Board. The Corporation provides loans to start up or expanding businesses and manages rental property that lease space to commercial and light industrial manufacturing companies. Surplus funds existing at the termination of the Corporation vest to the City. The City apportant and business-type activities.

The Flint Area Enterprise Community (FAEC) is a non-profit organization, established under state law. FAEC is responsible for coordinating and implementing a strategic plan to advocate and develop business and community development in a federally designated zone that includes portions of Mt. Morris Township and the City of Flint. The City appoints a majority of the Board of Directors, provides the majority of its funding for operations, and any assets remaining at the cessation of its operating activities would be returned to the City of Flint. The FAEC is presented as a governmental activity.

Complete financial statements for the following individual component units may be obtained at the entity's administrative offices. Complete financial statements for Atwood Stadium Building Authority are not available. Due to the nature of the operations of the Atwood Stadium Authority, there is no difference in the assets and liabilities, and equity reported between the fund and government-wide statements. Therefore fund financial statements are not presented.

Flint Downtown Development Authority Suite 206 412 S. Saginaw Street Flint, Michigan 48502 Flint Economic Development Corporation 1101 S. Saginaw Street Flint, Michigan 48502 Flint Area Enterprise Community 805 Welch Boulevard Flint, Michigan 48504

Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund

The Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund is a separate administrative unit of the City of Flint. The Medical Center provides inpatient, outpatient and emergency care services in Genesee and surrounding counties.

The Enterprise Fund financial statements present the Medical Center and its wholly owned subsidiary Hurley Health Services, Inc. on a consolidated basis.

The Medical Center is the sole member of Hurley Health Services, Inc., (HHS) a municipal support organization organized on a non-profit, non-stock membership basis. HHS on a consolidated basis, is comprised of two non-profit entities (HHS and The Hurley Clinics, THC) and one "for profit" corporation (Hurley Practice Management Services). HHS began operations January I, 1998.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund (Continued)

The Medical Center and HHS are exempt from income taxes except for HHS's subsidiary, Hurley Practice Management Services. A provision for income taxes (at statutory rates) has been provided for in the consolidated financial statements related to this entity's transactions. Hurley Practice Management Services (HPMS), adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. The difference between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities is determined annually. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for those differences that have future tax consequences using the current enacted tax laws and rates that apply to the periods in which they are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, if necessary, to reduce the deferred tax asset to the amount that will more likely than not be realized. Income tax expense is the current tax payable or refund for the period plus or minus the net change in the deferred tax assets and liabilities. There is a deferred tax asset of \$150,000 at year end.

Hurley Medical Center Joint Ventures

The Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund (Medical Center) participates in two privately held joint ventures: Flint Health Systems Imaging Center Inc. (FHSIC) and Genesys Hurley Cancer Institute. Each corporate joint venture is recorded in the financial statements in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Statement 18 on the equity method of accounting.

FHSIC provides magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) services to the greater Flint and Genesee County community. The ownership of this corporation is allocated between Hurley Medical Center, Genesys Regional Medical Center, and McLaren Regional Medical Center. The joint venture provides that each participant shares in the annual earnings/loss of the Corporation. The net investment by the Medical Center at June 30, 2010 was \$3,349,598. A total of \$250,000 was distributed to the Medical Center during the year ended June 30, 2010.

Genesys Hurley Cancer Institute is a joint venture between Hurley Medical Center and Genesys Regional Medical Center. The venture was established during 2001, to provide outpatient oncology services, including laboratory, and radiation oncology. The Medical Center's net investment at June 30, 2010 was \$4,348,861. The arrangement provides that the two entities will share equally in the income or losses of the joint venture. A total of \$700,000 was distributed to the Medical Center during the year ended June 30, 2010.

The financial statements of each entity are available at the Hurley Medical Center's administrative office.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct* expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund, pension trust fund, and component unit statement of net assets and statement of activities. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days for property taxes and 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period for all other revenues.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, income taxes, licenses, and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Federal Grants Fund accounts for entitlement and specific purpose grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and other grantors.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund is used to account for the financial operations of Hurley Hospital. The Hospital is owned by the City and is managed by an eleven member board of managers that are appointed by the mayor with the approval of City Council.

The Water Supply and Sewer Disposal System is a division of the City's Department of Public Works. Separate funds are maintained for the operations of the water distribution system and sewage pumping and collection systems and the sewer treatment plant.

Additionally, the government reports the following internal service and fiduciary activities:

Internal service funds account for data processing, self insurance, fleet, and fringe benefits services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a current cost reimbursement basis.

Pension Trust and Employee Benefit Funds account for the activities of the six different funds utilized to pay retirement, death and health care benefits for City of Flint and Hurley Medical Center retirees. These funds accumulate resources for pension and health care benefits financed by both employer and employee contributions.

Agency Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Pension and Employee Benefit Trust Funds and Agency funds are reported as fiduciary funds and are not included in the government wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City also has the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

When an expense is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the City's policy is to first apply restricted resources.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of Hurley Medical Center enterprise fund, the Water and Sewer enterprise funds, other enterprise funds, and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

I. Cash and cash equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Pooled cash and investments

Cash resources of certain individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments which is managed by the City Treasurer. Investments in the pooled cash and investments account consist primarily of certificates of deposit with a maturity date greater than three months from the date acquired by the City, top grade commercial paper and government securities, and money market funds, and are carried at fair market value.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

2. Pooled cash and investments (continued)

At June 30, 2010, some funds have overdrawn their share of the pooled cash and investments. Fund overdrafts of pooled cash and investments are reported as an interfund liability of that fund. Management has selected the Sewage Disposal Enterprise Fund, the Internal Service Funds, Public Improvement Fund, and Drug Enforcement Fund to report the interfund receivable. Accordingly, the above mentioned Fund's pooled cash and investment balance, as reported on the financial statement, has been decreased by the amounts receivable from the other City funds with an overdraft.

Interest income earned as a result of pooling cash and investments is distributed to the participating funds monthly utilizing a formula based on the average daily balance of each fund's share of the total pooled cash and investments. Funds which have overdrawn their share of pooled cash and investments are charged interest costs.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, pooled cash and investments have been considered as cash and cash equivalents.

3. Investments

Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are stated at fair value. Certificates of deposit with a maturity date of greater than three months at time of purchase are recorded as investments on the financial statements.

4. Receivables and payables

In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade, notes, contracts, and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

5. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories in the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds consist of supplies held for use and are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are valued at cost and are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

6. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue represents monies that do not yet meet the criteria for revenue recognition. Unearned amounts are always reported as deferred revenue. In governmental funds, earned amounts are also reported as deferred revenue until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

7. Restricted assets

These assets are restricted through bond or grant agreements, or represent donated assets whose disposition is specified by the donor.

Restricted assets which are recorded in the Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund consist of:

- Assets set aside by the Board of Managers for identified purposes, and over which the Board retained control, and may at its discretion subsequently use for other purposes.
- Proceeds of debt issues and funds of the Center deposited with a trustee and limited to use in accordance with the requirements of an indenture.
- Assets restricted by outside donors.

Restricted assets recorded in the Water Supply Enterprise Fund consist of amounts set aside for equipment replacement as required by the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds.

8. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Hurley Medical Center reported two construction projects in progress during the current year; the modernization of the emergency room facilities and installation of a new clinical information system.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Building improvements	40-50
Improvements other than buildings	5-50
Land improvements	5-50
Public domain infrastructure	10-50
Water and sewer infrastructure	10-75
Machinery and equipment	3-20
Office furnishings	5-7

9. Compensated absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Employees accumulate sick leave credit bi-weekly based on the various bargaining unit agreements. Sick leave may accumulate indefinitely. Upon retirement or death, the first 480 hours of accrued sick leave is paid in full at the employee's current pay rate. The next 480 hours are forfeited by the employee, except for certain police employees who are paid for these hours at half the employee's current rate. All accrued hours in excess of 960 are paid at half the employee's current rate. Employees earn annual vacation leave bi-weekly at various rates based on bargaining unit and seniority. Each bargaining unit and seniority level determines the cap on the number of hours that can be accrued for annual vacation leave. Vacation leave is paid at the employee's current pay rate when used or upon retirement. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. In prior years, the governmental fund that has liquidated compensated absences has typically been the General Fund.

10. Pension and Retiree Health Care Benefits

The City offers both pension and retiree health care benefits to retirees. The City receives an actuarial valuation to compute the annual required contribution (ARC) necessary to fund the obligations over the remaining amortization period. In the governmental funds, pension and OPEB costs are recognized as contributions are made. For the government wide statements and proprietary funds, the City reports the full accrual cost equal to the current year required contribution, adjusted for interest and "adjustment to the ARC" on the beginning of year underpaid amount, if any.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

11. Long-term obligations and interest payments

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

13. Property tax

The City's property tax is levied each July I on the taxable value determined as of December 31 of the preceding year for all taxable real and personal property located in the City. On July I, the property tax attachment is an enforceable lien on the property. Assessed values are established by the City Assessor at 50 percent of estimated market value.

The City is permitted by the City charter to levy up to 10 mills on taxable valuation assessments. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the City levied the full 10 mills allowed. The levy consists of 7.5 mills for operating costs and 2.5 mills restricted for public improvement. The City levies 3.0 mills for garbage collection in accordance with state law. This resulted in \$9,038,724 for operating, \$3,079,176 for public improvement and \$3,695,294 for garbage collection.

A special voted assessment of .5 mills is levied for both paramedic services and dedicated funds for the improvement and maintenance of City parks, forestry and recreation services. The paramedic millage is a ten year millage for the period August 2006 – December 2016. The park millage is a ten year millage for the period November 2006 – December 2016. In addition, the City was authorized by the electorate to levy an additional property tax at the rate of 2.0 mills with all revenue received to be used to fund a city-wide neighborhood police program (a five year millage February 2007-December 2011). Because these additional levies were approved by a special vote, they do not fall under the 10 mill charter limitation. This resulted in \$590,444 for paramedic services, \$614,766 for parks and \$2,462,336 for neighborhood police.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

13. Property tax (continued)

Taxes on the operating, public improvement, garbage collection, parks, and neighborhood police levies are billed July I and may be paid in three (3) equal installments due by July 31, October 31, and February 28, following the levy date. Taxes on the paramedic service levy are billed on December I and due in one installment by February 28. Property tax receivables are recorded as a receivable and offsetting deferred revenue when levied and due. Property taxes are recognized as revenues when collected or when considered measurable and available. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

14. Hurley Medical Center - Cost based reimbursement

Patient accounts receivable at June 30, 2010 and revenues for the year then ended, include estimated amounts due from various third-party payors which are computed in accordance with their respective reimbursement formulas.

In addition, the Medical Center has established an estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts of approximately \$28,700,000 for 2010.

15. Hurley Medical Center - revenues and expenses accounting policy

Net patient service revenue:

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realized amounts from patients and third-party payors for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined. Approximately 75 percent of the Medical Center's revenues are based on participation in the Blue Cross/Blue Shield, Medicare, and Medicaid programs for the year ended 2010.

Charity care:

The Medical Center provides care without charge to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy. Because the Medical Center does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue. The eligibility criteria are based on levels of income.

Estimated self-insured malpractice costs:

The provision for estimated self-insured medical malpractice claims includes estimates of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not reported. The estimate for claims incurred but not reported is based on an actuarial determination.

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The City followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- At the first meeting in April, the Mayor submitted to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July I. The legally adopted operating budgets included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the General and Special Revenue Funds. (These funds are required to have budgets per Michigan law). Informational summaries of projected revenue and expenditures/expenses were provided for all other City funds, as well as estimated total costs and proposed methods of financing all capital construction projects.
- 2. Public hearings were conducted at city hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. At the first City Council meeting in June, the budget was legally enacted on a department level through the passage of a resolution in accordance with State law.
- 4. The Mayor, or his designee, is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departmental appropriation accounts, however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any budgetary level (as indicated above) were to be approved by the City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgetary funds. Also, all budgets, except for the Federal Grants Fund, were adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget for the federal grants fund includes grant revenue and expenditures which were passed through to other City fund and recorded as revenue and expenditures in the grant receiving fund. For the fund financial statements, the federal grant fund includes only those revenue and expenditures incurred directly by that fund.
- 6. Budget appropriations lapse at year end, except for certain projects which are appropriated on a project length basis.
- 7. The original budget was amended during the year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services have not been received as of year-end; the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following funds incurred significant expenditures in excess of appropriations at the department level during the year:

			Actual
			Over
	Final		Amended
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>
General Fund:			
City Administrator	\$ 732,631	\$ 793,007	\$ 60,376
Police Department	23,819,445	24,666,174	846,729
Fire Department	13,445,570	13,850,036	404,466
Transportation	2,100,000	2,643,009	543,009
Community Development	342,161	427,056	84,895
Parks and Recreation	2,701,952	2,758,896	56,944
Parks and Recreation Fund	807,068	839,612	32,544

C. Fund Deficits

The City has accumulated an unreserved fund balance or unrestricted net asset deficit in the following funds:

	Fund Balance \Unrestricted
	<u>Net Asset Deficit</u>
Primary Government	
General Fund	\$14,621,546
Parks and Recreation Fund	163,096
Building Department Fund	576,276
Garbage Collection Fund	909,283
Central Maintenance Garage Fund	1,922,489
Water Supply Division	5,795,973
Golf Course Fund	282,670
Component Units	
Flint Economic Development Corporation	\$ 7,404

The deficits in these funds were caused by expenditures in excess of revenue.

Both the original and amended budget adopted for the General Fund projected a deficit fund balance in violation of state law. The following Special Revenue Funds did not adopt a budget: Atwood Stadium Fund, City Park Fund and Longway Park Fund.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Pooled Cash and Investments, Deposits, and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the ICMA 401 Retirement Pension Trust Fund. Each fund types' portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Pooled Cash and Investments."

The pooled cash and investments account at June 30, 2010 is comprised of the following:

Cash deposits	\$13,881,540
Investments	<u> </u>

A summary of the amount of equity in the pooled cash and investments account, or the amount due to the other funds at June 30, 2010, follows:

	Pooled Cash	
Fund	and Investments	<u>(Due to)</u>
General Fund	\$ 1,059,914	\$(19,014,723)
Special Revenue Funds:		х , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Major Streets Fund	865,116	-
Local Streets Fund	130,778	-
Federal Grants Fund	-	(1,384,997)
Neighborhood Policing Fund	150,185	-
EDA Revolving Loan Fund	476	-
Atwood Stadium Fund	6,775	-
Parks and Recreation	-	(81,324)
Senior Citizen Center	79,235	-
City Park Fund	8,384	-
Longway Fund	9,354	-
Building Department Fund	-	(968,377)
Garbage Fund	-	(553,848)
Debt Service Funds:		. ,
Windmill Place Debt Service Fund	6,520	-
Buick City Debt Service Fund	643	-
Enterprise Funds:		
Water Supply Division Fund	5,760,000	(1,178,040)
Golf Course Fund	-	(365,192)
Internal Service Funds:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Fringe Benefits Fund	3,120,741	-
Pension Trust Funds:		
Flint Employees' Retirement System Fund	1,438,341	-
Retiree Health Care Fund	41,430	-
Agency Funds:		
Miscellaneous Agency Fund	2,277,112	-
	\$14,955,004	\$(23,546,501)

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended), authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The City is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations, of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States, repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivision, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The pension trust fund and retiree health care fund are also authorized by Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

The investment policy adopted by the City Council, in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997, is in accordance with statutory authority.

The City's investment policy authorizes the City and its component units to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and obligation of U.S. agencies, where the principal and interest are fully guaranteed by the United States, deposit agreements with federally insured financial institutions within the State of Michigan, high grade commercial paper, repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the U.S. Government and U.S. Agencies, banker's acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds comprised of the above authorized investments.

The City's investment policy further requires that investments held in the pooled investment fund be limited by the investment type and financial institution. These investment limitations do not affect the investments of the Pension Benefit Trust of the City's component units. The City's pooled cash investments are limited as follows:

- Negotiable certificates of deposit cannot exceed 25 percent of investment holdings
- Commercial paper cannot exceed 50 percent of investment holdings
- Bankers acceptances cannot exceed 10 percent of investment holdings
- Mutual funds cannot exceed 15 percent of the investment holdings
- Banker acceptances cannot exceed a maturity of 270 days
- Bankers acceptances in one financial institution cannot exceed 10 percent of investment holdings
- Commercial paper holdings of any one corporation cannot exceed 10 percent of investment holdings

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The City was in compliance with all aspects of its investment policy at June 30, 2010.

Hurley Medical Center's Chief Financial Officer controls the Medical Center Enterprise Fund's investing. Hurley limits any single investment to 10 percent (except cash or US Treasuries), and combined mortgage-backed securities to less than 50 percent of holdings. Hurley also must adhere to donor restrictions on the investing of any restricted funds received.

The City deals only with qualified banks and primary investment firms that adhere to the specific guidelines established by industry practice for repurchase agreements. The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below. Amounts noted as the City's for each type of risk that follows also include Hurley Medical Center, unless otherwise noted.

Custodial Credit Risk of Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the City's bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings) of \$2,507,367 were insured by FDIC. Deposits in the name of the City totaling \$14,155,427 were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution it deposits its funds, and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. Hurley does have a custodial credit risk policy that a safekeeping agent evaluates annually the creditworthiness of investments. Uninsured collateralized securities not in the name of City at year-end totaled \$64,842,636.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy for investment of general City monies limits investments in securities with maturities greater than five years to 15 percent of the balance available to invest. Hurley Medical Center's investment policy indicates that no investment shall have, at time of purchase, an average life of more than five years and investments other than mortgage backed securities may not have a maturity of more than 10 years. As of June 30, 2010, the following securities were subject to interest rate risk:

			Weighted Average
	Fair	Value	Maturity
Investment Type	<u>(in tho</u>	<u>usands)</u>	<u>(in Years)</u>
Asset Backed Securities	\$	482	9.71
Certificates of Deposit		41	2.5
Corporate Bonds		14,763	5.55
Treasury Bills		1,000	.05
Municipal Bonds		1,171	1.6
Non-Government Collateralized Mortgage Obligations		3,738	25.97
US Government Bonds		8,176	5.75
US Government Mortgaged Backed	(66,11 <u>8</u>	6.22
Total	\$_	<u>95,489</u>	

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the government will not be able to recover the value of its securities. The City follows state law, which limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices for general City funds. The pension fund is allowed to invest in longer maturity corporate bonds in accordance with state law.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk (Continued)

As of June 30, 2010, the following are credit quality ratings of the City's debt securities:

Investment Type	Fair Value <u>(in thousands)</u>	Credit Rating
Bond Index Pool Fixed Income Securities World Government Bond Index Aggregate Bond Index	\$ 37,293 57,223	Index average AAA/AA/A Index average AAA/AA/A/Baa/Ba1
Municipal Bond	1,059 112	A AA
2a7 Money Market	24,520	AI/A2
Certificates of Deposit	41	AAA
Asset Backed Securities	482	AAA
Corporate Bonds Non-Government Backed CMO's	9,139 2,931 5 15 9 2,646 18 343	A AA Aa I Aa3 BB BBB Not rated Default AA
	2,653 306 33 50 216 83 43 10	AAA B B3 Baa3 BB BBB CC CCC
T-Bills	I ,000	AAA
US Government Bonds	8,072 104	AAA BBB
US Government Mortgage Backed Securities	55,781 13,652	AAA Not rated
Repurchase agreements	24,769	Not rated
Total	<u>\$242,608</u>	

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Foreign Currency Risk

The City's pension system is exposed to foreign currency risk. This is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its US dollar value, as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The system restricts the amount of investments in foreign currency – denominated investments to 5 percent of total pension system investments. The following securities are subject to foreign currency risk:

	Fair Value	
Foreign Currency	<u>(in th</u>	<u>nousands)</u>
Canadian Dollar	\$	1,438
Chinese		174
Columbian Peso		254
Argentine Peso		567
Mexican Peso		232
European Euro		22,324
India Rupee		191
Krona		264
Japanese Yen		819
Peru		185
Brazilian Real		53
British Pound		I,640
Panama Dollar		91
Swiss Franc		821
Australian Dollar		38
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>29,091</u>

Securities Lending Agreement

As permitted by state statutes and under the provisions of a securities lending authorization agreement, the City's Pension System ("the System") lends securities to broker-dealers and banks for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The System's custodial bank manages the securities lending program and receives cash as collateral. The custodial bank does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities unless the borrower defaults. Borrowers are required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to not less than 102 percent of the market value of the loaned securities.

The System did not impose any restrictions during the fiscal year on the amount of loans made on its behalf by the custodial bank. The System and the borrower maintain the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. Cash collateral of \$75,002,704 was received for lent securities with a fair market value of \$73,409,189. Cash collateral was invested in a short-term investment pool, with an average duration of 15 days at June 30, 2010. The average term of the System's overall loans was approximately 95 days at June 30, 2010.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Securities Lending Agreement (Continued)

The System's aggregate investments are as shown in the following table. These investments are reported at fair value. Investments are reported at fair value, held by the system's agent (which is not affiliated with or related to the investment brokers) in the system's name:

Investment Type	Fair Value <u>(in thousands)</u>
Equities	\$ 267,848
US government bonds	8,072
Government mortgage backed securities	39,117
Non-government mortgage back securities	3,738
Corporate bonds	14,763
Asset backed securities	482
Partnerships	20,764
Certificate of Deposit	41
Foreign Government Bonds	104
Municipal Bonds	2
Bond Index Pool Fixed Income Securities	94,549
2a7 Money market funds	11,380
Total	<u>\$ 460,970</u>

The following represents the balances relating to the securities lending transactions as of June 30, 2010. Collateral is invested in an investment pool in the name of the custodial bank. Collateral within this pool is allocated to the City's pension system in the amount of 102 percent of the loaned securities on a daily basis. (Amounts are in thousand; investments are reported at fair value.)

Securities Lent	Underlying <u>Securities</u>	Collateral <u>Received</u>	Collateral Invested <u>in Cash</u>
US government bonds	\$ 4,598	\$ 4,704	\$ 4,704
US government mortgage backed	12,002	12,284	12,284
US corporate bonds	6,393	6,561	6,561
US equities	49,900	51,473	51,453
Total	<u>\$ 72,893</u>	<u>\$ 75,022</u>	\$ 75,002

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Economic Development Corporation of the City of Flint's, EDC's, cash is subject to one type of risk, which is examined in more detail below:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, EDC's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, EDC had no bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution it deposits funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

The Flint Area Enterprise Community's, FAEC's, cash is subject to one type of risk, which is examined in more detail below:

Custodial credit risk of bank deposits:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, FAEC's deposits may not be returned to it. FAEC has a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, FAEC had \$443,631 of bank deposits (checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. FAEC believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, FAEC evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

The Flint Downtown Development Authority's, DDAs, cash and investment are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial credit risk of bank deposits:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, DDA's deposits may not be returned to it. DDA does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, DDA had no bank deposits (checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. DDA believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, DDA evaluates each financial institution it deposits funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Credit risk:

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. DDA has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Rating
Sweep Account	\$634,169	Not available
Money Market	\$250,022	Not available

. .

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Governmental activities and fiduciary funds:

	General Fund	Federal Grants Funds	Nonmajor, Internal Service, and Other Funds	Total
Receivables:	<u>r and</u>	<u>r ands</u>	1 01103	Total
Taxes	\$ 2,455,749	\$-	\$ 3,854,516	\$ 6,310,265
Accounts	2,061,113	157	316,299	2,377,569
Intergovernmental	5,189,446	2,392,729	1,971,487	9,553,662
Interest and dividends	-	-	684,701	684,701
Notes and leases		14,213,743	2,574,578	16,788,321
Gross receivables Less: allowance for	9,706,308	16,606,629	9,401,581	35,714,518
uncollectibles	(1,712,057)	(3,698,743)	<u>(353,162)</u>	(5,763,962)
Net receivables	\$ 7,994,251	\$12,907,886	\$ 9,048,419	\$29,950,556

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>	<u>Total</u>
Delinquent property taxes receivable (general fund)	\$ 781,332	\$-	\$ 781,332
Delinquent property taxes receivable	516,677	-	516,677
Long-term notes receivable	,37 ,187	-	11,371,187
Grant receivable	300,119	-	300,119
Grant receipts prior to meeting all			
eligibility requirements	-	2,067,682	2,067,682
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 12,969,315	\$2,067,682	\$15,036,997

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Receivables (Continued)

Business type activities:

	Hurley Medical	Water	Sewage		
	<u>Center</u>	<u>Supply</u>	Disposal	<u>Nonmajor</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:					
Interest - restricted	\$ 223,957	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 223,957
Accounts	54,429,692	9,272,884	5,159,931	-	68,862,507
Gross receivables Less: allowance for	54,653,649	9,272,884	5,159,931	-	69,086,464
uncollectibles	(28,700,000)	(1,201,356)	(305,544)	-	(30,206,900)
Net total receivables	\$25,953,649	\$8,071,528	\$4,854,387	\$-	\$ 38,879,564

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 13,448,725	\$-	\$ 3,852	\$ 13,444,873
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	19,854,205	27,407	92,793	19,788,819
Improvements other than buildings	10,848,320	-	470,987	10,377,333
Machinery and equipment	32,837,485	1,227,537	1,982,615	32,082,407
Infrastructure	351,045,114	10,454,577	788,228	360,711,463
Total capital assets being depreciated	414,585,124	11,709,521	3,334,623	422,960,022
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	14,643,993	423,225	106,279	14,960,939
Improvements other than buildings	5,835,332	377,926	122,935	6,090,323
Machinery and equipment	23,397,740	2,869,939	1,974,191	24,293,488
Infrastructure	195,246,654	13,394,141	744,900	207,895,895
Total accumulated depreciation	239,123,719	17,065,231	2,948,305	253,240,645
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	175,461,405	(5,355,710)	386,318	169,719,377
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$188,910,130	\$ (5,355,710)	\$ 390,170	\$183,164,250

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 6,181,690 4,319,661	\$	\$ 103,029 11,579,870	\$ 6,093,322 13,566,515
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	10,501,351	20,841,385	11,682,899	19,659,837
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and system Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	204,018,227 12,611,306 325,566,861	6,082,815 278,321 7,999,592	2,624,983 773,557 5,693,823	207,476,059 12,116,070 327,872,630
Total capital assets, being depreciated	542,196,394	14,360,728	9,092,363	547,464,759
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and system Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	131,897,210 6,864,123 214,406,028	6,294,138 353,665 13,635,882	2,151,396 731,489 5,333,477	136,039,952 6,486,299 222,708,433
Total accumulated depreciation	353,167,361	20,283,685	8,216,362	365,234,684
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	189,029,033	(5,922,957)	876,001	182,230,075
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$199,530,384	\$14,918,428	\$12,558,900	\$201,889,912

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Current:	¢ 4 5 3 (
Legislative	\$ 4,528
Judicial	51,112
General government	2,275,576
Police	226,379
Fire	241,05
Transportation	13,420,014
Emergency dispatch	75,545
Parks and recreation	696,130
Public works	6,097
Community enrichment and development	68,799
tal depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 17,065,23

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

Business-type activities:	
Hospital	\$11,159,359
Water	3,649,892
Sewer	5,094,138
Golf	380,296
Total depreciation expense – Business-type activities	20,283,685
Amortization of intangible assets – Sewage Disposal Fund	110,859
Total depreciation and amortization expense – Business-type activities	\$20,394,544

Construction Commitments – During the year ended June 30, 2010, Hurley Medical Center entered into agreements with various third parties for construction of a new emergency department (ED) and installment of a new clinical information system. As of June 30, 2010, the total amount of the ED contract was \$30,000,000, with a remaining commitment of approximately \$23,774,000. At June 30, 2010, the total amount of the clinical system contract was \$11,266,520, with a remaining commitment of approximately \$8,599,000.

Discretely presented component units capital asset activity:

Activity for the Flint Downtown Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Office furniture and equipment	\$ 39,601	\$-	\$-	\$ 39,601
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Office furniture and equipment	34,410	I,507	-	35,917
Governmental activities capital total				
capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 5,191	\$ 1,507	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 3,684</u>

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Discretely presented component units capital asset activity: - (continued)

Activity for the Flint Downtown Development Authority (DDA) for the year ended June 30, 2010:

	Beginning Balance	Reclassification	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		•	•		
Land	\$5,498,512	•	\$-	\$-	\$ 5,498,512
Construction in progress	8,911,743	<u>(8,911,743)</u>	-	-	
Subtotal	14,410,255	(8,911,743)	-	-	5,498,512
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	504,773	-	232,010	(47,368)	689,415
Land improvements	1,457,327	8,911,743	713,040	-	11,082,110
Leasehold improvements	5,520,409	-	-	-	5,520,409
Totals, capital assets being depreciated	7,482,509	8,911,743	945,050	(47,368)	17,291,934
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	332,438	-	55,397	47,368	340,467
Land improvements	1,457,326	-	267,270	-	1,724,596
Leasehold improvements	5,479,858	-	21,831	-	5,501,689
Total accumulated depreciation	7,269,622	-	344,498	47,368	7,566,752
Total business-type activities, total capital					
assets, net of depreciation	212,887	8,911,743	600,552	-	9,725,182
Business-type activities total capital assets-net	<u>\$14,623,142</u>	\$-	\$ 600,552	\$ -	<u>\$15,223,694</u>

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Discretely presented component units capital asset activity: - (continued)

Activity for the Flint Economic Development Corporation for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Disposals	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities:			-	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 338,000	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 338,000
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 93,860</u>	\$-	\$-	\$ 93,860
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	514,782	-	-	514,782
Building improvements	694,177	-	-	694,177
Machinery and equipment	17,046	-	-	17,046
Totals, capital assets being depreciated	1,226,005	-	-	1,226,005
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	514,782	-	-	514,782
Building improvements	410,218	34,959	-	445,177
Machinery and equipment	17,046	-	-	17,046
Total accumulated depreciation	942,046	34,959	-	977,005
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	283,959	<u>(</u> 34,959)	-	249,000
Capital assets, net	\$ 377,819	\$ (34,959)	\$-	\$ 342,860

Activity for the Flint Area Enterprise Community for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress	<u>\$ 8,500</u>	\$ 4,425	<u>\$ (12,925)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated: Leasehold improvements Equipment	203,749 57,659	12,925 14,058	- (7,087)	216,674 64,630
Totals, capital assets being depreciated	261,408	26,983	(7,087)	281,304
Less accumulated depreciation for: Leasehold improvements	189,254	2.234		191,488
Equipment	45,115	8,756	7,087	46,784
Total accumulated depreciation	234,369	<u>(10,990)</u>	7,087	238,272
Net capital assets being depreciated	27,039	15,993	-	43,032
Governmental activities capital assets - Net	\$ 35,539	\$ 20,418	\$ (12,925)	\$ 43,032

City of Flint, Michigan

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund	\$ 3,472,126
, .	Federal Grants Fund	92,859
	Water Supply Division	448,374
	Internal service funds	115,959
	Total Nonmajor governmental funds	4,129,318
Internal service funds	General Fund	2,832,405
	Nonmajor governmental funds	32,724
	Sewer Disposal Division Fund	851,200
	Total Internal service funds	3,716,329
Sewer Disposal Division Fund	General Fund	11,698,376
·	Federal Grants Fund	1,292,138
	Nonmajor governmental funds	1,603,549
	Water Supply Division	573,549
	Golf Course	365,192
	Total Sewer Disposal Division Fund	15,532,804
Golf Course Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	3,586
	Total	\$23,382,037

The interfund receivables were created through negative pooled cash in other funds and monies loaned for operating purposes. The interfund receivable in the Self Insurance Fund represents charges for services due from the Sewer Fund not paid as of year end.

Due to/from primary government and component units:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	<u>Amount</u>
Primary Government: Public Improvement Capital Projects Fund	Component Unit – DDA	\$ 771,722
Long term receivable not recognized at fund level		
C C	Component Unit – EDC Component Unit – DDA	14,615 9,847,901
	Total	\$10,634,238

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Advances to/from other funds:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	<u>Amount</u>
Sewer Disposal Division Fund	Central Maintenance Fund	\$2,426,749

The advance from the sewer fund to the central maintenance fund was utilized to purchase equipment. The advance is to be repaid over five years with all amounts being repaid in May 2011. An interest rate of 5.25 percent is being charged to the borrowing fund.

	<u>Transfer In</u>
Transfer out:	
Nonmajor governmental funds to	
nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 591,463
Nonmajor governmental funds to	
central garage internal service fund	1,237,366
Nonmajor governmental funds to	
nonmajor proprietary fund	6,823
Sewer fund to general fund	I,860,000
Water fund to general fund	1,130,000
Total transfers out	\$4,825,652

Transfers between funds were primarily for operating purposes or to cover operating deficits. The transfer from the Public Improvement Fund to the Central Garage Internal Service Fund was to provide funds for the payment of debt related to capital assets. The transfers from the sewer and water funds to the general fund represent return on equity.

F. Capital and Operating Leases

The City has entered into agreements for the lease of automobiles, water treatment equipment, office equipment, construction equipment, fire equipment, and a fire station. The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the fixed assets at any time during the lease terms, which range from three to five years. All of the leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 **"Accounting for Leases"** which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers the benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. As such, \$1,823,613 has been capitalized as equipment and related accumulated depreciation was \$416,622.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Capital and Operating Leases (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capitalized leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2010:

2011	\$ 132,176
2012 2013	32, 76 32, 76
2014 2015	42,177
Total future minimum payments Less amount representing interest	438,705 (40,617)
Long-term obligation under capital leases	\$ 398,088

The City also leases golf course equipment under a non-cancelable operating lease. Total costs for this lease were \$52,500 for the current year. The future minimum lease payments for this lease are as follows:

2011 2012	\$ 52,500 52,500
2013	48,125
Total future minimum payments	\$ 153,125

Also, Hurley Medical Center and HHS lease office space under various operating leases. Certain operating leases contain rental escalation clauses that are based on prime rate at a future date and purchase options at fair market value. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under operating leases that have initial or remaining lease terms in excess of one year:

2010	\$ 2,014,614
2011	1,713,761
2012	1,522,073
2013	1,268,540
2014	1,245,851
Thereafter	5,025,147
Total minimum payments required	\$12,789,986

Rental expense for all operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$2,341,562.

G. Long-term Debt

The government issues bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. Contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. All Michigan Municipal Bond Authority debt is secured by future State of Michigan Revenue Sharing payments the City is entitled to receive under state law. All revenue bonds are supported by the revenues generated from the operation of the respective facilities constructed. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 is summarized as follows:

	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Revenue Bonds <u>and Notes</u>	Other <u>Notes</u>	Capital <u>Leases</u>	Accumulated Annual and <u>Sick Pay</u> <u>T</u>	otal
Governmental Activities: Debt at July 1, 2009	\$ 12,830,000	\$-	\$ 15,193,175	\$ 941,127	\$ 8,407,425 \$37,	,371,727
New Debt: Annual and sick pay Principal payments made		-	(1,223,624)	- (543,039)	, , ,	,091,554 , <u>317,997)</u>
Total governmental activities long-term debt at June 30, 2010	11,345,000	_	13,969,551	398,088	7,432,645 33,	,145,284

The following is a summary of Business Type long-term liability activity of the City for the year ended June 30, 2010:

	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Revenue Bonds <u>and Notes</u>	Other <u>Notes</u>	Capital <u>Leases</u>	Accumulated Annual and <u>Sick Pay</u> <u>Total</u>	
Proprietary Fund:						
Debt at July 1, 2009	125,370	92,536,259	119,959	-	- \$92,781,588	3
New Debt:						
New issuances	-	35,215,000	-	-	- 35,215,000)
Principal payments made	(125,370)	(5,100,000)	<u>(78,904)</u>	-	- (5,304,274	i)
Total business type activities long-term debt at June 30, 2010	_	122,651,259	41.055	_	- 122,692,314	1
-		,,	,		·,• · _,• · .	<u> </u>
Total long-term debt - all activities June 30, 2010	\$11.345.000	\$122,651,259	\$14,010,606	\$ 398,088	\$ 7,432,645 \$155,837,598	2
june 50, 2010	ΨT,J-TJ,000	ΨIZZ,0JI,ZJ/	ψιτ,υτ0,000	Ψ 370,000		,

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Long-term Debt (Continued)

A summary of long-term liability transactions and the composition of the June 30, 2010 long-term debt balance follows:

	Final Payment <u>Due</u>	Interest Rate or <u>Range</u>	Original Amount of Issue	Balance at June 30, 2009	Additions
Governmental Activities:					
MEDC Economic Development Ioan 2004 Financial Recovery General Obligation United	1/18	6%	\$ 767,837	\$ 767,837	\$-
Tax Bonds	5/10	3-3.25	8,000,000	2,830,000	-
Section 108 Ioan	8/16	Variable	2,624,000	1,373,000	-
Section 108 Ioan – 500 Block	8/25	Variable	3,840,000	3,840,000	-
Section 108 loan – Guaranteed Funds	8/27	Variable	5,180,000	5,180,000	-
Section 108 Ioan – W Carpenter Rd	8/25	Variable	1,875,000	1,875,000	-
Purchase contract	9/10	5.39	826,553	157,338	-
Capital lease – 911 Center	1/10	4.94	1,251,292	437,362	-
General Obligation Capital					
Improvement Bonds	5/32	4.97	10,000,000	10,000,000	-
SIB 3 rd Avenue Reconstruction loan	12/28	0.50	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
Capital lease – Telephone Equipment	10/13	3.37	473,746	418,322	-
Capital lease – Equipment	09/13	N/A	98,575	85,443	-
Accrued annual and sick pay				8,407,425	3,091,554

Total governmental activities

<u>\$37,371,727</u> \$3,091,554

<u>Reductions</u>	Balance at June 30, <u>2010</u>	Due Within One <u>Year</u>
\$ (767,837)	\$-	\$-
(1,395,000) (171,000)	I,435,000 I,202,000	1,435,000 171,000
-	3,840,000	-
(85,963)	5,094,037	-
-	1,875,000	97,000
(103,491)	53,847	53,847
(437,362)	-	-
(90,000)	9,910,000	175,000
(95,333)	1,904,667	95,810
(87,313)	331,009	92,593
(18,364)	67,079	19,391
(4,066,334)	7,432,645	4,060,000
\$(7,317,997)	\$33,145,284	\$6,199,641

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Long-term debt (Continued)

	Final Payment Due	Interest Rate or <u>Range</u>	Original Amount of Issue	Balance at June 30, 2009	Additions
Business - Type Activities:					
Enterprise Funds:					
2001 MMBA Drinking Water					
Revolving Fund Revenue bonds	4/22	2.5	\$ 7,168,994	\$ 4,373,994	\$-
2002 MMBA Drinking Water					
Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds	4/22	2.5	8,035,000	5,290,000	-
2003 MMBA Drinking Water					
Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds	4/22	2.5	8,974,581	6,521,408	-
2004 MMBA Drinking Water					
Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds	4/22	2.5	18,335,857	15,965,857	-
McCollum Avenue Drain Contract	5/10	5.10	1,343,250	125,370	-
1998a Medical Center					
Revenue Refunding Bonds	7/21	4.0-5.375	18,560,000	12,060,000	-
1998B Medical Center					
Revenue Refunding Bonds	7/29	4.0-5.375	20,570,000	16,780,000	-
2003 Medical Center Revenue					
Refunding Bonds	7/21	6.0-6.5	35,000,000	31,545,000	-
2010 Medical Center Revenue					
Refunding Bonds	7/40	5.84-7.5	35,215,000	-	35,215,000
Purchase contract	9/10	5.39	645,309	119,959	-
Total Business - Type Activities				\$92,781,588	\$35,215,000

65

<u>Reductions</u>	Balance at June 30, <u>2010</u>	Due Within One <u>Year</u>
\$ (350,000)	\$ 4,023,994	\$ 355,000
(385,000)	4,905,000	395,000
(430,000)	6,091,408	440,000
(830,000) (125,370)	15,135,857 -	850,000 -
(745,000)	11,315,000	785,000
(490,000)	16,290,000	515,000
(1,870,000)	29,675,000	1,985,000
- (78,904)	35,215,000 41,055	- 41,055
\$ 5,304,274	\$122,692,314	\$5,366,055

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Long-term debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds, notes and capital leases obligations

are as follows:

Year End	Governmen	tal Activities	Business Typ	e Activities
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Principal	Interest
2011	\$ 2,139,641	\$ 600,041	\$ 5,366,055	\$ 6,337,863
2012	941,994	545,467	6,055,000	6,058,218
2013	1,055,522	513,774	6,315,000	5,766,656
2014	1,279,142	617,907	6,578,795	5,461,944
2015	1,256,740	586,345	6,855,000	5,142,950
2016-2020	6,054,080	2,470,252	38,866,056	20,357,286
2021-2025	6,164,607	1,737,730	18,496,408	13,292,967
2026-2030	4,792,117	912,054	7,865,000	10,778,194
2031-2035	2,028,796	155,375	10,830,000	7,492,613
2036-2040		-	15,465,000	2,487,000
Total	\$25,712,639	\$8,138,945	\$122,692,314	\$83,175,691

Section 7-302 of the City Charter, adopted November 4, 1975, limits "net" debt to 7 percent of the assessed value of all real and personal property in the City, but does not define "net" debt. The following computation is based on previous practice and is consistent with the requirements of State of Michigan Public Act 279 of 1909.

Assessed valuation at May 26, 2009		\$1,505,610,437
Legal debt limit - (7 percent of assessed valuation)		\$ 105,392,731
Total Bonded Debt at June 30, 2010	\$133,996,259	
Less debt not subject to limitation under City charter and state statute: Revenue bonds and notes	122,651,259	
Debt subject to limitation		11,345,000
Unused debt limitation		<u>\$ 94,047,731</u>

Future Revenues Pledged for Debt Payments:

Revenue Bonds and Financial Recovery Bonds

The City has pledged substantially all revenue of the Water Enterprise Fund, net of operating expenses, to repay the Drinking Water Revolving Fund Revenue Bonds (DWRF). Financial Recovery Bonds issued by the State of Michigan and the DWRF Revenue Bonds have been secured with future State Revenue Sharing payments to be received by the City's General Fund. The remaining principal and interest to be paid on the bonds is \$31,591,259 and \$5,571,311, respectively. During the current year, net revenues of the system were (\$2,172,595), and State Revenue Sharing revenues were \$16,424,091, as compared to the respective annual debt requirements of \$3,475,000 principal and \$777,225 of interest.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Long-term debt (Continued)

Future Revenues Pledged for Debt Payments (continued):

Section 108 Loan

The Section 108 loans were obtained through an economic development loan program administered by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The proceeds of the loans were then loaned to private entities for economic development purposes. Loans under the program are owed to HUD and are secured by future federal grant allocations to the City through the Community Development Block Grant Program. During the current year, net revenues from the Community Development Block Grant Program were \$5,685,186 as compared to the annual debt requirements of \$268,000.

Hurley Medical Center Revenue Refunding Bonds

The net revenues of the Medical Center are pledged for payment of principal and interest on the variable rate demand revenue rental and revenue refunding bonds. Accordingly, the financial statements of the Medical Center include the facilities as if owned by the Medical Center and the bonds as if issued by the Medical Center.

Revenues Pledged in Connection with Component Unit Debt

The City has pledged, as security for bonds issued by the City on behalf of the Flint Downtown Development Authority, a portion of the City's State Shared Revenues. The bonds issued during 2008 in the amount of \$10,000,000, were used to provide funding for the James Rutherford Parking Deck capital project and upgrade of the Riverfront Parking Deck. The bonds are payable through 2033. The Flint Downtown Development Authority has pledged tax increment revenues and net operating revenues of the parking system to repay the obligations. Based upon the amount drawn through June 30, 2010 principal and interest to be paid on the bonds is \$17,742,621. During the current year, the net loss from the parking operations was \$210 thousand. Cash flow projections indicate that DDA's annual debt service to the City for repayment of the bonds will not coincide with the City's annual debt service obligation. The City and DDA are working together to determine the payment schedule.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

H. Restricted assets

The balances of the restricted assets accounts in the governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund:	
Mott Grant Advance Funding	\$ 1,059,914
Federal Grants Fund:	
Section 108 Business Loan Proceeds	294,038
Total restricted assets in governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,353,952</u>
The balances of the restricted asset accounts in the enterprise funds ar	e as follows:
Hurley Medical Center:	
Equipment replacement and improvement	\$ 67,689,250
Self insurance	19,309,921
Revenue Bond Indenture – held by trustee	43,131,620
Children 's Mins de Nisterrede	

Children's Miracle Network	399,596
Water Supply Fund:	
Revenue bond equipment replacement account	2,949,469
Debt service reserve	2,810,531
Total restricted assets in enterprise funds	<u>\$136,290,387</u>

Note 4 - Other information

A. Deferred Compensation

Deferred compensation - 457A Plans:

The City, Hurley Medical Center, and the Flint Downtown Development Authority all offer deferred compensation plans adopted in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457A. The plans, available to substantially all employees, permit employees to defer a portion of their current salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to the employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the Section 457A Plans, all property and rights purchased with such amounts, and all income attributable to such amounts, property, or rights are held in trust for the sole benefit of the employees. The assets are not subject to the claims of the employer's general creditors.

Participants' rights created under the plan are equivalent to those of general creditors and only in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account maintained with respect to each participant. It is the opinion of legal counsel that the employers have no liability for losses under the plans, but do have the duty of care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

Note 4 - Other information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits

Detail of individual pension and benefit trust funds statements are as follows:

	Ret	Employee's irement ystem	Pe	ccess nsion enefit	Death Benefit	Retiree Health Care	B	Health Genefits Plan and Trust	Re	urley Medical Center etiree Health efit Trust Fund	Totals
Assets											
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,438,341	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 41,430	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,479,771
Cash and cash equivalents		16,906,327		-	94,200	-		843,029		7,892,158	25,735,714
Investments:											
U.S. government obligations		47,406,057		-	-	-		725,275		-	48,131,332
Corporate bonds		09,835,305		-	-	-		-		-	109,835,305
Partnerships		20,764,348		-	-	-		-		-	20,764,348
Corporate stocks		239,591,205		-	438,429	-		1,594,760		13,641,815	255,266,209
Foreign stocks		28,256,299		-	-	-		-		-	28,256,299
Asset backed securities		3,737,653		-	-	-		-		-	3,737,653
Receivables:											
Accrued interest		684,701		-	-	-		-		40	684,741
Prepaid costs Cash held as collateral for		-		-	-	614,690		-			614,690
securities lending		73,409,189		-	-	-		-			73,409,189
Total assets	5	42,029,425		-	532,629	656,120		3,163,064		21,534,013	567,915,251
Liabilities											
Accounts payable		641.887		-	-	3.348		-		-	645.235
Accrued benefits		5,127,029		-	-	-		-		3,906	5,130,935
Obligations under securities lending agreement		75,002,704		-	-	-		-		-	75,002,704
Total liabilities		80,771,620		-	-	3,348		-		3,906	80,778,874
Net Assets					 	 					
Held in trust for pension benefits and other employee benefits	\$ 40	51,257,805	\$		\$ 532,629	\$ 652,772	\$3	,163,064	\$	21,530,107	\$ 487,136,377

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

	Pension and Benefit Trust Funds										
	Flint Employ Retireme System		Excess Pension Benefit		Death Benefit		Retiree Health Care	Health Benefits Plan and Trust	Re	urley Medical Center stiree Health efit Trust Fund	Totals
Additions											
Investment earnings:											
Interest	\$ 2,89	5,628	\$-	\$	1,527	\$	-	\$-	\$	1,012	\$ 2,898,167
Dividends		3,609	-		7,462		-	34,137		317,283	2,942,491
Other income		7,122	-		-		-	-		-	207,122
Less investment expense	(2,93		-		-		-	-		(43,084)	(2,981,570)
Net increase in fair value of investments	50,48	5,660	-		74,592		-	315,619		1,462,708	52,338,579
Net investment income	53,23	8,533	-		83,581		-	349,756		1,737,919	55,404,789
Contributions:											
Employer	13,39	1,739	21,654		-		20,989,049	-		7,417,585	41,823,027
Employee	2,83	3,193	-		19,793		2,182,244	306,424		-	5,346,654
Total additions	16,23	2,932	21,654		19,793		23,171,293	306,424		7,417,585	47,169,681
Securities lending income:											
Interest and fees	22	,258	-		-		-	-		-	221,258
Less borrower rebates and bank fees	(10	9,150)	-		-		-	-		-	(109,150)
Net securities lending income	II	2,108	-		-		-	-		-	112,108
Total additions	69,57	3,573	21,654		103,374		23,171,293	656,180		9,155,504	102,686,578
Deductions											
Benefit payments	62,43	3,155	21,654		83,500		22,316,402	-		4,769,000	89,628,711
Refunds of contributions	52-	1,862	-		-		-	-		-	524,862
Administrative expenses		3,020	-		300		202,358	3		-	210,681
Total deductions	62,97	,037	21,654		83,800		22,518,760	3		4,769,000	90,364,254
Net Increase in Net Assets Held	6,60	7,536	-		19,574		652,533	656,177		4,386,504	12,322,324
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Employee Benefits Beginning of year	454.65	1 269			513,055		239	2.506.887		17,143,603	474,814,053
		,	-					, ,			
End of year	\$ 461,257	,805	\$-	\$	532,629	\$	652,772	\$ 3,163,064	\$	21,530,107	\$ 487,136,377

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

Significant details regarding the City's various retirement plans and other post-employment benefits are presented below:

I. Flint Employees' Retirement System:

The City of Flint Employees' Retirement System (FERS), a Single-Employer Public Employee Retirement System, covers substantially all employees of the City hired prior to October 1, 2003, including certain employees of Hurley Medical Center. The plan does not cover certain firemen and policemen covered by the Charter Retirement Plan, Hurley Medical Center employees participating in MERS, and those employees that elect to participate in the Employees' Defined Contribution - 401A Plan. The Retirement System is a blended component unit of the City of Flint. The plan was established by City ordinance and applicable state law, and is administered by a board of trustees. A separate financial statement for the FERS is not available. The City Council has the authority to amend the benefits offered. Investments of the plan are made through Chase Trust Department and the Northern Trust. Employees who retire at or after age 55 (age 60 for certain Hurley Medical Center employees) with 10 years of credited service (8 years for appointed officials), or those members with 25 years credited service (23 years for police and fire), regardless of their age, are entitled to a retirement benefit. Certain police members can voluntarily retire at age 50 with 25 years of service. The retirement benefit can range from 1.7 percent to 2.6 percent of the participant's final average compensation based on the last three years (5 years for certain Hurley Medical Center employees) of credited service multiplied by the years of credit service depending on date of hire, and is payable monthly for life. Benefits fully vest on reaching 10 years of service with the benefit payable at age 55. The plan also provides death and disability benefits.

Member and employer contributions, benefits, and refunds are recognized when due. The investments are recorded on the balance sheet at fair value as determined by the custodian. The custodian utilizes electronic feeds from external pricing vendors for the majority of investments (95 percent). The remaining assets are valued through a variety of external sources. Gains and losses on the exchanges, or "swaps" of securities, are accounted for under the completed transactions method.

Membership in the plan at June 30, 2008, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, was comprised of 1,676 active plan members, 233 inactive vested members and 2,820 retirees and beneficiaries receiving payments.

The Plan provides that the City and employees contribute amounts necessary to fund the actuarially determined benefits. Employees become members of FERS and are required to deposit amounts into the system based on rates determined by bargaining unit contracts of all compensation, including overtime. The employee contribution rates ranged from 0 percent to 9 percent. Deposits are accumulated in individual accounts for each member remaining in service. Upon termination, a member may withdraw the accumulated employee contributions plus any interest credited to his or her account.

Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

I. Flint Employees' Retirement System (continued):

The City forwarded \$2,838,193 of pension contributions withheld from employees during the year ended June 30, 2010. During 2009, employer contributions rates ranged from 11.92 percent to 34.12 percent of covered payroll. The employer contributions funded retirement benefits, life insurance benefits, and the administration of the retirement system.

Actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	June 30, 2008
Actuarial cost method	Hurley – individual entry age
	City – individual entry age
Amortization method	Level percent
Remaining amortization period	30 years, open basis
Asset valuation method	4 year smoothed market
Investment rate of return	8.0%
Projected salary increases	3.75% to 7.55%
Includes inflation at	3.75%

Annual pension cost:

Six year trend information regarding the annual pension cost (ARC), percentage of ARC contributed, and net pension obligation (NPO) are summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year <u>End</u>	Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Annual Required <u>Contribution (ARC)</u>	% of ARC <u>Contributed</u>	Net Pension Obligation (Asset) <u>at June 30</u>
6/30/05	12/31/02	\$14,805,710	100%	\$-
6/30/06	12/31/03	9,916,682	68	3,143,529
6/30/07	6/30/05	11,956,575	69	6,840,171
6/30/08	6/30/06	14,376,558	72	10,805,978
6/30/09	6/30/07	14,497,568	175	-
6/30/10	6/30/08	13,394,739	100	-

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

I. Flint Employees' Retirement System (continued):

Funding status and funding progress:

		Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded (Over funded)			UAAL as % of
Actuarial	Actuarial	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Value of	Individual Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Year Ended	<u>Assets (a)</u>	<u>(AAL) (b)</u>	<u>(b-a)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	<u>(c)</u>	(<u>(b-a)/c)</u>
2003	\$822,813	\$ 981,884	\$159,071	83.80%	\$148,997	106.76%
2004	803,420	971,686	168,266	82.68	150,429	111.86
2005	784,271	985,338	201,067	79.59	148,319	135.50
2006	782,098	1,023,599	241,501	76.41	146,634	164.70
2007	801,533	1,071,781	270,248	75.16	157,012	172.12
2008	670,366	841,266	170,900	79.69	89,636	190.66

The actuarial methods used to determine the Actuarial Accrued Liability was the individual entry age actuarial funding methods. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are being amortized as a level percent of projected payroll over 30 years for general, police, and fire. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the computation of the accrued actuarial liability include: (1) a rate of return on the investment or present and future assets of 8.0 percent per year compounded annually, (2) projected salary increases of 3.75 percent to 7.55 percent per year compounded annually, and 3.75 percent inflation.

The Actuarial Value of Assets was computed on fair values "smoothed" over a four year period.

Reserves: As of June 30, 2008 the plan's legally required reserves have been fully funded as follows:

Reserves for employees' contributions:	\$ 80,826,295
Reserves for employer contributions:	127,665,873
Reserve for retiree benefit payments:	461,874,907

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

I. Flint Employees' Retirement System (continued):

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, seven of nine employee unions plus the exempt employees of Hurley Medical Center voted to change participation from the City of Flint FERS to the Michigan Municipal Public Employees Retirement System (MERS). Benefits under both plans are comparable and approximately half of the employees at the Medical Center are represented in each system. Contributions of \$7,937,406 were made to the MERS plan by the Medical Center during 2010. The annual contribution rate for MERS payroll used by the Medical Center in 2010 was 11.45 percent, which is based on the same rate it contributes to FERS.

As of June 30, 2010, \$8,896,382 of the net pension obligation represents pension cost from the years 2009 and 2010 that has not yet been remitted to MERS.

The net pension obligation at June 30, 2010 consists solely of amounts owed by Hurley Medical Center.

Annual pension cost	\$13,030,644
Amounts contributed	(11,828,597)
Increase in net pension obligation	I,202,047
Pension obligation – beginning of year	7,694,335
Pension obligation – end of year	\$ 8,896,382

There is no actuarial valuation for the MERS liability for benefits available as of June 30, 2010. Hurley assumed the future contribution rate for MERS based upon the present contribution required by FERS.

Annual pension cost:

Trend information regarding the annual pension cost (ARC), percentage of ARC contributed, and net pension obligation (NPO) for the years for which Hurley approved MERS are summarized as follows:

Fiscal	Actuarial	Annual	% of	Net Pension
Year	Valuation	Required	ARC	Obligation (Asset)
<u>End</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Contribution (ARC)</u>	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>at June 30</u>
6/30/07	6/30/05	\$6,060,658	145%	\$1,889,624
6/30/08	6/30/06	6,690,590	45	5,711,003
6/30/09	6/30/07	8,037,604	75	7,694,335
6/30/10	6/30/07	9,160,796	87	8,896,382

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

2. Charter Retirement Plan:

The Charter Retirement Plan, a single employer defined benefit pension plan, covers firemen and policemen employed by the City prior to July I, 1947. The plan was adopted under City code. All employees covered by this plan have retired. Benefits are provided under a special City ordinance with retirees receiving a monthly benefit. The current membership of the plan at June 30, 2010, is 6 members. The City intends to pay retirement benefits as they become due from future years' General Fund revenue. The City's contribution to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$96,054 and was calculated based on the actual current pension benefits due to be paid. The present value of vested benefits has not been determined. The City has not requested an actuarial valuation of the plan since 1985 because of the decreasing nature and the immateriality of the plan's potential unfunded pension benefit obligation and the fact that the City is paying benefits as they become due. Net assets available for pension benefits at June 30, 2010 were \$-0-.

3. I.C.M.A. 401A Plan:

The City made available to appointed and elected officials hired through December 31, 2001 an alternative retirement plan to the general retirement pension plan. The plan was a non-contributory defined contribution plan adopted under City ordinance. The City contributes an amount equal to the lesser of 25 percent of the employee's compensation, or \$30,000. No employee contributions are required, and employees vest 100 percent immediately. Total contributions required and made by the City during the year ended June 30, 2010, were \$69,383, which represented 25 percent of current year covered payroll. The plan trustee is the International City Management Association. Investments are stated at market which approximates cost. Total payroll and covered payroll for the year ended June 30, 2010, were \$46,238,718 and \$277,532 respectively.

On January 1, 2002, a new plan was adopted for appointed and elected officials. The City contributes 11 percent of employees' gross earnings and employees have a mandatory 4 percent contribution. Employee accounts are fully vested after 5 years of service. The current year contribution was calculated based on covered payroll of \$144,833 resulting in an employer contribution of \$14,483 and employee contribution of \$8,707.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

4. Defined contribution retirement plans:

On December 3, 2003, a resolution was passed by City Council to establish a defined contribution 401 pension plan for members of AFSCME Local 1600 and Local 1799. Employees hired on or after October 1, 2003, are not eligible to participate in the Flint Employees Retirement System defined benefit pension plan. Employees hired prior to October 1, 2003 had the option of transferring assets from the defined benefit pension plan upon implementation of the defined contribution plan. The City contributes 10 percent of employees' gross earnings and employees have a mandatory 5 percent contribution. Employee accounts are fully vested after 5 years of service. The City's total payroll during the current year was \$46,238,718. The current year contribution was calculated based on covered payroll of \$4,616,414 resulting in an employer contribution of \$459,549 and employee contribution of \$253,004.

The City provides pension benefits to all of its full-time employees (or specific employee group, if applicable) through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment (or other date). As established by City ordinance (authority under which the pension obligation is established), the City contributes 11 percent to 14.5 percent of employees' gross earnings and employee mandatory contributions of 4 percent to 5.5 percent for each employee plus interest allocated to the employee's account are fully vested after 5 years of service.

The City's total payroll during the current year was \$46,238,718 The current year contribution was calculated based on covered payroll of \$1,983,015, resulting in an employer contribution of \$217,941 and employee contributions of \$92,082.

The Medical Center has a defined contribution plan for employees who meet certain requirements as to date of hire. Contributions to the plan are 4.5 percent of the employee's annual compensation. Each employee's interest is vested as specified in the plan. Pension expense included in the statements was \$1,240,535.

5. Profit Sharing and 403(b) Plan

Hurley Health Services (HHS), a component unit of Hurley Medical Center, has a qualified 401(k) profit sharing plan for HPMS employees. Eligible employees, those that have attained the age of 21 and completed 90 days of service, may defer up to 15 percent of their salary. HHS may make a discretionary contribution. HHS's contribution to the 401(k) plan was \$26,727. HHS also maintains two tax-deferred annuity plans under section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue codes. Under the plans, HHS and THC employees may elect to defer up to a specified percentage of their salary, subject to the Internal Revenue Service limits. HHS may make a discretionary contribution. HHS's contribution to the 403(b) plan amounted to \$253,228.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

6. Excess Benefits Pension Plan:

The City established the City of Flint Excess Benefit Plan and Trust (the Plan) for the purpose of providing certain retiring employees with pension benefits in addition to those provided by the Flint Employees' Retirement System (FERS). Certain FERS participants receive an annual pension benefit that exceeds limits included in Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Since the contractually required annual benefit exceeds Section 415 Limitations, the benefits cannot be funded through the FERS plan. The Excess Benefits Pension Plan and Trust was established as a separate pension trust to accumulate resources to pay these "excess" benefits on an annual basis.

Participation in the Plan is limited to FERS retirees whose benefit under the FERS defined benefit plan is limited by Section 415 of the Code and who retirees at any time based on employment as a member of a bargaining unit represented by Local 1600 or Local 1799 of American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees. All employees covered by this plan have retired.

The annual benefit provided under the plan shall be the excess, if any, of each individual participant's benefit over the Section 415 limits in effect that calendar year. All benefits payable under this plan shall be paid in the same manner and form (using the same actuarial assumptions) as pension benefits paid under the FERS. Benefits shall be paid from the Plan once the member has received the maximum amount permitted within the limits of Code Section 415 during a plan year.

The Plan is intended to be funded on an annual basis via City contributions. There are no employee contributions to the Plan. The annual contribution will be determined by estimating the amount of "excess" benefits that will be paid out that calendar year. During the year ended June 30, 2010, employer contributions of \$21,654 were made to the plan and benefits of \$21,654 were paid out.

The City has not requested an actuarial valuation of the plan because of the immateriality of the plan's potential unfunded pension benefit obligation and the fact that the City is paying benefits as they become due. Net assets available for pension benefits at June 30, 2010 were \$-0-.

7. Retiree Death Benefits Plan:

The City provides post retirement death benefits to certain retirees who retired after July 1, 1978, under the terms of collective bargaining agreements with two employee unions. If the retiree was a member of one of the bargaining units at the time of retirement, his or her designated beneficiary will receive a death benefit at the time of the retiree's death. The death benefit ranges from \$2,500 to \$10,000 depending on the retirement date.

The benefits are funded in advance by employee withholdings and a matching employer contribution. The employee contributions are calculated at a set amount for each hour worked by union members during the biweekly pay period. The employee withholdings and matching employer contributions are deposited into a separate account for investment purposes. The investments are administered by a seven member board appointed by the two unions and the mayor.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

7. Retiree Death Benefits Plan (continued):

As of year-end, there were 683 retirees who were eligible for this benefit. Employee and employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2010, were both \$19,793. Net assets available for benefits, reported at fair value were \$532,629 at year end. No actuarial valuation has been performed to determine the present value of vested benefits. During 2010, death benefits of \$83,500 were paid.

8. Health Benefits Plan and Trust:

The City established the City of Flint Retiree Health Care Plan and Trust (the Trust) for the purpose of providing health insurance benefits adopted by the City or approved by collective bargaining agreements to eligible retirees and their spouses. This is a defined contribution plan administered by the Trust. The benefits are provided to Local 1600 and Local 1799 retirees who retired on or after October 1, 2003 as provided for in collective bargaining agreements. The plan is constituted as a "voluntary employees beneficiary association" (VEBA) under section 501(c) (9) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

The collective bargaining agreements require a contribution of 1.5 percent of pre-tax compensation from employees belonging to AFSCME Local 1600 and Local 1799. The Plan does not currently require an employer contribution. The employee contributions and accumulated investment earnings are to be used to provide health care benefits above the capped level provided by the City's defined benefit retiree health care benefit plan.

During the year ended June 30, 2010, plan members contributed \$306,424. Net assets available for benefits were \$3,163,064 at June 30, 2010. No benefit payments were made during 2010.

10. Other Postemployment benefits:

Plan description: The City provides retiree health care benefits to eligible employees and their spouses through the Retiree Health Care Trust Fund. Benefits are provided to public safety and general employees. Currently, the plan has 2,413 members including employees in active service, terminated employees not yet receiving benefits, and retired employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

This is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the City. The benefits are provided under collective bargaining agreements of Local 1799, 1600 and Fire Local 352. The plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement. Administrative costs are paid by the Plan through employer contributions. The plan does not cover Hurley Medical Center employees.

Funding policy: The collective bargaining agreements require a contribution of \$50, \$75 or \$100 monthly depending on their Union contracts towards retiree health plan insurance. Contributions will stop once the retirees would have had 30 years of service or reach the age of 65. The City has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums are due for payment. The City recognizes the expenses on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. The costs of administering the plan are borne by the City's General Fund.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

10. Other Postemployment benefits (continued):

Funding progress: For the year ended June 30, 2010 the City has estimated the cost of providing retiree health care benefits through an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2008. The valuation computes an annual required contribution, which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. This valuation's computed contribution and actual funding are summarized as follows:

Annual required contribution (recommended)	\$ 55,252,592
Interest on the prior year's net OPEB obligation	6,131,650
Less adjustment to the Annual required contribution	 (4,089,005)
Annual OPEB cost	 57,295,237
Amounts contributed:	
Payments of current premiums	 (20,325,123)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	36,970,114
OPEB obligation - Beginning of year	 76,645,627
OPEB obligation - End of year	\$ 3,6 5,74

The annual OPEB costs, the percentage contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current year is as follows:

	 2008 2009		 2010	
Annual OPEB Costs	\$ 60,188,371	\$	55,252,592	\$ 55,252,592
Percentage contributed	32%		35%	37%
Net OPEB obligation	\$ 40,925,931	\$	76,645,627	\$ 3,6 5,74

The funding progress of the plan as of the most recent valuation date is as follows:

Unfunded AAL	\$ 774,606,738
Funded ratio	0%
Annual covered payroll	\$ 41,166,662
Ratio of UAAL to covered payroll	1882%

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

10. Other Postemployment benefits (continued):

Actuarial methods and assumptions: Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2008, actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 8.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 13 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent after eleven years. Both rates included a 9.5 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2008, was 29 years.

II. Hurley Medical Center other postemployment benefits:

Effective for retirements on or after July I, 1983, Hurley Medical Center provides a portion of health insurance premiums for retired employees. The Medical Center has set aside assets in an irrevocable trust account to be used for payment of its portion of health insurance premiums for retired employees. The activity is reported in the fiduciary fund statements.

Plan Description - The Medical Center provides retiree health care benefits to eligible employees and their spouse through the Retiree Health Benefit Plan. Retired exempt employees receive full or partial coverage, depending on date of employment at no cost to the retiree. Retired non-exempt employees pay the full amount or a portion of the premium. No payment is made if the retired employee is covered under other employment. The number of participants eligible to receive benefits was 573.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

11. Hurley Medical Center other postemployment benefits (continued):

This is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the Medical Center. The benefits are provided under collective bargaining agreements. The plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement. Administrative costs are paid by the Plan through employer contributions.

Funding Policy - The Medical Center has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums are due for payment (in other words, this may be financed on a pay-as-you-go basis). However, as shown below, the Medical Center has made contributions to advance-fund these benefits, as determined by an actuarial valuation. The costs of administering the plan are borne by the Medical Center's proprietary fund. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the Medical Center has estimated the cost of providing retiree health care benefits through an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2005. The valuation computes an annual required contribution, which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. This valuation's computed contribution and actual funding are summarized as follows for the year ended June 30, 2010:

Annual required contribution	\$7,417,585
Amount contributed	\$7,417,585
Percentage contributed	100%
Net OPEB obligation	\$ -

Actuarial methods and assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2007 actuarial valuation, the individual entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an 8 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the Medical Center's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 3.75 percent after ten years. Both rates included a 3.75 percent inflation assumption. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2007 was 28 years.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

B. Retirement Plans and Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

II. Hurley Medical Center other postemployment benefits (continued):

The funding progress of the plan as of the most recent valuation date is as follows:

Valuation as of June 30, 2007	
Actuarial value of assets	\$ 10,679,674
Actuarial accrued liability	90,554,797
Unfunded AAL	86,016,632
Funded ratio	12%
Annual covered payroll	\$135,946,295
Ratio of UAAL to covered payroll	57%

C. Summary Disclosures of Significant Contingent Liabilities

Federal, state, and local grants:

The City participates in a number of federal, state, and locally assisted grant programs, principally of which is the federally funded Community Development Block Grant. The programs are subject to compliance audits. In accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1984, compliance audits of federal grants were made during the current year and have been reported under a separate cover. However, specific grantors have yet to make final approval of the compliance audits. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grant agencies, cannot be determined at this time, although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation. Hurley's management believes that it is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as significant regulatory action including fines, penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

D. Risk Management

Risk Management - Primary government:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, and omissions, employee injuries, unemployment benefits, as well as medical and workman's compensation benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for fleet equipment and tort claims, boiler and machinery, certain property and equipment damage and theft, employee theft, and limited tort claims for specific City facilities or events. See separate disclosures below for Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund.

Settled claims for the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of coverage in any of the past three years. There was no reduction in coverages obtained through commercial insurance during the past year.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

D. Risk Management (Continued)

Risk Management - Primary government (continued):

The City is self insured for workmen's compensation on a pay as you go basis for claims up to \$500,000, with reinsurance coverage provided once claims exceed \$1,000,000 in the aggregate. The self insurance program is administered by a third party administrator. All workmen's compensation benefits are paid out of the Fringe Benefits Internal Service Fund. The amount of estimated claims payable at June 30, 2010 was not material.

The City is self insured for active employee dental and eye care benefits on a pay as you go basis. The self insurance program is administered by a third party administrator. All claims and benefits are paid out of the Fringe Benefits Internal Service Fund. The amount of estimated claims payable at June 30, 2010 was not material.

The City pays unemployment claims on a reimbursement basis. The amount of estimated claims payable at June 30, 2010 was not material.

The City is self-insured for medical benefits provided to active employees and retirees. The benefits are funded on a pay as you go basis. Claims are being paid out of the Fringe Benefits Internal Service Fund for active employee claims and out of the Retiree Health Care Trust Fund for retirees. The plans are administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield and Health Plus of Michigan. Once the individual contract or aggregate stop loss amount is reached reinsurance provides the remaining benefits. The City has two health insurance plans that are self-insured, Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan (BCBSM) and HealthPlus. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the City paid out \$5,582,367 in claims and administration fees to HealthPlus. The City is protected from catastrophic claims by an excess insurance policy which provides \$2,000,000 in coverage per specific contract with a \$150,000 Self Insured Retention (SIR). The City did not have any claims in excess of the stop loss deductible during the year. The City paid BCBSM \$22,907,572 during the year for claims funding and administration. The self-insured coverages provided through BCBSM were protected by Specific Stop Loss coverage, which provided an unlimited excess with a \$100,000 deductible. No claims payable exist at June 30, 2010 due to escrowed reserves maintained by the third party administrators. The City also provides fully insured HMO health insurance coverage to a limited number of employees. At June 30, 2010, there were 1,592 retirees that were receiving medical benefits.

The City has a commercial insurance policy that covers certain general tort liability. The per claim limit is \$1,000,000 with a \$500,000 deductible per occurrence and a \$3,000,000 aggregate claim annually. The commercial policy covers public officials, employment practices, employee benefits, law enforcement, and commercial auto.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

D. Risk Management (Continued)

Risk Management - Primary government (continued):

The City is self insured for other potential claims not covered by the commercial policies. The Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund is also self insured for a number of risks. The amounts below include all general liability claims against the City except for those related to Hurley Medical Center. Details regarding Hurley's self insurance practices are presented separately. The City has estimated the claims that have been incurred through the end of the year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported to the City. The estimate is based on legal counsel's recommendation and past settlement history. The estimated liability does not include any incremental costs. The amounts below include all general liability claims against the City except for those related to Hurley Medical Center. Hurley administers its own risk management program and details regarding Hurley's self insurance practices are presented separately.

These claim estimates are recorded as accounts payable in the Self Insurance Internal Service Fund. Changes in the estimated liability as well as the total estimated costs (based on prior history and claims presented) of claims for the past fiscal year for the City, exclusive of the Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund, were as follows:

	<u>Fiscal Year En</u> <u>2010</u>	<u>ded June 30,</u> <u>2009</u>
Estimated liability, beginning of year	\$15,206,532	\$20,178,667
Estimated claims incurred, including changes in estimates	(12,322,250)	(4,149,608)
Claims payments	(331,697)	(822,527)
Estimated liability, end of year	\$2,552,585	\$15,206,532
Current portion Long-term portion	\$ 541,750 2,010,835 \$2,552,585	\$12,333,250 2,873,282 \$15,206,532

Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund:

The Medical Center is exposed to various risks of loss, including hospital professional and patient general liability claims. The Medical Center has established a trust to assist in accumulating resources to fund excess insurance premiums and to pay claims.

The Medical Center's self insured retention is \$6 million for the first annual occurrence and \$4 million for each additional occurrence annually with excess claims-made coverage up to \$15 million annually. Claims in excess of \$15 million are to be covered by the Medical Center. The Medical Center employs the use of an actuary to provide an analysis of the existing claims and to estimate the liability for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

D. Risk Management (Continued)

Hurley Medical Center Enterprise Fund (continued):

Changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims and defense costs payable for the past two years were as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Estimated liability - Beginning of year	\$28,840,926	\$32,645,007
Increase in claims liability	8,367,116	1,295,184
Defense costs and other fund expenses	(1,909,936)	(1,685,190)
Excess insurance premium payments	(1,298,911)	(1,740,275)
Claims paid	(625,150)	(1,673,800)
Estimated liability - End of year	\$33,374,045	\$28,840,926

Professional liability for claims is reported in accrued expenses, both current and long-term, on the statement of net assets. The carrying amount of the insurance trust assets (at market) amounted to \$18,913,205 at June 30, 2010.

Malpractice claims have been asserted against the Medical Center by various claimants. The claims are in various stages of assertion, including some that have been brought to trial. Counsel is unable to conclude about the ultimate outcome of the actions; however, it is probable that certain actions will result in unfavorable settlements for the Medical Center. There also are known incidents, which occurred through June 30, 2008, that may result in the assertion of additional claims. Management is of the opinion that the settlement of claims probable of unfavorable outcome, as well as the settlement, if any, of such other asserted and unasserted claims, are within the amount of liability accrued for unpaid claims. Consequently, management believes that such settlements will not significantly affect the Medical Center's financial results. The Medical Center maintains an irrevocable trust to be used for the payment of settlements. The Medical Center funds the trust based upon an annual actuarial determination. The Medical Center purchased a stoploss insurance policy relating to malpractice claims, which will limit the future claims that will be paid from the irrevocable trust.

Conditional Asset Retirement Obligation

The Medical Center has an obligation related to the removal of asbestos within various buildings on campus upon reconstruction, demolition, or abandonment of the buildings. The Medical Center has not recorded a liability related to the potential costs associated with the asbestos abatement, as the amount of the liability cannot currently be reasonably estimated. In addition, the range of time over which the Medical Center may settle the obligation is unknown and cannot be estimated. The Medical Center currently has no plans or expectation of plans to undertake a major renovation that would require the removal of the asbestos or demolition of the buildings. The Medical Center will recognize a liability in the period sufficient information is available to reasonably estimate the amount of the liability.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

D. Risk Management (Continued)

Risk Management - Component units:

The Flint Economic Development Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, and error and omissions. The Corporation has purchased commercial insurance for these risks associated with a small business incubator facility which leases commercial and light industrial space to new businesses. Since the Corporation occupies premises located in the City of Flint Municipal Center and all Corporation personnel are employees of the City, any losses related to general liability, employee injuries, workman's compensation, and employee medical benefits are covered by City self insurance risk management programs. No claims related to Corporation activities have been presented to the City as of June 30, 2010.

The Downtown Development Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. DDA has purchased insurance for these risks.

The Flint Area Enterprise Community is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, and errors and omissions. The FAEC has purchased commercial insurance coverage through various policies for general liability on all FAEC-owned property and workmen's compensation. Settled claims for the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of coverage in any of the past three years. There were no reductions in coverage during the current year.

E. Commitments

Subsequent to year-end, the City settled a lawsuit related to Genesee Towers. The court ordered a judgment levy, on all residents of the City, to pay for the settlement in the amount of \$8,287,438. The City recorded the liability on the government-wide statements in accrued liabilities.

As of June 30, 2010, Hurley Practice Management Services (HPMS) is contingently liable as guarantor with respect to 50 percent of \$3,297,922 of indebtedness of Hurley/Binson's Medical Equipment, Inc. HPMS owns 50 percent of Hurley/Binson's Medical Equipment, Inc. The book value of the investment is \$0 at June 30, 2010. HPMS had written off the investment in Hurley/Binson's Medical Equipment, Inc. due to continuing operating losses. No material loss is anticipated by reason of such guarantee. There are no recourse rights in the event of default by Hurley/Binson's Medical Equipment, Inc.

The future minimum payments related to the above debt are: 2011- \$2,791,929; 2012 - \$487,313; 2013 - \$10,189; and 2014 - \$8,491.

F. Related Party Transactions

The Medical Center pays subsidies and management fees for services rendered by HHS to the Medical Center. Management fees and contributions from the Medical Center to HHS for the year ended June 30, 2010 amounted to \$18,722,681, of which \$18,122,681 is staff and service contracts and \$600,000 is network management fees. Amounts paid by HHS to the Medical Center for rent and other miscellaneous expenses for the year ended June 30, 2010 amounted to \$801,590.

As of June 30, 2010, the Medical Center had accounts receivable from HHS of \$164,460 and accounts payable to HHS of \$753,927.

Note 4 - Other Information (Continued)

F. Related Party Transactions (Continued)

Included in other operating revenues of HHS are management fees and marketing fees for services rendered paid by Hurley/Binson's Medical Equipment, Inc., a related party to HPMS. Management fee and marketing income from Hurley/Binson's Medical Equipment, Inc. for the year ended June 30, 2010 amounted to \$0. There were no accounts receivable from Hurley/Binson's Medical Equipment at June 30, 2010. HPMS and HHS purchase courier services from Hurley/Binson's Medical Equipment, Inc. in the amount of \$300,000 annually.

G. Upcoming Accounting Changes

In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions*. The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This Statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated and unreserved will be replaced with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The City will implement Statement No. 54 beginning with the fiscal year ended 2011.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information Analysis of Funding Progress June 30, 2010

General, Police, Fire, and Hurley Pension Plans Schedule of Funding Progress (\$ Amounts in Thousands)

		Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded (Over funded)			UAAL as % of
Actuarial	Actuarial	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Value of	Individual Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Year Ended	<u>Assets (a)</u>	<u>(AAL) (b)</u>	<u>(b-a)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	<u>(c)</u>	(<u>(b-a)/c)</u>
2003	\$822,813	\$ 981,884	\$159,071	83.80%	\$148,997	106.76%
2004	803,420	971,686	168,266	82.68	150,429	111.86
2005	784,271	985,338	201,067	79.59	148,319	135.50
2006	782,098	1,023,599	241,501	76.41	146,634	164.70
2007	801,533	1,071,781	270,248	75.16	157,012	172.12
2008	670,366	841,266	170,900	79.69	89,636	190.66

The actuarial methods used to determine the Actuarial Accrued Liability was the individual entry age actuarial funding methods. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are being amortized as a level percent of projected payroll over 30 years for general, police, and fire. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the computation of the accrued actuarial liability include: (1) a rate of return on the investment or present and future assets of 8.0 percent per year compounded annually, (2) projected salary increases of 3.75 percent to 7.55 percent per year compounded annually, and 3.75 percent inflation.

The Actuarial Value of Assets was computed on fair values "smoothed" over a four year period.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2010

General, Police, Fire, and Hurley Pension Plans Schedule of Employer Contribution

Fiscal Year	Actuarial Valuation	Annual Required	% of ARC	Net Pension Obligation (Asset) at
<u>End</u>	Date	Contribution (ARC)	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>June 30</u>
6/30/05	12/31/02	\$14,805,710	100%	\$-
6/30/06	12/31/03	9,916,682	68	3,143,529*
6/30/07	06/30/05	11,956,575	69	6,840,171*
6/30/08	06/30/06	14,376,558	72	10,805,978*
6/30/09	06/30/07	14,497,568	175	-
6/30/10	6/30/08	13,394,740	169	

* All net pension obligation is owed by Hurley Medical Center.

MERS Pension Plan - Hurley Schedule of Employer Contribution

Fiscal Year <u>End</u>	Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Annual Required <u>Contribution (ARC)</u>	% of ARC <u>Contributed</u>	Net Pension Obligation (Asset) <u>at June 30</u>
6/30/06	12/31/03	\$4,647,023	0%	\$4,647,023
6/30/07	6/30/05	6,060,658	145	1,889,624
6/30/08	6/30/06	6,690,590	45	5,711,003
6/30/09	6/30/07	8,037,604	75	7,694,335
6/30/10	6/30/07	9,160,796	87	8,896,382

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget			ariance with Amended	
		Original	Amended	Actual	Budget
Revenue					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$	12,550,775	\$ 11,207,674	\$ 9,474,168	\$ (1,733,506)
Income taxes		14,564,000	14,564,000	13,551,247	(1,012,753)
Intergovernmental					· · · ·
Federal revenue		-	558,388	443,089	(115,299)
State revenue		19,559,272	17,571,445	17,446,231	(125,214)
Special assessments		-	-	41,479	41,479
Licenses and permits		1,172,424	1,172,424	1,265,092	92,668
Fines and forfeits		3,140,000	3,140,000	2,418,849	(721,151)
Charges for services		14,267,328	11,277,328	10,609,716	(667,612)
Local grant revenue		469,251	2,780,521	I,460,656	(1,319,865)
Interest		(409,051)	(409,051)	89,128	498,179
Other		552,662	578,915	389,799	(189,116)
Total revenue		65,866,661	62,441,644	57,189,454	(5,252,190)
Expenditures					
Current:					
Legislative - city council		1,196,286	1,196,586	1,176,953	19,633
Judicial-68th district court		5,840,204	5,721,138	5,468,994	252,144
General government:					
Contributions to agencies					
and others		125,000	125,000	125,000	-
Civil service		164,936	126,866	93,418	33,448
Human relations		161,918	182,805	171,577	11,228
Mayor's office		329,896	336,86 I	344,677	(7,816)
Finance		5,403,232	5,164,735	5,067,546	97,189
Community service		-	-	-	-
City clerk		1,410,171	1,406,326	1,195,164	211,162
Human resources		1,247,306	1,368,841	1,339,322	29,519
Office of the ombudsman		250,132	250,132	232,577	17,555
City administrator		751,159	732,63 I	793,007	(60,376)
Union representatives		389,808	386,659	381,278	5,381
Law office		976,305	 1,128,267	 1,096,024	 32,243
Total general government		11,209,863	11,209,123	 10,839,590	 369,533

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Variance with		
	Budg Original	Amended	Actual	Amended Budget
Expenditures (Continued)				
Current (continued):				
Public Safety:				
Police department	22,933,573	25,054,583	24,666,174	388,409
Emergency dispatch	2,851,493	2,848,218	2,794,102	54,116
Fire department	13,697,650	13,445,570	13,850,036	(404,466)
Building inspection	114,307	111,474	116,641	(5,167)
Total public safety	39,597,023	41,459,845	41,426,953	32,892
Transportation	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,643,009	(543,009)
Community development	346,962	342,161	427,056	(84,895)
Parks and recreation	2,525,998	2,705,920	2,758,896	(52,976)
Total expenditures	62,816,336	64,734,773	64,741,451	(6,678)
Excess of Revenue Over				
(Under) Expeditures	3,050,325	(2,293,129)	(7,551,997)	(5,258,868)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of capital assets	5,550	5,550	54,195	48,645
Transfers in	-	2,990,000	2,990,000	-
Transfers out	(3,046,633)	(988,998)	-	988,998
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(3,041,083)	2,006,552	3,044,195	1,037,643
Net Change in Fund Balance	9,242	(286,577)	(4,507,802)	(4,221,225)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of year	(10,113,744)	(10,113,744)	(10,113,744)	-
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of year	\$ (10,104,502)	\$ (10,400,321)	\$ (14,621,546)	\$ (4,221,225)

Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget						 ariance with Amended
		Original		Amended		Actual	Budget
Revenue							
Federal revenue	\$	19,057,016	\$	19,057,016	\$	10,002,184	\$ (9,054,832)
State revenue		1,192,221		1,192,221		4,829	(1,187,392)
Local revenue		284,085		284,085		3,000	(281,085)
Charges for services		73,200		73,200		100,162	26,962
Interest		15,600		15,600		70,590	54,990
Other		135,800		135,800		41,115	(94,685)
Total revenue		20,757,922		20,757,922		10,221,880	(10,536,042)
Expenditures							
Public Safety:							
Police		335,896		335,896		335,896	-
Fire		487,958		487,958		324,885	163,073
Building Inspection		3,096,090		3,096,090		1,398,175	1,697,915
Community enrichment Debt Service:		20,482,585		20,482,585		14,452,724	6,029,861
Principal retirement		171,000		171,000		171,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges		777,422		777,422		50,999	726,423
Total expenditures		25,350,951		25,350,951		16,733,679	8,617,272
Net Change in Fund Balances		(4,593,029)		(4,593,029)		(6,511,799)	(1,918,770)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		7,481,163		7,481,163		7,481,163	-
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	2,888,134	\$	2,888,134	\$	969,364	\$ (1,918,770)

Combining Fund Statements and Fund Descriptions

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Summary Descriptions June 30, 2010

Special Revenue Funds

The <u>Major Streets Fund</u> accounts for the City's share of proceeds from gas and weight taxes levied by the State and distributed to local government units for major street construction and maintenance.

The <u>Local Streets Fund</u> accounts for the City's share of proceeds from gas and weight taxes levied by the State and distributed to local government units for local street construction and maintenance.

The <u>Neighborhood Policing Fund</u> is used to account for a special property tax levy approved by voters to provide additional police protection for neighborhoods.

The <u>State Act 251-Forfeitures Fund</u> is used to account for proceeds from the sale of confiscated property seized in drug related crimes.

The <u>EDA Revolving Loan Fund</u> is used to account for monies received from the U.S. Economic Development Administration. The grant was used to establish a revolving loan fund to loan money to economic development projects which meet program criteria.

The <u>Atwood Stadium Fund</u> receives revenue from admission charges and other activities at Atwood Stadium. All expenditures of this fund are for capital improvements at the stadium.

The <u>Parks and Recreation Fund</u> was established to account for the annual $\frac{1}{2}$ mill tax levy for the purpose of providing dedicated funds for the improvement and maintenance of City parks, forestry and recreation services. This original tax levy was for a period of 10 years, 1997 through 2006, was renewed for an additional 10 years, 2007 through 2017.

The <u>Senior Citizen Centers</u> was established to account for grants received from Genesee County for senior citizen services.

The <u>City Park Fund</u> was established to account for transactions related to the appraisal and sale of certain City owned property. Proceeds of the land sales are restricted to improvements of City parks.

(continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Summary Descriptions (Continued) June 30, 2010

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

The <u>Longway Park Fund</u> is used to account for monies received from a charitable trust. Use of the monies has been restricted to projects at certain city parks.

The <u>Building Department Fund</u> accounts for the operational revenues and expenditures of the City's code inspection and building inspection department.

The <u>Garbage Collection Fund</u> accounts for a special property tax millage allowed to provide garbage and compost collection services.

Debt Service Funds

The <u>Parking Deck Debt Service Fund</u> was established to accumulate resources for the payment of bonds issued to construct a parking deck facility.

The <u>Windmill Place Debt Service Fund</u> was established to accumulate resources for the payment of the tax increment bond issue utilized to finance the construction of Windmill Place, a festival marketplace.

The <u>Buick City Debt Service Fund</u> was established to accumulate resources for the payment of the tax increment bond issue utilized to finance the Buick City improvements.

Capital Projects Fund

The <u>Public Improvement Fund</u> was established to account for the annual 2-1/2 mill tax levy reserved by Section 7-201 of the City Charter for capital improvements and servicing of general obligation debt.

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Summary Descriptions June 30, 2010

The <u>Golf Course Fund</u> is used to account for the operation of the four city-owned golf courses. Most revenues are derived from greens and rental fees. Operations are managed by City employees.

Internal Service Funds Summary Descriptions June 30, 2010

The <u>Data Processing Fund</u> distributes the costs of central data processing services to the various user departments.

The <u>Fringe Benefits Fund</u> is used as a clearing account for the City's payroll and related fringe benefits, and to make payments for worker's compensation and unemployment claims. Monies are accumulated in this fund as a result of payroll allocations made on a departmental and/or bargaining unit basis.

The <u>Central Maintenance Garage Fund</u> accounts for the costs of vehicles and equipment provided to City funds.

The <u>Self-Insurance Fund</u> was established to accumulate monies which are available to settle claims against the City when no insurance coverage exists and to make insurance premium payments. The fund is reimbursed by the user departments for insurance premium payments made and monies accumulated for self-insurance.

Fiduciary Funds Summary Descriptions June 30, 2010

Pension and Benefit Trust Funds

The <u>Flint Employees' Retirement System Fund</u> is used to account for the financial operations of the Flint Employees' Retirement System. The system is administered by a nine-member board of trustees while the City acts as the custodian of the system.

The <u>Excess Pension Benefit Fund</u> was established to provide certain retiring employees with pension benefits in addition to those provided by the Flint Employees' Retirement System.

The <u>Death Benefits Fund</u> was established to provide beneficiaries of retired and active employees with cash benefits to aid in funeral expenses. The employer and employees contribute equally to fund the amount necessary to provide the benefit.

The <u>Retiree Health Care Fund</u> accounts for the funding and expenditures related to providing health care benefits to retirees.

The <u>Health Benefit Plan and Trust</u> was established for the purpose of providing health insurance benefits in accordance with collective bargaining agreements for eligible retirees through employee contributions.

The <u>Hurley Medical Center Health Benefit Plan and Trust</u> was established for the purpose of providing health insurance benefits in accordance with collective bargaining agreements for eligible retirees through employee contributions.

Agency Funds

The <u>Miscellaneous Agency Fund</u> is used to account for delinquent property taxes levied by other taxing units and other assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and other funds.

The <u>County Revolving Loan Fund</u> is used to account for monies held in an agency capacity for the use of the Genesee County Economic Development Corporation.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Special I	Rever	nue		
Assets		Major Streets		Local Streets		ghborhood Policing
Pooled cash and investments	\$	865,116	\$	130,778	\$	150,185
Cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	60	Ψ	130,770	Ψ	150,105
Taxes receivable (net of allowance \$14,884)		-		_		129,195
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for						,
estimated uncollectible accounts of \$57,181)		44		-		138,660
Notes receivable		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		1,059,914		-
Due from other governments		1,127,715		314,914		-
Due from component unit		-		-		-
Inventories		63,786		-		-
Total assets	\$ 2	2,056,721	\$ I	,505,606	\$	418,040
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	769,880	\$	49,532	\$	2,607
Accrued liabilities		-		-		252,000
Deposits payable		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		174,280		-		129,195
Total liabilities		944,160		49,532		383,802
Fund balances						
Reserved for encumbrances		381,356		-		-
Reserved for long term receivable		-		-		-
Reserved for inventory		63,786		-		-
Unreserved:						
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures		534,960		927,138		5,937
Undesignated		132,459		528,936		28,301
Total fund balances		1,112,561		1,456,074		34,238
Total liabilities and		.,,		.,,		5 1,200
fund balances	\$ 7	2,056,721	\$ 1	,505,606	\$	418,040
Iuliu Dalalices	φ 4	.,030,721	ΨI	,505,000	Ψ	710,070

			Special Rev	/enue				S	oecial R	evenue
State Act 25 Forfeitu	51-	Re	EDA evolving Loan	Atwo Stadi		arks and creation	(Senior Citizen Centers		ity ark
\$	-	\$	476	\$ 6,7	775	\$ -	\$	79,235	\$8	8,384
	-		204,015		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	32,210		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		856,187		-	-		-		-
1,269	9,712		-		-	2,325		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
\$ 1,269	,712	\$ I	,060,678	\$6,7	75	\$ 34,535	\$	79,235	\$8	,384
\$ 3	8,057	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 20,097	\$	21,357	\$	-
	-		-		-	64,000		-		-
482	2,672		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	81,324		-		-
	-		856,187		-	32,210		46,841		-
485	5,729		856,187		-	197,631		68,198		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-
100										
	8,352),631		- 204,491	6,7	- 775	- (163,096)		- 11,037	ε	- 8,384
783	8,983		204,491	6,7	775	(163,096)		11,037	8	8,384
\$ 1,269	,712	\$ I	,060,678	\$6,7	75	\$ 34,535	\$	79,235	\$ 8	,384

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Special Revenue						
Assets	Longway Park		Building epartment		Garbage Collection		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 9,354	\$	_	\$	_		
Cash and cash equivalents	φ <i>γ</i> ,551	Ŷ	50	Ψ	_		
Taxes receivable (net of allowance \$14,884)	-		-		355,389		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for							
estimated uncollectible accounts of \$57,181)	-		76,034		-		
Notes receivable	-		-		-		
Due from other funds	-		43,262		70,372		
Due from other governments	-		528,858		-		
Due from component unit	-		-		-		
Inventories	-		-		-		
Total assets	\$ 9,354	\$	648,204	\$	425,761		
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$-	\$	144,300	\$	49,807		
Accrued liabilities	-		-		376,000		
Deposits payable	-		-		-		
Due to other funds	-		968,377		553,848		
Deferred revenue	-		111,803		355,389		
Total liabilities			1,224,480		1,335,044		
Fund balances							
Reserved for encumbrances	-		-		-		
Reserved for long term receivable	-		-		-		
Reserved for inventory	-		-		-		
Unreserved:							
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures							
Undesignated	- 9,354		- (576,276)		- (909,283)		
Total fund balances	9,354		(576,276)		(909,283)		
Total liabilities and	<u> </u>						
fund balances	\$ 9,354	\$	648,204	\$	425,761		
		-					

			ot Service			Ca	pital Projects Funds						
C C	Parking Deck Debt Service		/indmill Place Debt ervice	Buick City Debt Service		Debt		ace Buicl		In	Public	To G	tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	- - -	\$	6,520 - -	\$	643 - -	\$	- - -	\$	1,257,466 204,125 516,794				
	- - - -						- 1,304,100 1,683,733 - 771,722		214,738 2,160,287 4,129,318 1,971,487 771,722 63,786				
\$	-	\$	6,520	\$	643	\$	3,759,555	\$	11,289,723				
\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	9,307 314,000 - - - 323,307	\$	I,069,944 I,006,000 482,672 I,603,549 I,705,905 5,868,070				
	- -		- - -		- - -		- 1,304,100 -		381,356 1,304,100 63,786				
	- -		- 6,520 6,520		- 643 643		300,810 1,831,338 3,436,248		1,872,197 1,800,214 5,421,653				
\$	-	\$	6,520	\$	643	\$	3,759,555	\$	11,289,723				

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Ma Stre		Local Streets	Ne	ighborhood Policing
Revenue					
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,423,336
Federal revenue		-	231,105		-
State revenue	6,8	29,333	2,359,164		-
Local revenue		97,668	-		-
Licenses and fees		-	-		-
Fines and forfeits		-	-		-
Charges for services		-	-		-
Interest		37,434	22,212		13,479
Other	3	74,527	280,020		300,086
Total revenue	7,3	38,962	2,892,501		2,736,901
Expenditures					
General government		-	-		-
Police		-	-		2,706,947
Building inspection		-	-		-
Transportation	9,4	24,812	3,616,864		-
Public works		-	-		-
Parks and recreation		66,853	-		-
Community development and enrichment		-	-		-
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement		95,333	-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		26,412	-		-
Total expenditures	9,6	13,410	3,616,864		2,706,947
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,2	74,448)	(724,363)		29,954
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		-	-		-
Transfers out		-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,2	74,448)	(724,363)		29,954
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	3,3	87,009	2,180,437		4,284
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	\$ 1,11	2,561	\$ 1,456,074	\$	34,238

Special Revenue

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

Tear Endeu June 30, 2010	Special Revenue								
	State Act 251- Forfeiture	5	EDA Revolving Loan		twood tadium				
Revenue									
Property taxes	\$ -	5	\$-	\$	-				
Federal revenue	-		-		-				
State revenue	-		-		-				
Local revenue	-		-		-				
Licenses and fees	-		-		-				
Fines and forfeits	51,73	35	-		-				
Charges for services	-	_	-		-				
Interest	28,32		39,982		149				
Other	7,90	50	76,475		-				
Total revenue	88,02	20	116,457		149				
Expenditures									
General government	-		-		-				
Police	145,60	59	-		-				
Building inspection	-		-		-				
Transportation	-		-		-				
Public works	-		-		-				
Parks and recreation	-		-		-				
Community development and enrichment	-		19,927		-				
Debt Service:									
Principal retirement	-		-		-				
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		-				
Total expenditures	145,60		19,927		-				
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(57,64	19)	96,530		149				
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in									
Transfers out	-		-		-				
Total other financing sources (uses)			_						
Net Change in Fund Balances		10)	96,530		- 149				
C	(57,64	,							
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	841,63		107,961		6,626				
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	\$ 783,98	<u>3</u>	\$ 204,491	\$	6,775				

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Parks ar Recreation		Senior Citizen Centers	City Park
Revenue Property taxes Federal revenue State revenue Local revenue Licenses and fees	\$ 604,	766 \$ - - -	358,254 - -	\$ - - - -
Fines and forfeits Charges for services Interest Other	46,	- 716 000	- 2,252 -	- - 186 -
Total revenue Expenditures	652,-	482	360,506	186
General government Police Building inspection		- -	- - -	- - -
Transportation Public works Parks and recreation Community development and enrichment	839,	- - 612 -	- - 358,254 -	
Debt Service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		-	-	-
Total expenditures	839,	612	358,254	-
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(187,	130)	2,252	186
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(187,	130)	2,252	186
Fund Balances - Beginning of year Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	24, \$ (163,0	034)96) \$	8,785	\$ 8,198 8,384

Special Revenue

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Lo	ongway Park	D	Building Department	Garbage Collection
Revenue					
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,637,294
Federal revenue		-		1,641,785	96,766
State revenue		-		1,130,746	-
Local revenue		-		8,221	33,790
Licenses and fees		-		1,172,896	2,660
Fines and forfeits		-		-	-
Charges for services		-		520,422	-
Interest		207		-	13,521
Other		-		6,983	I,028
Total revenue		207		4,481,053	3,785,059
Expenditures					
General government		-		-	-
Police		-		-	-
Building inspection		-		5,089,245	-
Transportation		-		-	-
Public works		-		-	4,694,814
Parks and recreation		-		-	-
Community development and enrichment Debt Service:		-		-	-
Principal retirement		-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-	-
Total expenditures		-		5,089,245	4,694,814
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		207		(608,192)	(909,755)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		-		-	-
Transfers out		-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		207		(608,192)	(909,755)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		9,147		31,916	472
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	\$	9,354	\$	(576,276)	\$ (909,283)

Special Revenue

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

Year Ended June 30, 2010		Debt Service						
	P S	Windmill Place Debt Service		Buick Ci Debt Service				
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Federal revenue		-		-		-		
State revenue		-		-		-		
Local revenue		-		-		-		
Licenses and fees		-		-		-		
Fines and forfeits		-		-		-		
Charges for services		-		-		-		
Interest		-		-		-		
Other		-		-		-		
Total revenue		-		-		-		
Expenditures								
General government		-		-		-		
Police		-		-		-		
Building inspection		-		-		-		
Transportation		-		-		-		
Public works		-		-		-		
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		
Community development and enrichment		-		-		-		
Debt Service:		~~ ~~~						
Principal retirement		90,000		-		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		501,463		-		-		
Total expenditures		591,463		-		-		
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(591,463)		-		-		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		501 4/2						
Transfers in		591,463		-		-		
Transfers out		-		-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		591,463		-		-		
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-		
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		-		6,520		643		
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	\$	-	\$	6,520	\$	643		

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

Capital Project

	Public Improvement			al Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
Revenue					
Property taxes	\$	3,030,176	\$	9,695,572	
Federal revenue		-		1,969,656	
State revenue		-		10,319,243	
Local revenue		-		497,933	
Licenses and fees		-		1,175,556	
Fines and forfeits		-		51,735	
Charges for services		-		520,422	
Interest		51,450		210,913	
Other		930,967		2,024,046	
Total revenue		4,012,593		26,465,076	
Expenditures					
General government		137,306		137,306	
Police		-		2,852,616	
Building inspection		-		5,089,245	
Transportation		-		13,041,676	
Public works		-		4,694,814	
Parks and recreation		316,863		1,581,582	
Community development and enrichment Debt Service:		-		19,927	
Principal retirement		1,935,854		2,121,187	
Interest and fiscal charges		96,273		624,148	
interest and liscal charges		70,273		024,140	
Total expenditures		2,486,296		30,162,501	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		1,526,297		(3,697,425)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		-		591,463	
Transfers out		(1,835,652)		(1,835,652)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,835,652)		(1,244,189)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(309,355)		(4,941,614)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	1	3,745,603		10,363,267	
Fund Balances (Deficit) - End of year	\$ 3,436,248 \$ 5,42				

Major Streets Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget						 ariance With
		Original		Amended		Actual	Amended Budget
Revenue							
State revenue	\$	7,542,800	\$	7,542,800	\$	6,829,333	\$ (713,467)
Local revenue		-		229,971		97,668	(132,303)
Interest		114,643		114,643		37,434	(77,209)
Other		143,548		143,548		374,527	230,979
Total revenue		7,800,991		8,030,962		7,338,962	(692,000)
Expenditures							
Transportation		9,005,963		10,344,242		9,424,812	919,430
Debt service		105,333		121,745		121,745	-
Parks and recreation		-		143,873		66,853	77,020
Total expenditures		9,111,296		10,609,860		9,613,410	996,450
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,310,305)		(2,578,898)		(2,274,448)	304,450
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		3,387,009		3,387,009		3,387,009	-
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	2,076,704	\$	808,111	\$	1,112,561	\$ 304,450

Local Streets Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Bu	ıdget		Variance With Amended	
	Original	Amended	Actual	Budget	
Revenue					
Federal revenue	\$ -	\$ 251,308	\$ 231,105	\$ (20,203)	
State revenue	2,338,481	2,338,481	2,359,164	20,683	
Interest	51,416	51,416	22,212	(29,204)	
Other	108,500	108,500	280,020	171,520	
Total revenue	2,498,397	2,749,705	2,892,501	142,796	
Expenditures Transportation	3,594,157	3,846,016	3,616,864	229,152	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,095,760)	(1,096,311)	(724,363)	371,948	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	2,180,437	2,180,437	2,180,437	-	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 1,084,677	\$ 1,084,126	\$ 1,456,074	\$ 371,948	

Neighborhood Policing Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget					Variance with	
	Original Am		Amended	Actual		Amended Budget	
Revenue							
Taxes Interest	\$	3,136,274 -	\$	3,136,274 -	\$ 2,423,336 13,479	\$	(712,938) 13,479
Other		181,082		182,082	300,086		118,004
Total revenue		3,317,356		3,318,356	2,736,901		(581,455)
Expenditures							
Police department		3,317,356		3,318,356	2,706,947		611,409
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	29,954		29,954
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		4,284		4,284	4,284		-
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	4,284	\$	4,284	\$ 34,238	\$	29,954

State Act 251 - Forfeitures Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Bu	_		riance with Amended	
	Original	Amended	Actual	,	Budget
Revenue					
Fines and forfeits	\$ 325,000	\$ 325,000	•	\$	(273,265)
Charges for services	70,000	70,000			(70,000)
Interest	-	-	28,325		28,325
Other	-	-	7,960		7,960
Total revenue	395,000	395,000	88,020		(306,980)
Expenditures					
Police department	524,580	524,580) 145,669		378,911
Not Change in Fund Palance	(120 500))) (57 649)		71 921
Net Change in Fund Balance	(129,580)	(129,580) (57,649)		71,931
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	841,632	841,632	841,632		-
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 712,052	\$ 712,052	\$ 783,983	\$	71,931

EDA Revolving Loan Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget					riance with	
	0	Driginal	A	Amended	Actual	-	Budget
Revenue							
Principal payments	\$	-	\$	36,942	\$ 76,475	\$	39,533
Interest		-		25,675	39,982		14,307
Total revenues		-		62,617	116,457		53,840
Expenditures - Current Community development							
and enrichment		-		162,617	19,927		142,690
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(100,000)	96,530		196,530
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		107,961		107,961	107,961		-
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	107,961	\$	7,961	\$ 204,491	\$	196,530

Parks & Recreation Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget				Variance with Amended		
	(Original	А	mended	Actual		Budget
Revenue							
Taxes	\$	784,068	\$	784,068	\$ 604,766	\$	(179,302)
Interest		-		-	1,716		1,716
Other		23,000		23,000	46,000		23,000
Total revenue		807,068		807,068	652,482		(154,586)
Expenditures							
Parks and recreation		807,068		807,068	839,612		(32,544)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	(187,130)		(187,130)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		24,034		24,034	24,034		-
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of year	\$	24,034	\$	24,034	\$ (163,096)	\$	(187,130)

Senior Citizen Center Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	 Bu Original	idge /	t Amended		Actual		riance with Amended Budget
Revenue	 0			¢		¢	
Local revenue Interest	\$ 353,082 -	\$	353,082 -	\$	358,254 2,251	\$	5,172 2,251
Total revenue	 353,082		353,082		360,505		7,423
Expenditures							
Parks and recreation	 353,079		353,079		358,253		(5,174)
Net Change in Fund Balances	3		3		2,252		2,249
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	 8,785		8,785		8,785		-
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 8,788	\$	8,788	\$	11,037	\$	2,249

Building Department Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget			riance with	
		Original	Amended	Actual	Amended Budget
Revenue Federal revenue State revenue Licenses and fees Fines and Forfeitures	\$	852,743 - I,126,700 -	\$ 1,994,533 1,307,811 1,126,700	\$ 1,641,785 1,130,746 1,172,896	\$ (352,748) (177,065) 46,196 -
Charges for Services Other		280,500	882,412 -	528,643 6,983	(353,769) 6,983
Total revenue		2,259,943	5,311,456	4,481,053	(830,403)
Expenditures					
Building inspection Interest		2,652,013 -	5,711,249 -	5,071,892 17,353	639,357 (17,353)
Total expenditures		2,652,013	5,711,249	5,089,245	622,004
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(392,070)	(399,793)	(608,192)	(208,399)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		392,070	392,070	-	(392,070)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(7,723)	(608,192)	(600,469)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		31,916	31,916	31,916	-
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of year	\$	31,916	\$ 24,193	\$ (576,276)	\$ (600,469)

Garbage Collection Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget						ariance with Amended
		Original		Amended		Actual	Budget
Revenue							<i></i>
Taxes Federal revenue	\$	4,704,410	\$	4,704,410	\$, ,	\$ (1,067,116)
Local revenue		-		100,000 33,790		96,766 33,790	(3,234)
Licenses and fees		-		-		2,660	2,660
Other		-		-		1,028	I,028
Interest		10,533		10,533		13,521	2,988
Total revenue		4,714,943		4,848,733		3,785,059	(1,063,674)
Expenditures							
Public works		4,714,943		4,848,733		4,694,814	153,919
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(909,755)	(909,755)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		472		472		472	-
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of year	\$	472	\$	472	\$	(909,283)	\$ (909,755)

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

	Data Processing	Fringe Benefits	Central Maintenance Garage	Self- Insurance	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Pooled cash and investments	\$-	\$ 3,120,741	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,120,741
Cash and cash equivalents	-	132,385	100	-	132,485
Receivables (net of allowance for estimated uncollectible					
amounts of \$27,846)	-	3,403	2,772	7,893	14,068
Note receivable - current portion	-	130,000	-	-	130,000
Due from other funds	261,308	-	431,507	3,023,514	3,716,329
Inventories	-	-	180,017	-	180,017
Prepaid costs	15,400	196,008	-	84,152	295,560
Total current assets	276,708	3,582,537	614,396	3,115,559	7,589,200
Noncurrent assets:					
Note receivable - long term	-	260,000	-	-	260,000
Capital assets	897,688	-	3,886,263	-	4,783,951
Total noncurrent assets	897,688	260,000	3,886,263	-	5,043,951
Total assets	1,174,396	3,842,537	4,500,659	3,115,559	12,633,151

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets (continued) June 30, 2010

	Data Processing	Fringe Benefits	Central Maintenance Garage	Self- Insurance	Totals
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 10,186	\$ 1,110,806	\$ 110,136	\$ 542,891	\$ 1,774,019
Accrued salaries and wages	-	2,452,705	-	-	2,452,705
Other accrued liabilities	-	-	-	20,083	20,083
Claims payable - current	-	-	-	541,750	541,750
Capital lease payable	115,143	-	-	-	115,143
Due to other funds	-	152,269	-	-	152,269
Advances from other funds - current portion	-	-	1,078,131	-	1,078,131
Total current liabilities	125,329	3,715,780	1,188,267	1,104,724	6,134,100
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Capital lease payable	282,945	-	-	-	282,945
Advances from other funds	-	-	1,348,618	-	1,348,618
Claims payable	-	-	-	2,010,835	2,010,835
Total noncurrent liabilities	282,945	-	1,348,618	2,010,835	3,642,398
Total liabilities	408,274	3,715,780	2,536,885	3,115,559	9,776,498
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	499,600	-	3,886,263	-	4,385,863
Unrestricted (deficit)	266,522	126,757	(1,922,489)	-	(1,529,210)
Total net assets	\$ 766,122	\$ 126,757	\$ 1,963,774	\$-0-	\$ 2,856,653

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Data Processing	Fringe Benefits
Operating Revenue		
Charges for services	\$ 2,460,172	\$ 27,714,663
Costs of Materials or Services Rendered		26,167,438
Operating Expenses		
Salaries, wages, and fringe benefits	1,015,063	680,868
Utilities	-	-
Equipment operation	-	-
Repair and maintenance	206,473 26,682	- 6,901
Supplies Insurance	20,002	6,901
Depreciation	335,314	-
Professional services	438,384	735,209
Claims and settlements	-	-
Miscellaneous	2,963	1,657
Total operating expenses	2,024,879	1,424,635
Total materials, services,		
and operating expenses	2,024,879	27,592,073
Operating Income (Loss)	435,293	122,590
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		
Investment income	8,576	-
Interest expense	(7,405)	-
Income (Loss) - Before contributions	436,464	122,590
Capital contributions	-	-
Transfers in	-	-
Change in Net Assets	436,464	122,590
Net Assets - Beginning of year	329,658	4,167
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 766,122	\$ 126,757

	ntral	• ••		
	enance	Self-		_ .
Ga	rage	nsurance		Totals
\$3,	591,016	\$ 1,949,404	\$	35,715,255
	-	-		26,167,438
	959,436	477,930		3,133,297
	14,992	-		14,992
	-	1,123		1,123
	142,991	9,487		358,951
Ι,	894,580	4,654		1,932,817
	-	373,105		373,105
Ι,	796,132	-		2,131,446
	364,774	829,698		2,368,065
	-	331,697	331,697	
	1,051	265	5,936	
5,	173,956	2,027,959		10,651,429
5,	173,956	2,027,959		36,818,867
	582,940)	(78,555)		(1,103,612)
(1)	,	(1-))		(',''''')
	30,433	71,481		110,490
(196,189)	-		(203,594)
(1,	748,696)	(7,074)		(1,196,716)
	551,695	-		551,695
	237,366	-		1,237,366
	40,365	(7,074)		592,345
١,	923,409	7,074		2,264,308
\$ 1,9	63,774	\$ - 0 -	\$	2,856,653

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Data Processing	Fringe Benefits
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to and on behalf of employees Claims paid	\$ 2,460,172 (947,262) (1,015,063) -	\$ 27,714,769 (26,840,733) (600,571) -
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	497,847	273,465
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Payments received on long term note receivable Interest payments on pooled cash advances Pooled cash receipts (to) from other funds Transfers from other funds	- (7,405) (66,535) -	30,000 - 52,269 -
Net cash (used in) provided by noncapital financing activities:	(73,940)	282,269
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Capital contributions Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of capital assets - net of sales Repayment on long term advance Payment on capital lease Interest payments on long term advances	- (326,806) - (105,677) -	- - - - - -
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(432,483)	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received Net Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,576	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year	-	2,697,392
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$-0-	\$ 3,253,126

٢	Central laintenance Garage	Self- Insurance	Totals
\$	3,589,783 (2,827,322)	\$ l,956,256 (849,732)	\$ 35,720,980 (31,465,049)
	(959,436) -	(477,930) (4,475,908)	(3,053,000) (4,475,908)
	(196,975)	(3,847,314)	(3,272,977)
	-	-	130,000
	-	-	(7,405) 85,734
	1,237,366	-	1,237,366
	1,237,366		1,445,695
	551,695 8,423	-	551,695 8,423
	(584,994)	-	(911,800)
	(1,054,595)	-	(1,054,595)
	- (196,189)	-	(105,677) (196,189)
	(1,275,660)	-	(1,708,143)
	30,433	71,481	110,490
	(204,836)	(3,775,833)	(3,424,935)
	204,936	3,775,833	6,678,161
\$	100	\$ - 0 -	\$ 3,253,226

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Data Processing	Fringe Benefits
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating income (loss)	435,293	122,590
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	335,314	-
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	-	106
Inventory	-	-
Prepaid items	(15,400)	59,917
Accounts payable and due to others	(257,360)	10,555
Estimated claims liability	-	-
Accrued liabilities		80,297
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 497,847	\$ 273,465

Maint	ntral enance rage	Self- Insurance	Totals
(1,	,582,940)	(78,555)	(1,103,612)
Ι,	796,132	-	2,131,446
	(1,233)	6,852	5,725
	11,693	-	11,693
	-	93,107	137,624
((420,627)	8,785,229	8,117,797
	-	(12,653,947)	(12,653,947)
	-	-	80,297
\$ (196,975)	\$ (3,847,314)	\$ (3,272,977)

Combining Statement of Net Assets Pension and Benefit Trust Funds June 30, 2010

	Pension and Benefit Trust Funds						
Assets	Flint Employee's Excess Retirement Pension System Benefit			nsion	Death Benefit		
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,438,341	\$	-	\$	-	
Cash and cash equivalents		16,906,327		-		94,200	
Investments:		47 404 057					
U.S. government obligations Corporate bonds		47,406,057 109,835,305		-		-	
Partnerships		20,764,348		-		-	
Corporate stocks		239,591,205		-		- 438,429	
Foreign stocks		28,256,299		_		-30,727	
Asset backed securities		3,737,653		_		-	
Receivables:		0,707,000					
Accrued interest		684,701		-		-	
Prepaid costs		-		-		-	
Cash held as collateral for							
securities lending		73,409,189		-		-	
Total assets		542,029,425		-		532,629	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable		641,887		-		-	
Accrued benefits		5,127,029		-		-	
Obligations under securities lending agreement		75,002,704		-		-	
Total liabilities		80,771,620		-		-	
Net Assets							
Held in trust for pension benefits							
and other employee benefits	\$	461,257,805	\$	-	\$	532,629	

	Pension and Benefit Trust Funds									
Retiree Health Care	Totals									
Care	Trust	Benefit Trust Fund	lotais							
\$ 41,430 -	\$- 843,029	\$- 7,892,158	\$							
- -	725,275	-	48,131,332 109,835,305							
-	- 1,594,760	- 3,64 ,8 5	20,764,348 255,266,209							
-	-	-	28,256,299 3,737,653							
- 614,690	-	40	684,741 614,690							
-	-		73,409,189							
656,120	3,163,064	21,534,013	567,915,251							
3,348 - -	- - -	- 3,906 -	645,235 5,130,935 75,002,704							
3,348	-	3,906	80,778,874							
\$ 652,772	\$ 3,163,064	\$ 21,530,107	\$ 487,136,377							

Combining Statement of Changes in Net Assets Pension and Benefit Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	F	Pension and Benefit	Trust Funds
	FI	int Employee's Retirement System	Excess Pension Benefit
Additions			
Investment earnings:			
Interest	\$	2,895,628 \$	-
Dividends		2,583,609	-
Other income		207,122	-
Less investment expense		(2,938,486)	-
Net increase in fair value of investments		50,485,660	-
Net investment income		53,233,533	-
Contributions:			
Employer		13,394,739	21,654
Employee		2,838,193	-
Total additions		16,232,932	21,654
Securities lending income:			
Interest and fees		221,258	-
Less borrower rebates and bank fees		(109,150)	-
Net securities lending income		112,108	-
Total additions		69,578,573	21,654
Deductions			
Benefit payments		62,438,155	21,654
Refunds of contributions		524,862	-
Administrative expenses		8,020	-
Total deductions		62,971,037	21,654
Net Increase in Net Assets Held		6,607,536	-
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and			
Other Employee Benefits Beginning of year		454,650,269	-
End of year	\$	461,257,805 \$	-
<i>i</i>			

		Pension and B	enefit Trust Funds		
	Death Benefit	Retiree Health Care	Health Benefits Plan and Trust	Hurley Medical Center Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund	Totals
\$	1,527 7,462 - - 74,592	\$ - - - - -	\$- 34,137 - - 315,619	\$ 1,012 317,283 - (43,084) 1,462,708	\$ 2,898,167 2,942,491 207,122 (2,981,570) 52,338,579
	83,581	-	349,756	1,737,919	55,404,789
	- 19,793	20,989,049 2,182,244	306,424	7,417,585	41,823,027 5,346,654
	19,793	23,171,293	306,424	7,417,585	47,169,681
	- -	-	-	-	221,258 (109,150)
	-		-	-	112,108
	103,374	23,171,293	656,180	9,155,504	102,686,578
	83,500 - 300	22,316,402 - 202,358	- 3	4,769,000 - -	89,628,711 524,862 210,681
_	83,800	22,518,760	3	4,769,000	90,364,254
	19,574	652,533	656,177	4,386,504	12,322,324
	513,055	239	2,506,887	17,143,603	474,814,053
\$	532,629	\$ 652,772	\$ 3,163,064	\$ 21,530,107	\$ 487,136,377
	-,-=-	,	. ,,	. ,,	. ,

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2010

Assets	M	iscellaneous Agency	County Revolving Loan	 Totals		
Pooled cash and investments Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	2,277,112 714,036	\$ - 530,105	\$ 2,277,112 1,244,141		
Property tax Loans		3,072,053 -	- 24,291	3,072,053 24,291		
Total assets	\$	6,063,201	\$ 554,396	\$ 6,617,597		
Liabilities						
Accounts payable Deposits and advances Due to other governmental units	\$	405,650 936,166 4,721,385	\$ - - 554,396	\$ 405,650 936,166 5,275,781		
Total liabilities	\$	6,063,201	\$ 554,396	\$ 6,617,597		

Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

Miscellaneous Agency		Balance July I, 2009		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2010
Assets								
Pooled cash and investments Cash and cash equivalents Property tax receivable	\$	1,710,972 1,309,970 4,019,213	\$	72,092,419 62,161 87,947,566	\$	71,526,279 658,095 88,894,726	\$	2,277,112 714,036 3,072,053
Total assets	\$	7,040,155	\$	160,102,146	\$	161,079,100	\$	6,063,201
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Deposits and advances Due to other governments Due to component unit	\$	592,893 778,183 5,641,062 28,017	\$	45,297,389 536,252 11,808,327 -	\$	45,484,632 378,269 12,728,004 28,017		405,650 936,166 4,721,385 -
Total liabilities	\$	7,040,155	\$	57,641,968	\$	58,618,922	\$	6,063,201
County Revolving Loan Fund								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Loan receivable		513,254 40,820		383,752 1,569		366,901 18,098		530,105 24,291
Total assets	\$	554,074	\$	385,321	\$	384,999	\$	554,396
Liabilities								
Due to other governments		554,074		11,432		11,110		554,396
Total liabilities	\$	554,074	\$	11,432	\$	11,110	\$	554,396
Totals - All Agency Funds								
Assets								
Pooled cash and investments Cash and cash equivalents Property tax receivable Loan receivable	\$	1,710,972 1,823,224 4,019,213 40,820	\$	72,092,419 445,913 87,947,566 1,569	\$	71,526,279 1,024,996 88,894,726 18,098	\$	2,277,112 1,244,141 3,072,053 24,291
Total assets	\$	7,594,229	\$	160,487,467	\$	161,464,099	\$	6,617,597
Liabilities	_		_		_		_	
Accounts payable Deposits and advances Due to other governments Due to component unit	\$	592,893 778,183 6,195,136 28,017	\$	45,297,389 536,252 11,819,759 -	\$	45,484,632 378,269 12,739,114 28,017		405,650 936,166 5,275,781 -
Total liabilities	\$	7,594,229	\$	57,653,400	\$	58,630,032	\$	6,617,597

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Statistical Section (unaudited)

GASB Statement 44, Economic Condition Reporting

This part of the City of Flint's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trend Information:

How the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Assets by Component	Schedule I
Changes in Governmental Net Assets	Schedule 2
Changes in Business Type Net Assets	Schedule 3
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	Schedule 4
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	Schedule 5
Revenue Capacity Information:	
The City's most significant local revenue source is the property tax.	
Taxable Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	Schedule 6
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	Schedule 7
Principal Property Taxpayers	Schedule 8
Property Tax Levies and Collections	Schedule 9
Debt Capacity Information:	
The affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue future of	ıdditional debt.
Ratios of Outstanding Debt	Schedule 10
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Schedule
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	Schedule 12
Legal Debt Margin	Schedule 13
Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Water Fund Revenue Bonds	Schedule 14a
Revenue Bond Coverage - Hurley Medical Bonds	Schedule 14b
Demographic and Economic Information:	
The environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	Schedule 15
Principal Employers	Schedule 16
Operating Information:	
How the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it perf	orms.
Full-time Equivalent Government Employees	Schedule 17
Operating Indicators	Schedule 18
Capital Asset Statistics	Schedule 19
Flint Employees' Retirement System:	
The value and funding ratio of the Retirement Fund over the past 15 actuarial valuations.	
Comparative Schedule - Actuarial Valuations	Schedule 20

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Net Assets by Component

Last Nine Fiscal Years

Last Nine Fiscal Years									
					As of June 30,				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Governmental Activities:									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 38,705,481 \$	31,886,337 \$	141,106,021 \$	138,186,259 \$	3 ,56 ,7 7 \$	152,133,527 \$	190,526,479 \$	184,617,905 \$	180,811,443
Restricted	21,062,035	22,742,107	26,974,091	21,199,405	23,125,198	20,433,487	21,090,174	19,700,865	9,046,227
Unrestricted	(35,826,004)	(20,865,177)	(17,403,520)	(10,288,651)	346,817	(10,068,901)	(66,676,216)	(94,639,303)	(128,273,948)
Total Net Assets	23,941,512	33,763,267	150,676,592	149,097,013	155,033,732	162,498,113	144,940,437	109,679,467	61,583,722
Business-type Activities:									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	142,009,977	132,971,445	134,791,542	107,239,606	108,506,065	111,838,676	121,424,230	123,161,141	125,632,814
Restricted	3,574,245	3,703,231	9,200,024	7,586,825	8,855,044	8,986,780	10,289,006	11,106,759	10,761,281
Unrestricted	95,276,627	117,814,590	110,533,651	143,675,288	131,574,217	111,956,070	97,377,129	88,481,489	65,053,326
Total Net Assets	240,860,849	254,489,266	254,525,217	258,501,719	248,935,326	232,781,526	229,090,365	222,749,389	201,447,421
Primary Government in Total:									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	180,715,458	164,857,782	275,897,563	245,425,865	240,067,782	263,972,203	311,950,709	307,779,046	306,444,257
Restricted	24,636,280	26,445,338	36,174,115	28,786,230	31,980,242	29,420,267	31,379,180	30,807,624	19,807,508
Unrestricted	59,450,623	96,949,413	93,130,131	133,386,637	131,921,034	101,887,169	30,700,913	(6,157,814)	(63,220,622)
Total Net Assets	\$ 264,802,361 \$	288,252,533 \$	405,201,809 \$	407,598,732 \$	403,969,058 \$	395,279,639 \$	374,030,802 \$	332,428,856 \$	263,031,143

Notes: This schedule will eventually provide 10 years of data, going back to the implementation of GASB 34 in 2002.

In 2004, the City retroactively capitalized infrastructure in accordance with GASB 34, significantly increasing the investment in capital assets for governmental activities.

Financial Trend Information - Schedule 2 **CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN**

Changes in Governmental Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
-	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Expenses									
General government	\$ 17,871,147	\$ 18,358,997 \$	33,042,657 \$	35,828,206 \$	20,733,886 \$	22,445,665 \$	30,126,082 \$	28,617,291 \$	35,286,569
Judicial	5,268,053	4,589,294	5,135,841	3,883,382	5,329,461	5,838,951	8,820,013	6,681,529	7,549,727
Public Safety	45,788,684	37,914,780	36,354,270	30,608,495	45,291,068	49,833,782	78,048,619	61,324,633	57,784,496
Building inspection	-	1,596,003	2,851,237	1,698,197	4,386,646	3,672,350	5,063,848	5,277,613	6,332,983
Public works	16,912,661	11,165,666	26,108,326	25,428,339	19,488,952	40,305,844	30,519,397	31,907,385	27,224,651
Community enrichment and development	9,791,270	9,925,920	11,404,334	6,805,959	9,708,503	6,467,573	6,163,998	6,620,929	10,835,034
Parks and recreation	3,186,935	4,592,849	4,320,780	3,106,729	4,506,042	5,596,244	7,610,803	6,147,632	5,431,010
Interest on long-term debt	623,933	415,823	360,690	313,032	436,774	824,536	1,091,347	1,122,341	806,637
Total Governmental Activities	99,442,683	88,559,332	119,578,135	107,672,339	109,881,332	134,984,945	167,444,107	147,699,353	151,251,107
Program Revenues									
Charges for services									
General government	6,228,446	6,594,324	22,869,917	11,775,239	12,750,497	13,731,733	16,502,110	14,002,474	15,083,436
Judicial	2,413,707	458,807	718,454	7,181	2,237,892	2,470,636	2,663,984	2,339,395	2,094,107
Public Safety	1,038,383	2,812,784	2,622,539	5,039,718	3,469,635	4,055,880	5,100,191	4,460,730	3,291,583
Building inspection	-	721,203	835,492	1,404,790	1,961,099	1,483,269	1,501,849	1,736,737	1,728,460
Public works	1,787,388	262,086	24,265	127,111	112,275	15,715,702	8,221	9,124	267,712
Community enrichment and development	254,144	92,360	111,737	218,020	152,119	499,645	147,744	69,749	564,698
Parks and recreation	1,230,176	41,142	96,438	52,367	33,370	40,679	53,999	44,512	30,193
Total Charges for Services	12,952,244	10,982,706	27,278,842	18,624,426	20,716,887	37,997,544	25,978,098	22,662,721	23,060,189
Operating grants and contributions	21,058,997	22,310,789	23,015,985	15,466,318	21,701,007	20,341,109	19,590,161	17,154,589	21,984,894
Capital grants and contributions	1,390,344	1,750,373	3,910,422	1,983,974	4,523,574	18,063,785	8,850,442	10,162,836	4,436,527
Total Program Revenue	35,401,585	35,043,868	54,205,249	36,074,718	46,941,468	76,402,438	54,418,701	49,980,146	49,481,610
Net (Expense) Revenue	(64,041,098)	(53,515,464)	(65,372,886)	(71,597,621)	(62,939,864)	(58,582,507)	(113,025,406)	(97,719,207)	(101,769,497)
General Revenues									
Property taxes	21,004,264	24,347,127	24,501,378	27,186,359	25,441,852	24,905,192	25,602,458	24,343,118	19,224,393
Income taxes	24,119,519	21,525,330	19,948,853	20,681,150	19,660,536	18,603,312	16,516,416	14,277,939	13,551,247
State-shared revenues	-	-	-	19,760,886	19,541,013	18,959,082	18,959,082	18,466,481	16,424,091
Franchise fees	-	-	-	-	1,022,191	1,036,958	1,045,656	1,112,359	1,139,147
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,043,593	810,017	1,156,340	873,119	2,875,063	2,502,919	2,133,630	1,109,633	624,699
Unrestricted grants and contributions	23,249,454	22,229,308	19,978,653	1,054,290	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted earnings	2,434,814	2,208,620	74,649	221,401	-	-	-	-	-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	335,928	39,425	35,610	69,084	(327,551)
Miscellaneous revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	150,975	-	54,549
Total General Revenues	71,851,644	71,120,402	65,659,873	69,777,205	68,876,583	66,046,888	64,443,827	59,378,614	50,690,575
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	(3,956,437)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	(174,646)	(3,826,746)	(703,256)	250,179	-	-	-	3,079,623	2,983,177
Change in Net Assets	\$ 7,635,900	\$ 9,821,755 \$	(416,269) \$	(1,570,237) \$	5,936,719 \$	7,464,381 \$	(48,581,579) \$	(35,260,970) \$	(48,095,745)

Note: This schedule will eventually provide 10 years of data, going back to the implementation of GASB 34 in 2002.

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Changes in Business Type Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Operating Revenue									
Sale of water	\$ 25,415,874 \$	27,205,494 \$	31,394,271 \$	30,875,582 \$	34,177,436 \$	33,172,084 \$	33,956,858 \$	34,080,677 \$	31,956,754
Sewage disposal charges	19,235,767	23,391,287	21,684,475	20,985,941	18,782,008	17,918,595	17,143,474	17,836,304	15,978,110
Hurley Medical Center	284,242,833	326,831,605	321,100,785	341,685,734	327,335,663	347,856,879	332,199,875	351,792,875	360,903,987
Other charges for services	333,180	1,420,701	1,199,414	1,165,773	1,035,664	1,030,999	891,241	1,098,854	583,498
Total Operating Revenue	329,227,654	378,849,087	375,378,945	394,713,030	381,330,771	399,978,557	384,191,448	404,808,710	409,422,349
Operating Expenses									
Cost of water produced/purchased	10,173,085	13,110,376	14,921,511	15,551,071	15,779,772	16,052,006	16,297,871	17,421,663	17,103,752
Water supply	12,573,076	11,152,958	13,668,105	9,565,732	10,637,184	12,572,311	15,145,174	16,966,375	17,829,720
Sewage disposal	16,263,424	16,209,815	18,894,621	14,377,716	15,676,866	31,514,909	21,531,917	21,118,123	25,923,101
Hurley Medical Center	285,097,713	316,559,531	305,243,841	333,154,375	328,655,402	337,602,912	319,553,166	335,354,672	343,633,278
Nonmajor Enterprise funds	91,767	1,028,644	1,133,198	744,469	999,994	1,332,660	1,625,295	1,203,591	1,156,400
Depreciation	21,118,963	21,560,045	20,078,945	21,016,396	19,612,798	18,902,668	19,196,772	20,877,152	20,394,544
Total Operating Expenses	345,318,028	379,621,369	373,940,221	394,409,759	391,362,016	417,977,466	393,350,195	412,941,576	426,040,795
Operating Income (Loss)	(16,090,374)	(772,282)	1,438,724	303,271	(10,031,245)	(17,998,909)	(9,158,747)	(8,132,866)	(16,618,446)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)									
Investment income	3,941,210	3,547,009	1,768,395	3,266,633	1,932,514	7,011,989	6,382,545	4,488,845	2,186,379
Interest expense	(4,537,810)	(4,872,228)	(6,024,326)	(3,257,534)	(4,673,513)	(4,620,131)	(4,739,233)	(4,717,484)	(4,528,788)
Income (loss) from joint ventures	1,321,984	486,099	2,098,517	2,677,943	2,734,278	(965,390)	3,639,181	2,327,524	742,126
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	-	9,000,325	(578)	125,583	(712,535)	(324,965)	(653,040)	(313,727)	(165,327)
Capital grants and contributions	4,892,681	2,412,748	51,963	1,110,785	1,184,108	743,606	838,132	476,760	(63,590)
Write off of accounts receivable	(9,779,685)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income (Loss) - Before Transfers	(20,251,994)	9,801,671	(667,305)	4,226,681	(9,566,393)	(16,153,800)	(3,691,162)	(5,870,948)	(18,447,646)
Grants for capital improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	199,596	128,855
Transfers from other funds	-	5,411,200	703,256	736,405	-	-	-	2,320,377	6,823
Transfers to other funds	-	(1,584,454)	-	(986,584)	-	-	-	(2,990,000)	(2,990,000)
Change in Net Assets	\$ (20,251,994) \$	13,628,417 \$	35,951 \$	3,976,502 \$	(9,566,393) \$	(16,153,800) \$	(3,691,162) \$	(6,340,975) \$	(21,301,968)

Note: This schedule will eventually provide 10 years of data, going back to the implementation of GASB 34 in 2002.

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					As of June 3	0,				
	 2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 1,091,217 \$	362,368 \$	82,435 \$	82,082 \$	19,388 \$	1,222,171 \$	68,624 \$	177,450 \$	- \$	-
Unreserved, designated for City jail							1,235,672	-	-	-
Designated for subsequent years'										
expenditures	-	-	-	-	1,572,584	2,512,158	3,817,088	-	-	-
Unreserved (deficit)	 (27,676,563)	(26,617,953)	(14,069,159)	(7,871,141)	4,507,985	5,180,925	1,230,310	(7,046,820)	(10,113,744)	(14,621,546)
Total General Fund (Deficit)	(26,585,346)	(26,255,585)	(13,986,724)	(7,789,059)	6,099,957	8,915,254	6,351,694	(6,869,370)	(10,113,744)	(14,621,546)
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	2,656,219	1,931,161	1,797,570	2,029,831	3,392,943	6,110,321	5,187,345	2,279,414	2,021,691	1,749,242
Designated for subsequent years'										
expenditures	278,197	-	730,295	1,239,710	8,539,080	8,485,398	7,519,456	3,591,002	7,190,250	1,872,197
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	-	-	2,206,825	1,519,985	7,931,807	6,254,926	5,358,369	8,619,573	8,321,188	931,077
Debt service funds	-	-	573	54,045	6,578	6,721	7,067	7,163	7,163	7,163
Capital projects funds	-	-	2,618,573	1,909,930	87,638	996,232	812,881	3,460,669	304,138	1,831,338
Undesignated	 343,293	5,695,228	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	 3,277,709	7,626,389	7,353,836	6,753,501	19,958,046	21,853,598	18,885,118	17,957,821	17,844,430	6,391,017
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ (23,307,637) \$	(18,629,196) \$	(6,632,888) \$	(1,035,558) \$	26,058,003 \$	30,768,852 \$	25,236,812 \$,088,45 \$	7,730,686 \$	(8,230,529)

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Nine Fiscal Years

						As of June 30,				
	2002		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Revenue										
Property taxes	\$ 24,66	,910 \$	24,752,965 \$	24,501,522	24,852,131	\$ 25,324,052	\$ 25,914,497 \$	25,761,449 \$	24,890,597 \$	19,169,740
Income taxes	24,11	,519	20,813,829	19,941,781	20,670,108	19,660,536	18,717,312	16,516,416	14,277,939	13,551,247
Special assessments		-	-	-	327,834	174,930	54,225	39,947	211,682	41,479
Federal revenue	8.64	.009	10.879.408	13,510,468	6,055,201	7,546,232	9.813.891	7,098,114	7,538,586	12,414,929
State-shared revenues (and grants)	35,65	.912	34,260,541	31,114,612	30,377,126	33.546.805	29,486,652	29,890,165	29,839,715	27,770,303
Licenses and permits	2,82		1,993,056	2,121,053	2,546,380	2,574,399	2,182,735	2,274,072	2,348,165	2,440,648
Fines and forfeitures	2,53		2,506,075	2,687,404	2,801,511	2,603,615	3,517,872	3,577,563	3,429,032	2,470,584
Charges for services	7,34	.059	7,555,264	12,667,671	7,713,078	9,426,545	10,108,460	10,376,662	11,708,234	11,230,300
Local grants		1,619	578,894	1,816,437	778,851	931,252	633,911	1,413,470	2,510,298	1,961,589
Interest and Other	4,43		2,828,792	3,291,662	2,561,743	3,796,181	4,046,407	3,499,428	2,732,572	2,825,591
Total Revenue	110,468		106.168.824	111,652,610	98,683,963	105,584,547	104,475,962	100.447.286	99,486,820	93.876.410
	,	,	,	,,,		,	,,	,,	,	,,
Expenditures										
Current:										
Legislative		,913	892,569	518,190	915,521	1,274,989	1,100,228	1,164,844	1,196,266	1,176,953
Judicial	5,24		4,556,480	4,527,082	5,156,051	5,325,026	5,834,563	6,367,737	5,113,532	5,468,994
General government	17,81	,	17,119,340	28,287,256	12,388,079	12,385,713	12,468,418	13,094,727	11,862,417	10,976,896
Public safety	44,76	6,124	37,185,128	32,666,458	41,437,041	44,067,519	49,277,571	57,195,849	47,262,636	44,823,709
Building inspections			1,596,003	2,593,178	2,883,968	4,669,425	3,943,583	4,624,961	4,266,994	6,604,061
Public works	22,75	,930	14,684,702	17,304,349	23,064,773	20,743,060	21,802,572	34,462,549	20,571,899	20,379,499
Parks & Recreation	4,45	8,45 I	4,989,311	4,020,712	3,810,410	4,254,071	5,257,766	6,000,142	4,538,348	4,340,478
Community development	11,12	,446	10,603,546	11,522,650	4,014,867	9,391,721	7,587,157	5,973,575	6,398,469	14,899,707
Debt Service:										
Principal	2,71	,447	2,889,575	2,017,031	1,628,048	2,844,077	1,639,228	2,076,203	2,035,905	2,292,187
Interest and fiscal charges	62	,933	415,823	360,690	313,032	436,945	586,217	738,835	881,328	675,147
Total Expenditures	110,647	,999	94,932,477	103,817,596	95,611,790	105,392,546	109,497,303	131,699,422	104,127,794	111,637,631
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(179	,885)	11,236,347	7,835,014	3,072,173	192,001	(5,021,341)	(31,252,136)	(4,640,974)	(17,761,221)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Debt issuance	1,17	,000	1,452,000	-	8,000,000	3,840,000	-	18,369,192	1,875,000	-
Sale of fixed assets		-	-	-	221,403	678,848	39,425	35,610	7,782	54,195
Interest Exp		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(104,697)	-
Transfers in	6,27	,018	8,594,889	8,788,999	4,701,209	4,569,980	1,306,256	776,424	5,361,005	3,581,463
Transfers out	(6,67	,886)	(6,375,166)	(9,533,690)	(4,669,738)	(4,569,980)	(1,856,380)	(2,077,451)	(5,960,578)	(1,835,652)
Total other financing sources (uses)	770	,132	3,671,723	(744,691)	8,252,874	4,518,848	(510,699)	17,103,775	1,178,512	1,800,006
Net change in fund balances	590	,247	14,908,070	7,090,323	11,325,047	4,710,849	(5,532,040)	(14,148,361)	(3,462,462)	(15,961,215)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	(7,84	,342)	(7,256,095)	7,651,975	14,732,956	26,058,003	30,768,852	25,236,812	,088,45	7,730,686
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ (7,256	,095) \$	7,651,975 \$	14,742,298	26,058,003	\$ 30,768,852	\$ 25,236,812 \$	6 ,088,45 \$	7,625,989 \$	(8,230,529)
Debt service expenditures as a percentage										
of capital outlay expenditures Debt service expenditures as a percentage	36	.39%	36.33%	19.41%	18.42%	26.81%	8.05%	14.47%	24.78%	27.48%
of non-capital outlay expenditures		*	*	2.46%	2.21%	3.52%	2.72%	2.51%	3.16%	2.94%

Notes: This schedule will eventually provide 10 years of data, going back to the implementation of GASB 34 in 2002.

The fund balance at 6-30-04 was restated.

* Information not available

Revenue Capacity Information - Schedule 6

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Taxable Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Taxabl	e Value by Prope	erty Type:					Industrial
	Fiscal Year		Real Property						Taxable	Facilities Tax
	Ended				Personal		Tax Rate	Estimated Actu	al Value as a	Abated
Tax Year	June 30,	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Property	Total Value	(Mills)	Value	% of Actua	Taxable Value
2000	2001	\$ 702,316,712	\$ 201,737,535	\$ 229,725,019	\$ 460,189,472	\$ 1,593,968,738	55.9086	\$ 3,563,778,1	72 44.73%	\$ 99,643,400
2001	2002	735,141,459	213,306,825	195,586,761	395,076,836	1,539,111,881	56.8956	3,511,923,9	64 43.83%	92,409,000
2002	2003	773,884,137	221,047,898	187,870,246	387,314,141	1,570,116,422	56.8103	3,607,345,4	43.53%	90,951,800
2003	2004	799,987,359	214,010,263	206,211,779	365,427,300	1,585,636,701	55.6705	3,650,323,0	64 43.44%	80,787,500
2004	2005	827,296,569	216,263,221	209,511,131	345,183,800	1,598,254,721	56.9759	3,727,536,08	42.88%	82,758,600
2005	2006	859,573,375	221,731,987	216,022,960	358,327,845	1,655,656,167	56.9759	3,796,650,9	43.61%	66,498,151
2006	2007	901,052,488	227,755,465	214,355,673	337,708,900	1,680,872,526	56.9705	3,894,475,0	0 43.16%	92,789,751
2007	2008	943,643,241	233,136,810	204,025,343	317,960,800	1,698,766,194	58.6748	3,932,588,20	0 43.20%	103,753,679
2008	2009	944,469,331	224,215,379	188,255,857	286,484,300	1,643,424,867	58.6748	3,821,928,0	43.00%	84,654,733
2009	2010	799,683,301	216,082,248	146,733,154	142,622,700	1,305,121,403	58.6748	2,786,085,20	0 46.84%	74,687,017

* 6.7100 - Additional One-Time Court-Ordered Levy (Genesee Towers Judgement) on Winter Roll 2010-11

Notes: Under Michigan law, the revenue base is referred to as "Taxable Value". This amount represents assessed value (50% of true cash value), limited for each property by the lower of 5% or inflation.

Taxes levied in a particular "tax year" become revenue of the subsequent fiscal year. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Source: City Assessor

Revenue Capacity Information - Schedule 7 CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Millage R	ates - Dire	ect City Ta					
Tax Year	General Operating	Public Improve- ments	Police	Public Transp	Parks & Rec	Total Direct Taxes**	Waste Collection	Paramedic Services	Genesee County***	County Parks & Recreation
2001	7.5000	2.5000	2.0000	0.6000	0.5000	13.1000	3.0000	0.4906	5.5735	0.4906
2002	7.5000	2.5000	2.0000	0.6000	0.5000	13.1000	3.0000	0.4886	5.5512	0.4886
2003	7.5000	2.5000	2.0000	0.6000	0.5000	13.1000	3.0000	0.4861	5.5228	0.486 I
2004	7.5000	2.5000	2.0000	0.6000	0.5000	13.1000	3.0000	0.4849	5.5095	0.4849
2005	7.5000	2.5000	2.0000	0.6000	0.5000	13.1000	3.0000	0.4849	5.5095	0.4849
2006	7.5000	2.5000	2.0000	0.6000	0.5000	13.1000	3.0000	0.4849	5.5072	0.4849
2007	7.5000	2.5000	2.0000	0.6000	0.5000	13.1000	3.0000	0.4847	7.2072	0.4847
2008	7.5000	2.5000	2.0000	0.6000	0.5000	13.1000	3.0000	0.4847	7.2072	0.4847
2009	7.5000	2.5000	2.0000	0.6000	0.5000	13.1000	3.0000	0.4847	7.2072	0.4847
2010****	7.5000	2.5000	2.0000	0.6000	0.5000	13.1000	3.0000	0.4847	7.2072	0.4847

Note: The City's property tax rates may be increased only by a majority vote of the City's residents.

* Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City.

** Under Charter & Applicable State Law - Under the Michigan Home Rule Cities Act, a Home Rule City is allowed to extend the operating millage not to exceed two percent (2% or 20 mills) of assessed value of all real and personal property in the City.

*** In 2007, the County Millage increased with the addition of a Senior Citizen Millage of 0.7000 and a Health Care Services Millage of 1.0000.

**** Additional 6.7100 mills on fisal year 2010-11 winter roll - one-time Court-Ordered Levy (Genesee Towers Judgement)

Source: City Assessor

	0	verlapping	Tax Rates*			Total Tax Rate			
Bishop Airport	МТА	District Library	Michigan S.E.T.	Mott Community College	Intermediate School District	School: Homestead	School: Non- homestead	Homestead	Non- homestead
0.4906	0.3996	2.9000	6.0000	2.8672	3.5835	0.0000	18.0000	38.8956	56.8956
0.4886	0.3980	2.9000	6.0000	2.8280	3.5673	0.0000	18.0000	38.8103	56.8103
0.4861	0.3959	2.9000	5.0000	2.7466	3.5469	0.0000	18.0000	37.6705	55.6705
0.4849	0.7949	2.9000	6.0000	2.6807	3.5361	0.0000	18.0000	38.9759	56.9759
0.4849	0.7949	2.9000	6.0000	2.6807	3.5361	0.0000	18.0000	38.9759	56.9759
0.4849	0.7949	2.9000	6.0000	2.6796	3.5341	0.0000	18.0000	38.9705	56.9705
0.4847	0.7998	2.9000	6.0000	2.6796	3.5341	0.0000	18.0000	40.6748	58.6748
0.4847	0.7998	2.9000	6.0000	2.6796	3.5341	0.0000	18.0000	40.6748	58.6748
0.4847	0.7998	2.9000	6.0000	2.6796	3.5341	0.0000	18.0000	40.6748	58.6748
0.4847	0.7998	2.9000	6.0000	2.6796	3.5341	0.0000	18.0000	40.6748	58.6748

S-9

Revenue Capacity Information - Schedule 8 CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Principal Property Taxpayers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2	010		2001					
Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Assessed Value			
General Motors	\$ 49,728,100) I	3.57% * 3	\$ 321,545,000	I	18.31%			
Consumers Energy	42,592,000) 2	3.06%	53,507,400	3	3.05%			
Delphi	11,810,400) 3	0.85% *	121,040,100	2	6.89%			
4405 Continental Drive	7,441,900) 4	0.53%						
Comcast Cablevision	5,703,500) 5	0.41%						
Ramco Lapeer Assoc.	5,553,500) 6	0.40%						
Citizens Bank	5,404,800) 7	0.39%	6,163,508	7	0.35%			
South Flint Plaza	4,434,100) 8	0.32%						
Saginaw & Court Assoc.	4,052,500) 9	0.29%						
Evergreen	3,878,800) 10	0.28%						
EDS Corporation				9,197,700	4	0.52%			
Automotive Component Carriers				5,592,000	5	0.32%			
Plastics Research Corp.				6,631,800	6	0.38%			
Great Lakes Technology Centre				6,410,800	8	0.37%			
The Herald Company, Inc. (Flint Journal)				5,569,600	9	0.32%			
PPG Industries, Inc.		_		7,008,700	10	0.40%			
Total Assessed Value, Top Ten	140,599,600)	10.09%	542,666,608	=	30.90%			
Total Assessed Value, City of Flint	\$ 1,393,042,600)		\$ 1,755,961,977	=				

Source: City Assessor

Revenue Capacity Information - Schedule 9

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Year ^(a)	Fiscal year ended June 30,	Tot	al Tax Levy ^(b)	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Taxes Collected ^[c]	Delinquent Tax Collections ^[d]		Total Tax Collections		Ratio of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy
2000	2001	\$	25,446,591	\$ 22,338,786	87.79%	\$	2,721,703	\$	25,060,489	98.48%
2001	2002		24,516,058	21,395,879	87.27%		2,344,978		23,740,857	96.84%
2002	2003		25,848,083	22,817,811	88.28%		2,403,504		25,221,315	97.58%
2003	2004		25,943,768	22,764,388	87.75%		2,880,345		25,644,733	98.85%
2004	2005		26,133,367	23,305,046	89.18%		2,232,901		25,537,947	97.72%
2005	2006		26,888,875	23,430,440	87.14%		3,270,819		26,701,259	99.30%
2006	2007		27,607,211	23,476,574	85.04%		4,105,854		27,582,428	99.91%
2007	2008		27,751,506	23,381,424	84.25%		3,769,660		27,151,084	97.84%
2008	2009		25,297,684	20,838,394	82.37%		3,236,819		24,075,213	95.17%
2009	2010		22,864,857	18,580,520	81.26%		3,370,201		21,950,721	96.00%

^[a] Taxes are levied on the first day of the subsequent fiscal year.

^[b] Does not include Flint Downtown Development Authority levies.

^[c] This column reflects the percent of the levy for a given year which was collected during that year.

^[d] Delinquent taxes from any previous years which were collected in the given year plus payments of delinquent taxes by Genesee County.

Note: All delinquent real property taxes outstanding as of March 1 for years beginning in fiscal year 1980 were returned to and paid for by the Genesee County Treasurer as provided for in the Michigan General Property Tax Laws. Thus, the extraordinarily high level of current and delinquent tax collections, and the correspondingly low level of outstanding delinquent tax.

Source: City Treasurer & City Assessor

Debt Capacity Information - Schedule 10 CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Ratios of Outstanding Debt

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Governmental Activities										
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,731,724	\$ 8,145,494	\$ 4,825,137	\$ 2,455,000	\$ 9,175,000	\$ 6,765,000	\$ 5,490,000	\$ 14,180,000	\$ 12,830,000	\$ 11,345,000
Installment purchase agreements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special assessment bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Notes payable	4,505,134	4,061,364	4,419,082	4,082,706	3,734,658	7,140,580	6,776,354	13,587,306	15,193,175	13,969,551
Capital leases	454,547	1,283,408	815,767	493,636	154,025	-	-	854,136	437,363	398,088
Total Governmental Activities	12,691,405	13,490,266	10,059,986	7,031,342	13,063,683	13,905,580	12,266,354	28,621,442	28,460,538	25,712,639
Business-type Activities										
General obligation bonds	19,875,834	9,263,140	7,228,424	4,204,534	2,996,030	1,688,571	371,634	250,740	125,370	-
Installment purchase agreements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special assessment bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue bonds	73,145,000	85,994,660	96,568,575	98,172,350	106,098,490	105,849,432	101,794,432	97,094,432	91,289,015	122,651,259
Notes payable	5,013,946	8,293,516	514,680	457,248	396,768	332,985	265,719	194,776	119,958	41,055
Capital leases	1,359,792	-	8,679,229	6,973,933	5,276,146	3,446,408	1,539,212	75,384	514,243	-
Total Business-type Activities	99,394,572	103,551,316	112,990,908	109,808,065	114,767,434	111,317,396	103,970,997	97,615,332	92,048,586	122,692,314
Total Debt of the Government	\$112,085,977	\$117,041,582	\$ 123,050,894	\$ 116,839,407	\$127,831,117	\$ 125,222,976	\$ 116,237,351	\$ 126,236,774	\$ 120,509,124	\$ 148,404,953
Total Residential Personal Income	\$2,861,065,143	\$2,371,144,784	\$2,595,966,375	\$2,505,060,765	\$2,150,985,535	\$2,071,630,014	\$2,071,558,869	\$1,684,426,650	\$1,059,356,000	\$713,773,437
Total debt as percentage of personal income	3.92%	4.94%	4.74%	4.66%	5.94%	6.04%	5.61%	7.49%	11.38%	20.79%
Total Population Total debt per capita	124,943 897.10	123,349 948.87	121,308 1,014.37	119,949 974.08	18,596 ,077.87	7,27 ,067.8	5,82 ,003.59	114,449 1,103.00	2,857 ,067.80	,475 ,33 .28

Debt Capacity Information - Schedule 11

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Т	ax-Limited						Debt as a		
		General	Ot	her General				Percentage		
	C	Obligation	C	Obligation	N	let General		of Taxable		Debt per
Fiscal Year	Bo	nds (LTGO)		Debt	B	onded Debt	 Taxable Value	Value	Population	Capita
2001	\$	7,731,724	\$	4,959,681	\$	12,691,405	\$ 1,593,968,738	0.82%	124,943	101.58
2002		8,145,494		5,344,772		13,490,266	1,539,111,881	0.86%	123,349	109.37
2003		4,825,137		5,234,849		10,059,986	1,570,116,422	0.63%	121,308	82.93
2004		2,455,000		4,576,342		7,031,342	1,585,636,701	0.44%	119,949	58.62
2005		9,175,000		3,888,684		13,063,684	1,598,254,721	0.79%	118,596	110.15
2006		6,765,000		7,140,580		13,905,580	1,655,656,167	0.83%	7,27	118.58
2007		5,490,000		6,776,354		12,266,354	1,680,872,526	0.72%	115,821	105.91
2008		14,180,000		13,587,306		27,767,306	1,698,766,194	1.69%	114,449	242.62
2009		12,830,000		15,193,175		28,023,175	1,643,424,867	1.71%	112,857	248.31
2010		11,345,000		13,969,551		25,314,551	1,305,121,403	1.94%	,475	227.09

Note: The City has no Tax Supported Bonds (UTGO) or Pledged Debt Service Funds.

Debt Capacity Information - Schedule 12 CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Current Fiscal Year

		Fiscal Year 2010	
			Estimated Share of
Governmental Unit	 Debt Outstanding	Estimated % Applicable *	Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Debt:			
Genesee County	\$ 110,005,000	14.22%	\$ 15,642,711
Flint School District	9,614,736	100.00%	9,614,736
Genesee Intermediate School District	2,069,356	14.22%	-
Airport Authority	25,461,151	14.22%	3,620,576
Mott Community College	63,995,000	14.22%	9,100,089
Carman School District	45,908,000	13.20%	6,059,856
Kearsley School District	1,163,297	2.00%	23,266
Swartz Creek School District	123,106	75.00%	92,330
Westwood Heights School District	45,660	2.12%	968
Mass Transit Authority	814,068	14.22%	115,760
Flint Public Library	0	14.22%	 -
Total Overlapping Debt			44,270,292
Direct City Debt			 25,314,551
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 69,584,843

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the City Assessor. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Flint. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

* For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Debt Capacity Information - Schedule 13 CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Calculation of Legal Debt Limit Assessed valuation	\$ 1,779,610,00	0 \$ 1,803,672,717	\$ 1,825,161,532	\$ 1,863,768,043	\$ 1,898,324,000	\$ 1,947,237,500	\$ 1,966,294,100	\$ 1,910,964,000	\$ 1,648,408,800	\$ 1,393,042,600
7% of assessed valuation *	\$ 124,572,70	0 \$ 126,257,090	\$ 127,761,307	\$ 130,463,763	\$ 132,882,680	\$ 136,306,625	\$ 137,640,587	\$ 133,767,480	\$ 115,388,616	\$ 97,512,982
Calculation of Debt Subject to Limit Total bonded debt at June 30	100,752,55	8 103,403,294	108,622,135	104,831,884	118,269,520	114,303,502	107,656,066	111,525,172	120,509,125	146,969,952
Less debt not subject to limitation under City Charter and State Statute: Revenue bonds and notes	73,145,00	0 85,994,660	96,568,575	98,172,350	106,089,490	105,849,932	101,794,432	97,094,432	107,670,125	135,624,952
Debt subject to limitation (net debt)	27,607,55	8 17,408,634	12,053,560	6,659,534	12,180,030	8,453,570	5,861,634	14,430,740	12,839,000	11,345,000
Legal debt margin (unused debt limitation)	\$ 96,965,14	2 \$ 108,848,456	\$ 115,707,747	\$ 123,804,229	\$ 120,702,650	\$ 127,853,055	\$ 131,778,953	\$ 119,336,740	\$ 102,549,616	\$ 86,167,982
Net debt subject to limit as % of debt limit	22.16	% 13.79%	9.43%	5.10%	9.17%	6.20%	4.26%	10.79%	11.13%	11.63%

*Bond Limit: Section 7-302 of the City Charter, adopted November 4, 1975, limits "net" debt to 7% of Assessed Valuation but does not define net debt. Above calculations continue previous practice and are consistent with State Statutes.

Source: Long-term debt in section "Notes to Basic Financial Statements"

Debt Capacity Information - Schedule 14a

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Pledged-Revenue Coverage - Water Fund Revenue Bonds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Water	nd Revenue	d Revenue Bonds						
	Gross	5	ļ	Applicable					D	ebt Service				
Fiscal Year	Revenu	es		Expenses	Ne	t Revenues		Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage*	
2001	\$ 19,693	,803	\$	19,983,844	\$	(290,041)	\$	285,000	\$	86,391	\$	371,391	(0.78)	
2002	25,958	,863		20,977,797		4,981,066		605,000		216,397		821,397	6.06	
2003	28,037	,317		23,728,120		4,309,197		985,000		454,072		1,439,072	2.99	
2004	31,517	,778		26,870,741		4,647,037		1,015,000		562,644		1,577,644	2.95	
2005	31,160	,636		24,853,717		6,306,919		I,040,000		740,160		1,780,160	3.54	
2006	34,748	,443		26,412,277		8,336,166		1,810,000		914,677		2,724,677	3.06	
2007	33,692	,378		27,638,175		6,054,203		I,860,000		934,902		2,794,902	2.17	
2008	34,710	,752		28,891,858		5,818,894		1,905,000		891,611		2,796,611	2.08	
2009	34,080	,677		33,478,038		602,639		1,945,000		849,427		2,794,427	0.22	
2010	31,956	,754		32,012,727		(55,973)		1,995,000		804,123		2,799,123	(0.02)	

Notes: Previous revenue bonds were fully paid during 1995. A new issue began in 2000. Depreciation, amortization, loss on sale of capital assets, post-employment health care expenses, and bad debt expense are not included in applicable expenses.

*Calculation of revenue bond coverage of 1.25 to 1 is required by the State of Michigan.

Debt Capacity Information - Schedule 14b

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Revenue Bond Coverage - Hurley Medical Center

Last Fifteen Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Gross	Ар	plicable					Deb	ot Service		
Fis	cal Year	R	evenue	Ex	penses	Net	Revenue	Pi	rincipal	l	nterest	 Total	Coverage
	1996	\$	250,846	\$	207,600	\$	43,246	\$	1,255	\$	4,474	\$ 5,729	7.55
	1997		260,099		219,772		40,327		2,840		4,877	7,717	5.23
	1998		278,611		238,991		39,620		2,515		4,434	6,949	5.70
	1999		272,030		240,522		31,508		3,570		4,668	8,238	3.82
	2000		289,380		256,059		33,321		3,830		4,536	8,366	3.98
	2001		300,158		261,459		38,699		3,980		4,420	8,400	4.61
	2002		287,390		270,027		17,363		4,295		3,594	7,889	2.20
	2003		345,034		283,239		61,795		29,585		3,584	33,169	1.86
	2004		324,546		278,279		46,267		I,875		4,970	6,845	6.76
	2005		347,060		298,184		48,876		2,090		3,964	6,054	8.07
	2006		330,464		302,872		27,592		2,195		3,881	6,076	4.54
	2007		351,556		307,035		44,521		2,195		3,990	6,185	7.20
	2008		338,947		319,553		19,394		2,795		3,590	6,385	3.04
	2009		351,793		347,378		4,415		2,950		3,792	6,742	0.65
	2010		360,904		354,793		6,111		3,105		3,713	6,818	0.90

Notes: Depreciation, amortization, loss on sale of capital assets, and bad debt expense are not included in applicable expenses. In 2002, write-off of Accounts Receivable also not included in applicable expenses. Debt service requirements were less in 1996 due to the defeasance of three revenue bond issues.

Demographic and Economic Information - Schedule 15

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Calendar Years

			Per Capita	
Calendar			Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population	Personal Income	Income	Rate
2000	124,943	\$2,861,065,143	\$22,899	8.1%
2001	123,349	\$2,371,144,784	\$19,223	10.8%
2002	121,308	\$2,595,966,375	\$21,400	13.1%
2003	119,949	\$2,505,060,765	\$20,884	14.6%
2004	118,596	\$2,150,985,535	\$18,137	14.4%
2005	117,271	\$2,071,630,014	\$17,665	13.8%
2006	115,821	\$2,071,558,869	\$17,886	14.5%
2007	114,449	\$1,684,426,650	\$14,718	14.6%
2008	112,857	\$1,059,356,000	\$9,387	13.9%
2009	111,475	\$713,773,437	\$6,403	13.7%

Source: Michigan Dept. of Labor & Economic Growth, Office of Labor Market Information (not seasonally adjusted), U.S. Census Dept. & City of Flint Income Tax Division

Demographic and Economic Information - Schedule 16

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Principal Employers

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Taxpayer	FY 2010 (2009) Employees	Percentage of Total	FY 2001 (2000) Employees	Percentage of Total	2000 Rank
I	General Motors Corp/Motors Liquidation Co	18,434	37.24%	21,596	23.89%	I
2	Flint School District	3,920	7.92%	5,602	6.20%	3
3	Hurley Medical Center	2,984	6.03%	3,285	3.63%	6
4	McLaren Regional Medical Center	2,827	5.71%	2,817	3.12%	7
5	University of Michigan	2,611	5.27%			
6	Genesee County	2,314	4.67%	3,560	3.94%	4
7	CS Mott Community College	1,849	3.74%			
8	City of Flint	1,205	2.43%	1,625	1.80%	8
9	Kettering University	1,115	2.25%			
10	Citizens Bank	763	1.54%			
	Delphi Automotive Systems			6,951	7.69%	2
	Genesys Health Systems			3,415	3.78%	5
	State of Michigan			1,417	1.57%	9
	United States Postal Service			1,278	1.41%	10
		38,022	76.81%	51,546	57.01%	
	Total Employees Working in City	49,500		90,412	=	

*Note: Delphi split from General Motors in 1999

Source: City of Flint Income Tax Division

Operating Information - Schedule 17

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Full-time Equivalent Government Employees

Last Ten Fiscal Years (as of June 30)

Function / Program	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Administration										
City Administration	11.0	6.0	4.0	5.0	3.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	6.0
Mayor's Office	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	10.0	9.0	5.0	2.0
Mayor's Office on Human Services	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Legal Department	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.0	11.0	6.0	11.0	12.0	10.0	13.0
City Clerk's Office (Election Workers incl thru 2006)	17.8	16.8	15.8	15.8	15.8	16.8	14.8	15.8	15.8	7.0
City Council	14.0	12.0	12.0	11.0	11.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Ombudsman's Office	8.0	5.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	2.0	5.0	2.0	3.0
Human Resources - Personnel & Labor Relations	14.0	10.0	8.0	9.0	10.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	5.0
Civil Service Commission	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	0.5	1.0	1.0
Human Relations Commission	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	1.0
Union Representatives	0.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
68th District Court	69.0	58.0	58.0	52.0	48.5	51.0	52.0	52.0	63.0	41.0
Finance Administration										
Finance Department/Payroll/Retirement	21.0	15.0	19.0	18.0	17.0	18.0	17.0	19.0	14.0	10.0
Treasury/Customer Service/Income Tax	60.0	56.0	51.0	51.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	51.0	42.0	33.0
Assessment	16.0	13.0	12.0	10.0	11.0	12.0	11.0	13.0	12.0	9.0
Budget Management	6.0	4.0	6.0	5.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	0.0
Information Services/Data Processing	21.0	24.0	22.0	21.0	23.0	18.0	17.0	17.0	14.0	12.0
Benefits/Risk Management										
Insurance, Risk & Benefits Management	3.0	8.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	4.0
Public Service Attendants	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	21.0	20.0	16.0	14.0
Purchasing										
Administration	4.0	4.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Inventory Control/Stockkeepers	10.0	8.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	8.0	6.0	6.0
City Market	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Equal Opportunity/Contract Compliance	2.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Community & Economic Development/Major Grants	20.0	17.0	11.5	12.0	12.0	9.0	9.0	12.0	9.0	12.0

Operating Information - Schedule 17

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Full-time Equivalent Government Employees

Last Ten Fiscal Years (as of June 30)

Function / Program	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Fire Department	216.0	143.0	133.0	132.0	120.0	130.0	134.0	134.0	123.0	110.0
Emergency 9-1-1	36.0	34.0	30.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	28.0	28.0	26.0	21.0
Police Department										
Sworn Officers	336.0	277.0	238.0	249.0	249.0	259.0	265.0	265.0	219.0	122.0
Civilians	71.6	36.0	34.0	35.0	31.0	32.0	32.0	35.0	28.0	17.0
Jail - Security Guards/Admin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.0	0.0	0.0
School Crossing Guards	32.9	32.9	32.9	32.9	32.9	27.4	23.0	25.0	25.0	18.0
Parks & Recreation										
Administration	6.0	7.0	4.0	5.5	16.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	11.0	5.0
Facilities Maintenance/Grounds	13.0	11.0	8.0	31.0	24.0	30.0	27.0	13.0	13.0	10.0
Forestry Division	27.6	17.6	17.6	9.0	3.0	7.0	12.0	10.0	3.0	3.0
Golf Division	29.8	27.5	41.0	18.0	27.0	24.0	22.0	25.7	7.0	4.0
Recreation Division	49.4	31.9	26.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
IMA Sports Arena	21.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Public Works & Utilities Administration										
Public Works & Utilities Administration	7.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Building Inspections/Development/Demolition	45.0	0.0	0.0	25.5	25.5	25.3	28.0	27.0	15.0	25.0
Engineering	16.0	14.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	7.5	7.5	8.0	6.0	5.0
Fleet Management	14.0	14.0	12.0	10.0	11.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	9.0	12.0
Street Maintenance	38.4	36.4	35.4	30.0	37.0	35.0	38.0	38.0	36.0	35.0
Traffic Engineering	15.0	16.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	16.0	17.0	18.0	15.0	11.0
Waste Collection/Sanitation	50.0	56.0	57.0	40.0	40.0	41.0	42.0	43.0	37.0	26.0
Transportation-Director/Administration	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	3.0
Utilities Administration	0.0	0.0	4.0	5.0	3.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	5.0	2.0
Sewer Maintenance	31.0	31.0	27.0	27.0	27.0	26.0	31.0	34.0	31.0	31.0
Water Plant	35.0	33.0	27.0	28.0	27.0	27.0	28.0	30.0	27.0	21.0
Water Pollution Control	61.0	66.0	57.0	56.0	54.0	57.0	59.0	60.0	59.0	47.0
Water Service Center	51.0	51.0	43.0	45.0	43.0	45.0	44.0	54.0	54.0	42.0
Total Staffing	1525.8	1226.6	1114.1	1080.7	1065.7	1104.5	1135.3	1190.0	1002.8	767.0

Source: City of Flint Finance Office

Operating Information - Schedule 18 CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

CITT OF FLINT, MICHIG

Operating Indicators

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function / Program	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Election Data (Calendar Year - November Elections)	:									
Registered voters	92,934	89,854	88,490	92,049	91,288	91,637	89,538	92,890	85,441	84,624
Voters (at the polls or absentee)	14,186	28,770	23,529	46,512	13,204	32,243	24,386	48,869	10,397	25,573
Percent voting	15.3%	32.0%	26.6%	50.5%	14.5%	35.2%	27.2%	52.6%	12.2%	30.2%
68th District Court (Calendar Year):										
Number of new court cases	44,868	47,141	47,801	44,071	44,635	47,083	44,276	43,088	44,812	N/A
Police: (Calendar Year thru 2006/Fiscal Year Beginni	ing 2007)									
Physical arrests (fiscal year beg. 2007)	8,870	6,504	6,081	5,541	6,115	5,265	7,451	10,711	4,208	2,870
Traffic violations (fiscal year beg. 2006)	24,062	26,101	25,899	22,907	24,082	18,064	20,316	20,995	15,022	13,105
Investigations (fiscal year beg. 2007)	29,258	26,289	24,887	22,497	22,155	17,478	23,327	25,130	19,736	19,137
Fire (Calendar Year):										
Fire runs	4,482	4,472	4,526	3,944	2,945	2,867	3,154	3,487	3,031	3,191
Emergency medical runs	16,571	16,300	16,752	16,170	*3,751	4,633	3,834	4,233	2,413	3,562
Inspections	N/A	38	66	296	281	223	224	223	239	308
Public Works:										
Miles of streets resurfaced	19.34	18.26	13.36	11.81	18.07	51.39	49.56	33.37	22.79	25.16
Potholes repaired	N/A	935	906	1,348	832	678	715	835	850	725
Refuse Collection:										
Household waste & residential compost - cubic yards	N/A	N/A	102,113	112,801	214,654	133,747	125,624	141,370	109,515	116,852
{A massive City clean-up campaign occurred in 2005}										
Parks and Recreation (Calendar Year):										
Recreation Centers - Senior & Youth Participants	N/A	N/A	N/A	610	683	1,091	1,483	1,407	2,974	5,690
Water:										
Number of customers billed	44,148	46,400	45,600	45,890	43,900	43,278	42,068	39,745	40,191	39,655
Total consumption (ccf)	16,450,108	15,498,367	13,426,910	13,297,217	13,610,901	12,258,619	11,516,460	12,120,350	10,844,801	10,051,098
Average consumption per user (ccf)	373	334	294	290	310	283	274	305	270	253
Wastewater (Calendar Year):										
Average daily sewage treatment - gallons	26,000,000	22,100,000	20,800,000	26,800,000	23,700,000	26,790,000	27,700,000	24,400,000	26,200,000	20,200,000

Sources: Various City Departments - please note that some information is not available (N/A) because these statistics were not tracked/compiled in the past or the records are unavailable.

Notes: Operating Indicators are not available for the general government function.

*The City no longer operated ambulance service beginning in early 2005.

Operating Information - Schedule 19

CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Capital Asset Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Police:											
Stations	1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	1	1
Mini-Stations	7	7	8	9	9	8	8	6	6	6	7
Patrol units	116	116	116	88	88	88	88	105**	193	166	106
Fire:											
Stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5
Fire response vehicles	18	18	17	16	16	16	17	18	18	18	15
Emergency response vehicles	11	11	11	9	7	4	4	3	3	3	5
Public Works:											
City Streets (miles):	505.47	505.47	505.47	509.31	509.33	507.60	508.60	508.60	508.39	508.39	508.39
Major streets	149.12	149.12	149.12	152.96	152.98	152.29	152.29	152.29	152.29	152.29	152.29
Local streets	356.35	356.35	356.35	356.35	356.35	355.31	356.31	356.31	356.10	356.10	356.10
Interstate Highways	10.93	10.93	10.93	10.93	10.93	10.93	10.93	10.93	10.93	10.93	10.93
Sidewalks	986.25	986.25	986.25	986.25	986.25	986.25	986.25	986.25	986.25	986.25	986.25
Streetlights	11,319	11,086	11,154	11,182	11,267	, 73	11,143	,33	,33	11,374	11,356
Traffic Signals/Beacons	275	275	275	274	274	274	275	276	277	277	273.00
Refuse Collection:											
Collection trucks in service	23	25	26	26	22	23	20*	20	20	22	23
Parks and Recreation:											
Acreage	1,836	1,836	1,836	1,836	1,836	1,836	1,836	1,836	1,836	1,836	1,836
Developed parks/playgrounds	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63
Baseball/softball stadiums/diamonds	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Soccer/football/rugby fields	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Community centers	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5
Golf courses	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Water:											
Water mains (miles)	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540	540
Fire hydrants	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200	5,200
Storage capacity (gallons)	57,000,000	57,000,000	57,000,000	57,000,000	57,000,000	57,000,000	57,000,000	57,000,000	57,000,000	57,000,000	57,000,000
Sewer:											
Sanitary sewers (miles)	570	570	570	570	570	570	570	570	570	570	570
Storm sewers (miles)	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350
Treatment capacity (gallons/day)	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000

Source: Various City Departments

* 20 new Peterbilt garbage trucks were purchased by the City of Flint in Fiscal Year 2006 - an advance from the Sewer Fund was used to finance the purchase.

**26 Chevy Tahoes were purchased for the Police Dept. in Fiscal Year 2007 - to increase the fleet and replace vehicles that needed to be taken out of service.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

Flint Employees' Retirement System - Schedule 20 CITY OF FLINT, MICHIGAN

Comparative Schedule - Actuarial Valuations

(\$ amounts expressed in thousands)

	Continuation Indicators												
Valuation Date December 31	Valuatio	on Assets		АРVСРВ	PVCPB Funded Ratio			Ratio of UAPVCPB to APVCPB	Member Payroll		Ratio of UAPVCPB to Payroll		
1970	\$	30,743	\$	42,944	71.6%	\$	12,201	28.4%	\$	24,771	49.3%		
1975		65,805		110,317	59.7%		44,512	40.3%		46,861	95.0%		
1980		137,253		220,412	62.3%		83,159	37.7%		69,971	118.8%		
1985		265,158		359,784	73.7%		94,626	26.3%		92,155	102.7%		
1990		431,974		472,366	91.4%		40,392	8.6%		121,143	33.3%		
1995		619,272		671,095	92.3%		51,823	7.7%		137,808	37.6%		
1996		663,380		736,842	90.0%		73,462	10.0%		133,943	54.8%		
1997		744,457		781,300	95.3%		36,843	4.7%		139,817	26.4%		
1998		806,153		820,142	98.3%		13,989	1.7%		153,425	9.1%		
1999		849,487		837,540	101.4%		(11,947)	-1.4%		165,430	-7.2%		
2000		880,406		887,022	99.3%		6,616	0.7%		160,047	4.1%		
2001		906,960		892,262	101.6%		(14,698)	-1.6%		151,507	-9.7%		
2002		871,274		955,306	91.2%		84,032	8.8%		146,558	57.3%		
2003		822,813		981,884	83.8%		159,071	16.2%		148,997	106.8%		
2004 *		803,420		971,686	82.7%		168,266	17.3%		150,429	111.9%		
2005		784,271		985,338	79.6%		201,067	20.4%		148,319	135.6%		
2006		782,098		1,023,599	76.4%		241,501	23.6%		146,634	164.7%		
2007		801,533		1,071,781	75.0%		270,248	25.2%		157,012	172.1%		
2008		790,384		1,104,888	72.0%		314,504	28.5%		165,730	189.8%		
2009 (after MERS)		670,366		841,266	80.0%		170,900	20.3%		89,636	190.7%		

S-24

APVCPB - actuarial present value of credited projected benefits in accordance with GASB Statement No. 5 prior to 1997.

- actuarial accrued liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 25 beginning in 1997.

UAPVCPB - unfunded actuarial present value of credited projected benefits. Includes 13th check and mortality reserves beginning 2000.

Retirement System was amended in 1969, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1983, 1984, 1987, 1991, 1992, 1995, 1997, 1999, and 2002.

Actuarial assumptions were revised in 1972, 1974, 1986, 2001, 2002, and 2004.

* Beginning with the 2004 Valuation, the reports are issued on a Fiscal Year Basis (7/1-6/30).

Source: June 30, 2008 - 64th Annual Actuarial Valuation Report - Gabriel Roeder Smith & Co.

Major early retirement incentives were offered in 1994, 1995 and 1996.

Seven (7) Hurley Medical Center unions transferred to the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) in 2009. CITY OF FLINT Department of Finance, Room #203 1101 South Saginaw Street Flint, Michigan 48502

(810) 766-7266